THE COMPILER.

A DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

By H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

39TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.: MONDAY, SEPT. 7, 1857. NO. 50.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

☞ *The Republican Compiler* is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1,75 per annum if paid *in advance*—$2,00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

☞ Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. Job Printing done, neatly, cheaply, and with dispatch.

☞ Office in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wampler's Tinning Establishment, one and a half squares from the Court-house, "COMPILER" on the sign.

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☞ $1,75 could be spent in no more profitable manner than by subscribing for the "COMPILER," which will furnish you with all the news of the day, the markets, the marriages and the deaths occurring in the community, with choice selections of literature, poetry, wit and humor, and all that will go to make up a first-rate Family Newspaper. Address the Editor and Proprietor, HENRY J. STAHLE. May 18.

A SMALL FARM,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 10th day of September next,*

A TRACT OF

Valuable Limestone Land,

containing **28 Acres,** more or less, situate in Germany township, Adams county, on the Turnpike leading from Littlestown to Gettysburg, one quarter of a mile from the former place, adjoining lands of James Renshaw, George Myers, and others. The improvements are a good two story BRICK HOUSE, Log Barn, Corn Crib and Wagon Shed, and other out buildings; a never failing well of water at the door, and several never failing springs on the tract; also an Apple Orchard of choice fruit, with other fruit trees.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned Agent, or on Mr. George Gonder, residing thereon. It is one of the most desirable country residences in the county.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH L. SHOEB,
Agent for James E. Shorb.

June 29, 1857. ts

A Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of JOHN HEMLER, Sr., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September next,* the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Moses Scott, Peter O'Neal, Daniel Kohler, and others, about 5 miles from Hanover and 3 from New Oxford, containing 82 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Meadow and Timber-land. The improvements are a Two-story Brick Dwelling HOUSE, Log Barn, and a Stone Spring House, (with a never-failing Spring to it,) and all necessary out-buildings; an Apple and Peach Orchard, with choice fruit of all kinds. The fences are good, mostly chestnut rails. The land is in first rate order, it having been nearly all limed within the last few years. About 10 Acres of good Woodland to the farm.

☞ Persons wishing to view the property, are requested to call on John Hemler, Jr., residing thereon, or on the subscriber, residing in Oxford township.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH J. SMITH,
Executor of John Hemler, Sr., dec'd.

Aug. 3, 1857. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September,* 1857, on the premises, in Latimore township, Adams county, about one mile and a half from Deardorff's mill, and two miles from Petersburg, the following Real Estate, to wit:

A TRACT OF LAND,

containing 120 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Michael Stambaugh, Moses Myers, Jacob Stitzel, and the Latimore creek, which runs through the farm. The improvements are a Two-story Brick Dwelling HOUSE, Tenant House, Log Barn, Smoke House, Wash House, and other out-buildings, with a well of water near the house. About 15 acres are Woodland, the remainder cleared, in a good state of cultivation and under good fencing. There is also on the premises a Saw, Chopping and Clover Mill. The land is well watered, there being a spring in each field. There is also an Orchard of choice fruit trees on the premises.

☞ Persons wishing to view the premises before the day of sale can do so by calling on Nathaniel Stambaugh, who resides on the same.

☞ Sale to commence at 2 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PHILIP STAMBAUGH.

August 17, 1857.

8 Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Butler township will meet at the School-house, in Middletown, *on Wednesday, the 9th day of September next,* for the purpose of employing Teachers for the Winter term. The County Superintendent will be present to examine Teachers.

F. W. KNOUSS, *Sec'y.*

Aug. 24, 1857. td

3 Teachers Wanted.

A MEETING of the School Directors of Oxford District will be held at the Public School-house in New Oxford, *on Saturday, the 12th of September next,* at 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive applications for Teachers of the Public Schools of the District.

By order of the Board,
J. R. HERSH, *Sec'y.*

Aug. 24, 1857. td

Assignee's Sale.

VALUABLE IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY & REAL ESTATE.

On Saturday, the 26th of September next,

THE Subscriber, Assignee under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors, by THOMAS WARREN & WIFE, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, the following valuable property, viz:

No. 1. TWO LOTS OF GROUND, fronting on Railroad street, on which is erected a valuable Iron and Brass Foundry, known as the "*Gettysburg Foundry,*" with all the necessary apparatus, Steam Engine, Flasks, Patterns, Tools, &c. The Foundry is now in running order, and doing a first-rate business.

No. 2. A HALF LOT OF GROUND, on corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, with a new Two-story Brick DWELLING, with Attic and Basement—large two story Brick Back-building and Attic, Stabling, never-failing well of water, &c.—admirably adapted for a Public House.

No. 3. A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING, adjoining No. 2, with Attic, good cellar, back-building, &c.—also new.

No. 4. A LOT OF GROUND, on corner of Chambersburg and West streets, fronting 60 feet on former street and running back to an alley, with a Two-story Plastered DWELLING, Weather-boarded Back-building, a Frame Shop, Stabling, Well of Water, &c.

No. 5. A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining No. 4, fronting 60 feet on Chambersburg street, on which are erected FOUR Three-story Brick DWELLINGS, with Attics. These will be sold together or separately, to suit purchasers.

No. 6. TWO LOTS OF GROUND, adjoining No. 5, each fronting 60 feet on Chambersburg street and running back to an alley, being desirable building lots.

No. 7. HALF LOT OF GROUND, on East Middle street, adjoining properties of Ephraim Hamway and Geo. Swope, on which are erected a good Two-story Frame DWELLING, Back-building, Well of Water, &c.

No. 8. A LOT OF GROUND, on West Middle street, adjoining properties of S. S. McNair and others, fronting 60 feet on Middle street, and running back to an alley.

No. 9. FIVE ACRES OF LAND, more or less, near Pennsylvania College, adjoining lands of R. McCurdy, Eden Devan, and others.

No. 10. THE INTEREST OF THOS. WARREN, (being the undivided two-thirds,) in a TRACT OF LAND, in Freedom township, containing 40 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of S. S. McNair and others, known as "Middle Creek Factory." There are on this property a large Two-story DWELLING, Back building, Stabling, Saw Mill, and other improvements. The water-power is equal to any in the county, and furnishes an admirable site for a Mill or Factory.

☞ The interest of D. Warren, who owns the other third of property No. 10, will be sold at the same time, so that the purchaser will secure an entire title.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL WEAVER, *Assignee.*

Aug. 17, 1857.

Orphan's Court Sale.

BY virtue of an alias Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of PHILIP COB, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September next,* the Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Liberty township, Adams county, three miles west of Emmitsburg, adjoining lands of Hon. James McDevit, Maxwell Shields and others, containing 164 Acres, more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared and in a good state cultivation, and much of the balance is well covered with thriving Chesnut and Rock-oak Timber. Between 40 and 50 acres more could easily be cleared. The improvements are a one-and-a-half story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, a young Orchard of choice fruit, &c. There are two good Springs near the dwelling. The road from McDevit's Mill to Sabillasville passes thro' this property.

☞ Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing thereon. It will be offered undivided or in two parts to suit purchasers.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WM. A. COLL, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*

Aug. 10 1857. ts

Administrator's Notice.

SARAH DEARDORFF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Deardorff, late of Strahan twp., Adams co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FREDERICK DIEHL, *Adm'r.*

Aug. 24, 1857. 6t

Auctioneering.

ANDREW W. FLEMMING, residing in Breckinridge street, near James Pierce's, Gettysburg, offers his services to the public as a *Sale Crier* and *Auctioneer.* His charges are moderate, and he will on all occasions endeavor to render satisfaction. He hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

Aug. 17, 1857.

Black Silk Hats.

FALL and Winter Style, just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S Fashionable Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Store.

THREADS, Pins, Needles, Thimbles, Ladies' and other Combs, Buttons, Hooks and Eyes, Tooth Brushes, Lead Pencils, Matches, cheap at NORBECK'S.

IF you want to buy GOODS CHEAP, call at G. F. ECKENRODE & BRO'S, at Heidlersburg, Adams co.

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Silk and Soft Hats of every description, and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

CHILDREN'S Shoes of every variety and size, at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S successors to W. W. Paxton

☞ BUY your Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, at Bringman & Aughinbaugh's, in Chambersburg street, at the sign of the "BIG BOOT."

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Velises, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

The Muse.

A DILEMMA.

Which is the maiden I love best?
Twenty now are buzzing round me:
Three in their milk-white arms have wounded me
Gently, yet I feel no rest!
One has shower'd her black locks o'er me,
Ten kneel on the ground before me,
Casting forth such beams of blue,
That I'm pierc'd—oh! through and through!
Bacchus! gods! what *can* I do?
Which *must* I love best?

Tell me—(ah, more gently take me,
Sweet one, in thy warm white arms!)
Tell me—which will ne'er forsake me
Through all life's ills and harms?
Is it *she,* whose blood's retreating
From that forehead crowned with pride?
Is it *she,* whose pulse is beating
Full against my unarm'd side?
What do all these things betide?
Strong my doubts grow—strong—and stronger:
Quick! give answer to my call!
If ye pause a moment longer,
I shall love ye—ALL!

Miscellaneous.

The Capitol Extension.

The enlargement of the Capitol at Washington is progressing to completion as rapidly as the nature of the work will admit. The *Union* of Thursday last informs us that the Southern wing is in a more advanced state than the Northern. The new Hall of the House of Representatives occupies the centre of the South wing. The scaffolding has just been taken down, and the ceiling presents a rich and gorgeous appearance, surpassing in finish any in this country. The hall is rectangular, one hundred and thirty-nine feet long from east to west, ninety-three feet wide, and about thirty-six feet high. It will be lighted by sky-lights in the ceiling and a glass roof, and at night by large chandeliers suspended between the ceiling and the roof. The Speaker's chair will be situated on the south side of the Hall, and the members' seats, three hundred in number, arranged in a semi-circular form fronting it. There will be a continuous gallery on three sides of the hall—the north, east and west—capable of seating twelve hundred persons, and a separate gallery for reporters, behind the Speaker's chair. The walls of the hall, under the galleries, will contain panels for paintings, and, above, niches for statuary. The hall itself will be nearly surrounded by a corridor, affording convenient communication with the post-office, the retiring rooms, and the committee rooms. The public galleries will be entered from a corridor surrounding them in the second story, which will be reached by a splendid stairway. Workmen are now employed in preparing the floor for the seats of the members, in putting up the galleries, and in covering the walls with an ornamental finish of cast iron.

The new Senate chamber is situated in the centre of the north wing of the Capitol, and is constructed on a similar plan with that of the Hall of the House of Representatives, only smaller, being one hundred and twelve feet long by eighty-two wide. This leaves more room in the building for corridors and other apartments. The Senate retiring-room, situated in the north front of the wing, is to be a magnificent apartment. It will be thirty-eight feet in length by twenty-one and a half in height. The ceiling is to be of pure white Italian marble, and is to be supported by polished Corinthian columns and pilasters of the same material, with richly carved capitals. The walls are to be of the richest Tennessee marble, set with large plate-glass mirrors, and at each end of the room are to be niches filled with statuary. The other rooms of the north and east sides of this wing are designed for private reception-rooms for the Senators.

The completion of this improvement of the Capitol will be a source of pride to every American, illustrating as it does the advancement of our country in population, wealth, power, and all the elements which constitute a mighty nation.

Genius.—Intellect can't bear fashionable refinement, and dies under it in one or two generations. "If you would select a youth who is likely to make his mark in the world take one who is carting mud in a clam shell wagon, or building houses in the sand—and not the delicate boy who is fondling a china lap dog on the parlor carpet. Daniel Webster's father made a cradle for little Dan out of a pine log with an axe and auger; and Lewis Cass was rocked by his staid New Hampshire mother in a second hand sugar trough. The greatest architects for the manufacture of genius are Poverty and Democracy.

☞ At a festival which came off in Niagara county, a boy who did not get a fair chance at the eatables, said some of the voracious visitors had been starving themselves so long in anticipation of the feast, that they were hollow all the way down, and he could hear the first "mouthful they swallowed strike on the bottom of their boots!"

☞ Cromwell did not wait to strike until the iron was hot, *but made it hot by striking.*

☞ If you do good, forget it; if evil, remember and repent of it.

Long Speeches.

When written or extempore, are rarely either pleasant or profitable. It is daring for an orator to exceed 50 minutes, and yet many a public speaker, who would not like to be thought impudent, pushes on through an hour and a half with as much assurance as if he were Cicero himself. These egotistical fellows seem never to imagine that anybody can weary of their 'sweet voices,' and so terebate away, regardless of the fact that five hundred people are cheated out of their dinners, or their beds, or the eloquence of the next man in the programme of the day, who would have made a good speech, perhaps, if there had been time for any speech at all, after the everlasting prelective *de omnibus rebus et quibusdam aliis* by the Rev. Dr. Prosy or the Hon. Mr. Infinite.—Prolixity is the crying sin of American oratory; and diffuseness of style and paucity of ideas are simply matters of course, and evils necessarily incident to the cardinal vice. To sufferers from long speeches it is some consolation to know that the long-winded orator punishes himself as well as his audience; and turns the best success of forty minutes into a signal failure by the added twenty-five. Verdict: "Serves him right."

This is the very sensible opinion of the editor of the Boston Post upon a subject that has more or less interest for every person who attends public meetings of any kind. Our friend of the Post is probably a believer in the doctrine of the old Jersey farmer, who complimented Commodore Stockton, at the close of one of his most elaborate stump-speeches, in the campaign of 1852, by telling him that what *he* liked, was "*short* speeches and *long drinks!*"—As the Commodore's speech had been a very long one, he did not feel very highly flattered with the remark of the blunt old farmer; but he endeavored to repair his mistake by standing treat to the crowd.

An Extraordinary Family.

A traveller through Wetzel county, Va., observed that in almost every precinct there lived three or four families by the name of Morris, and having some anxiety to learn the extent of the family, made inquiry and was directed to the mother of the whole tribe for information, having been previously told that she lived, though upwards of ninety-four years of age. He interrogated the good old lady politely and gently, and succeeded in ascertaining that she was the mother of twenty-five children, 21 sons and 4 daughters. She has 121 grand children, 118 great grand children, and 1 great great grand child, all (with the exception of five dead, 2 girls and three boys) now living in the one neighborhood. One of her sons has 16 children, one 12, and another 11. One of the girls is the mother of twelve children, and another the mother of 13; all the rest of them produced between five and seven. One of the sons, who is now quite an old man, lives within seven miles of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but never saw a railroad track until a few days ago.

The father, grandfather, and great-grandfather of this whole kingdom of Morrises, died at the age of 77, twenty-one years ago. The twenty-five sons and daughters all lived to be grown up men and women. We venture to assert that this universal family stands without a parallel, in point of fruitfulness.—The old lady was sorry to say that two of the girls were never married, and three of the boys were similarly unfortunate. They are represented to be quiet, inoffensive people, entirely free from the small vices which usually beset humanity; there are no drunkards in the family, and few of them make use of profane language. Their conduct and course of life is invariably characterized by honesty, uprightness and strict integrity. We challenge the world to produce another such family as the Morrises.—*Wheeling (Va.) paper.*

The Hang of It.—Old Judge S., a considerable farmer of F—— county, Vermont, bought a new scythe for his son Jim, and set him to work in the meadow, with the rest of the hay-makers. "It don't work right," said Jim to the honored "parient" after cutting a clip or two. "What is the matter with it?" inquired the Judge. "It don't hang right on the snath," said Jim, stopping to adjust the scythe anew. Scythes often plague the mowers in this way, at first; and Jim's scythe was particularly obstinate. So the old gentleman tinkered over and over again. "It don't hang any better," said Jim, plaintively. "Then hang it to suit yourself," said the Judge. "So I will," said Jim—and *hanging the scythe on a tree,* he lazily retired from the field. The "parient" was "slightually" astonished, but he "let him went."

Consolation.—A passenger on board a ship bound for California, who had been sea-sick all the way out to the line, one day went to the doctor, and in a sad, supplicating tone, accosted him with, "Doctor, can you tell me what I shall be good for when I get to San Francisco, if I keep on this way?"

"Tell you, to be sure I can. You're just the man to begin a grave yard with."

☞ It won't do for a man to bump his head against an iron pot, even with a brick in his hat, unless he conscientiously believes that his head is the hardest.

☞ One to-day is worth two to-morrows.

☞ A project is on foot to tunnel the Hudson river at Albany.

A Good Dog Story.

Here is a good story: About ten o'clock on Thursday night, the attention of a family in our city, was attracted by the strange movements of their Newfoundland dog. He whined piteously, and several times caught hold of the leg of his owner's pantaloons and attempted to pull him out into the yard. The dog would then let go his hold, run out and then return again. This was done several times, and finally the owner went into the yard, when the dog, evidently delighted, commenced pawing the ground at the gateway, and made sundry other demonstrations that showed that something very extraordinary had happened. Presently the gateway was opened and a bundle was immediately picked up by the animal and carried in the house, and put at the feet of one the family. The dog, although he had fulfilled his mission, laid himself down and watched the movements and further developments yet to be made. On opening the bundle, it was found to contain a live male baby apparently a week old. Should not like to own that dog.

A Dead Nigger.

When the Cholera was at its worst in 1849 in New Orleans, an old negro who had weathered the yellow fever many times at length got frightened at the havoc which the new disease was making among all classes. His master one night heard him praying to the 'angel of the Lord,' by the light of a tallow candle, "to spare him dis time den take him to glory." But he concluded his prayer by professing perfect submission to the will of "the angel of the Lord," even should he be called for to go immediately on his long journey. Sambo's master determined to test the sincerity of this last profession. He knocked loudly and distinctly at his door.

"Who dar?" asked Sambo.

"The angel of the Lord," was answered.

"What you want?"

"I have called for Sambo."

The master heard the candle suddenly extinguished with a whoof, and Sambo energetically answered.

"He not here! dat nigger has been dead dis three weeks."

A Ship in Love.

"Talking of conundrums," said old Hurricane, stretching himself all over Social Hall, and sending out one of those mighty puffs of Havana smoke which had given him his name. "Can any one tell me when a ship may be said to be in love."

"I can tell—I can," snapped out Little Turtle. "It's when she wants to be manned."

"Just missed it," quoth old Hurricane—"by a mile. Try again. Who speaks first?"

"I do," secondly answered Lemons. "It's when she wants a mate."

"Not correct," replies Hurricane.—"The question is still open."

"When she's a ship of great size," (sighs,) modestly responded Smoothly.

"When she's *tender to a man of war,*" said the Colonel, regarding the reflection of his face in his boot.

"Everything but correct," responded Hurricane.

"When's she's struck back by a heavy swell," suggested Starlight.

"Not as yet," said Hurricane.—"Come, hurry along."

"When she *makes much of a fast sailor,*" cried Smashpipes.

Here there was a great groan, and Smashpipes was thrown out of the window. When peace was restored, old Hurricane "propelled" again.

"You might have said, 'when she hugs the wind,' or, 'when she runs down after a smack,' or, 'when she's after a consort,' or something of that sort. But it wouldn't have been right. The right solution is when she attached to a *buoy.*"

A Very Pretty Sentiment—(for which we expect no end of pretty presents.)—Between a Man's Love and a Woman's Love, there is all the difference between lending and giving. With woman, love is a gift—with man it is only a loan. The loan is for the moment, or for the particular premium, or, it may be for six months, or, perhaps, as long as six years; but with woman, the gift is one that lasts all her life.

Jenny Lind.—Mr. Otto Goldschmidt, the husband of Jenny Lind, is at present in England, making arrangements for the removal thither of his family, which is passing the summer at the village of Oberlessnitz, near Dresden, and has recently been increased by the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Lind Goldschmidt's voice, it is said, has neither lost in quantity nor in quality, and she would not refuse the offer of another musical tour through the United States.

☞ A newly arrived John Chinaman in Chasta, California, purchased some ice recently, and finding it very wet laid it out to *dry in the sun.* On going to look for it again he found that it had disappeared, and forthwith accused the whole Chinese neighborhood of larceny. A general row was the consequence.

An Irish Will.—I leave and bequeath to my beloved wife Bridget, the whole of my property, real, personal and mixed. One half of the remainder to my oldest son Patrick, the balance to my youngest son Dennis, the blackguard; and should there be anything left, it goes to Terrance McCarty.

☞ Willis calls the nether limbs of ladies "suppositions." Yes, they are *supposed* to be "there or thereabouts."

☞ Dead—Eugene Sue.

A Crushing Exposure.

A speechmaker, in the western part of Virginia, during a Presidential canvass, has given us the following anecdote. He was holding forth upon the merits of Gen. Harrison, and especially upon his courage, tact, and success as a military commander. While in the midst of his discourse, a tall, guant man—who was probably a school-master in those parts—arose from the crowd, and said, in a voice which penetrated the whole assembly, "Mister! Mister! I want to ax you a question." To this the orator assented, and the man went on as follows: "Wo are told, fellow-citizens, that Gineral Harrison is a mighty great gineral; but I say he's one of the very meanest sort of gineralls. We are told here to-night, that he defended himself bravely at Fort Meigs, but I tell you that, on that occasion, he was guilty of the *Small Tail Movement,* and I challenge the orator here present to deny it!" The speaker declared his utter ignorance of what the intruder meant by "Small Tail Movement." "I'll tell you," said the man; "I've got it here in black and white. Here is Grimshaw's History of the United States," holding up the book, "and I'll read what it says:—'At this critical moment, Gen. Harrison executed a *novel* movement!' Does the gentleman deny that?" "No, go on."—"Well, he executed a *novel* movement. Now, here's Johnson's Dictionary," taking the book out of his pocket and holding it up, "and here it says;—'Novel—*a small tale!*' And this was the kind of movement Gen. Harrison was guilty of. Now, I'm no soger, and don't know much of milentary tictacks—but this I do say, a man who, in the face of an enemy, is guilty of a *Small Tail Movement,* is not fit to be President of the United States, and he shin't get my vote!" The relator of the anecdote says that it was quite impossible for him to overcome the effect of this speach, and we are left to conclude that the vote of that vicinity was given to Van Buren.—*Recollections of a Lifetime. By S. G. Goodrich (Peter Parley.)*

It Runs in the Family.

A correspondent of the *New York Tribune* makes the following disclosures relative to the family of Mrs. Cunningham:

This attempt to impose a spurious child upon the public, and thus obtain possession of the estate of Burdell, although very clumsily performed, is characteristic of the family to which Mrs. Cunningham belongs. Her oldest sister, now deceased, practiced a trick of the same description and for a similar purpose, about thirty years ago. I speak of a matter touching which I was fully informed at the time, and the circumstances being of a nature calculated to make a deep impression on the mind, are yet fresh in my recollection. It was in the year 1827, I think, that Sarah Hompstead, of Brooklyn, entrapped an unlucky Bermudian, then a resident of Middletown, Connecticut, into matrimony. She was a showy, dashing girl, of a tidy figure, fair manners, and an invincible propensity of intrigue—just the person to bamboozle the simple-minded islander, who had been bred to the sea, and had only a sailor's knowledge of the sex. He carried her to Middletown, whither she was accompanied by a younger sister, called Anne, the same exemplary female, I presume, who testified with such simplicity and candor in the recent Cunningham case, under the name of Ann Barns. Those women were kindly received by the friends of Sarah's husband, who were respectable and influential people, and through their means found their way into a social circle, distinguished for its cultivation and refinement. But I must reserve for another letter a narrative of the manner in which Sarah freed herself from her husband, and swindled his lawful heirs of his property. Meanwhile I will inform you that the trick undertaken by Mrs. Cunningham was successfully performed by her sister, and that another sister aided and assisted in the fraud, her own illegitimate offspring being represented as Sarah's child by her deceased husband.

☞ Brown is a married man. A few days since he thought of taking a trip to Paris. One of his friends meeting him in the street inquired:

"Well, Brown, my boy, when are you off?"

"To-morrow."

"Don't take your wife with you?"

"Not it is a my age of pleasure."

☞ "If a man steals my umbrella," says Hunker, "it's no use makin' a fuss, it only shows *that umbrella equilibrium has been broken.* Now, if I take one from some one else, *that restores the equipoise,*—there is really no umbrella *lost;* an umbrella is only *lost* when it is *used up.*"

☞ A Western paper offers to write "Mr." before, or "Esq." after, the names of such of its subscribers, in directing their papers to them, as will pay twenty-five cents extra, or, add both of said "handles" for fifty cents extra. Cheap enough for a luxury.

Thunder and Sunshine.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* states that a terrific clap of thunder, at about half-past five on Sunday afternoon, startled the city out of its propriety. The sun was shining brightly at the time, and not a cloud marred the clear azure of the sky. Its lengthened rumbling roll was like the growling under-working of an earthquake.

☞ Never accuse others to excuse yourself.

Drilling vs. Broadcasting.

Having noticed a number of different opinions in regard to drilling and broadcasting, I am willing to give my experience on this subject. I purchased in company with a neighbor, a drill, (J. P. Ross' patent.) In the spring of 1855, the first sowing was a piece of spring wheat. Not knowing anything about the drilling system, I sowed part with the drill and part broadcast in the same field and on the same day. That put in with a drill was more than a quarter better than that sown broadcast, both in straw and grain. I tried my oats in the same manner; they were also better where they were drilled. I have sowed all my grain since with the drill, being satisfied that it is the only proper method of puting grain into the ground.—My neighbor, in sowing his buckwheat, had part sown with the drill and part broadcast, and when harvested the drilled was about half better; it was all well filled, while the broadcast was hardly filled—both put in the same day and in the same field.

I think it is better on other accounts than broadcasting. It saves a quarter of the seed; besides it cultivates the land, and leaves it in good condition for the crops, better than can be done with the harrow. The grain is all put in at an even depth in the soil, and I am satisfied that it is a paying machine.

I also have a thresher and master; and I think they are good machines; but my drill pays me the most of any. It takes less time and seed and betters the crop, and in dry seasons they are indispensable. Knowing what I do about the drill, I think farmers cannot afford to sow broadcast if they can obtain a drill. I would like to have others give their experience on the same subject.

SARATOGA FARMER.

☞ "Do you think you are fit to die?" asked a mother of her neglected child.

"I dont know," said the little girl, taking hold of her dirty dress with her dirty fingers and inspecting it—"I guess so, if I ain't too dirty!"

The Duty of the Democratic Party.

It is in the power of the Democratic party to give lasting permanence and efficacy to her great triumph of last November, and it is her solemn and imperative duty to do so. When the pure, able and sagacious statesman, James Buchanan, was elected over the sectional adventurer, John C. Fremont, it was a glorious triumph of the Union and the Constitution over a sectional fanaticism, whose success would have been the death-knell to both, and would have buried their hopes beneath their own ruins forever. When that fearful struggle was over, and it was known that the national party—the Democracy—had triumphed, a sense of relief and gratitude was felt in every Democratic breast throughout the Union. All felt that the great crisis was past, and that our confederated existence was again secure for a time. All seemed to realize the mighty consequences that were involved in the contest through which they had just passed, and we presume that every Democrat in the nation vowed in his own heart that he would never again grow cold or indifferent in regard to the importance of preserving the Union and the Constitution, or become lax in the full discharge of every duty to that great party to which he individually, and the whole country, owed so much. This vow, too, we have no doubt, was made in good faith, and with a full determination that it should never be violated. How is it with us to-day? If we feel the same ardor—the same sleepless anxiety for the party's success—the same willingness to forget and forgive personal and private differences—the same determination to vote the whole Democratic ticket, regardless of our likes and dislikes—all for the sake of the public good, and the protection of our State and nation from the hands of those who would sacrifice their stability, to sectionalism, or barter their interests to mammoth corporations, we may feel confident that we are still laboring in the good cause, and that another triumph, equally signal, if less important to that of 1856, awaits us in October next.

Every Democrat ought to act and act as if the whole success of the party depended upon his own vote—that unless he voted for the whole ticket it would be defeated, and therefore the *principles* of the party sacrificed to the opposition. No Democrat should excuse himself from voting for this or that candidate on the plea that there will be plenty of votes without his to elect him. If there should be a candidate on the ticket that you do not personally like, do not throw him aside on the ground that your vote would only count one, and therefore it is of no consequence. Reflect that you are not voting for men, but for *principles*—you are not deciding whether you prefer Mr. A. or Mr. B. for this or that office, but you are saying simply that you want to see the Democratic party triumphant, because you believe its principles are right, and its success necessary to promote the public [illegible] *Waynesboro Herald.*

The Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Sept. 7, 1857.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM F. PACKER, of Lycoming.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NIMROD STRICKLAND, of Chester.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM STRONG, of Berks,
JAMES THOMPSON, of Erie.

Delegate Elections and County Convention.

☞At a meeting of the Democratic Standing Committee of Adams county, held at the house of H. D. Wattles, in Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 5th of August, 1857, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, That the supporters of Democracy in Adams county be, and they are hereby, requested to meet at their usual places of holding Borough and Township meetings, on SATURDAY THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER INSTANT, and elect two Delegates from each Borough and Township whose duty it shall be to meet in County Convention, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY FOLLOWING, the 21st, for the purpose of nominating a Ticket to be supported by the friends of Equal Rights, the Union and the Constitution, at the fall election, and selecting a Delegate to the next Democratic State Convention. The Delegate elections to be held between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., except in the Borough of Gettysburg, where it will be held between 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

H. J. STAHLE, Chair'n.

☞A grand Democratic Mass Meeting is to be held in Independence Square, Philadelphia, on Thursday night next. Many eminent speakers are expected to be present, among whom are STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS and Hon. WM. F. PACKER.

The Missouri Election.—The official report shows that Col. STEWART, the Democratic candidate for Governor, of Missouri, is elected by 334 majority.—The official vote stands: For STEWART, 47,975; for ROLLINS, 47,641. In announcing the election of Col. STEWART, the St. Louis *Leader* of the 27th, says:—"The Democratic party has beaten the coalition, and remains on the field, a clearly ascertained MAJORITY of the whole people of Missouri."

☞Accounts from Kansas represent the Territory as generally quiet, and that the free State men are becoming excited among themselves. They are divided in opinion as to their future policy; the conservative portion being in favor of dropping the free State organization, adopting Gov. Walker's policy, and going into the October election for members of the Legislature and Delegate to Congress. They had held a convention, and passed resolutions to that effect. Those opposed to this policy, however, were to hold a general convention to decide finally upon the question of going into the election, and to define the general line of policy which they will pursue.

☞One of our exchanges justly remarks that those who fail to read the advertisements in a newspaper, often lose much more than they imagine.—Advertisements are printed to be read just as much as any other item of news, and it is just as essential to read them. There is not an advertisement printed that is not of importance to some one. Nothing speaks more clearly of a man's prosperity in business, than the manner in which he advertises.

☞A Montour Know Nothing paper feels it slippery walking with 'darkey' soled shoes over Hindoo ground, and says, in despair, "from present indications, there is no prospect of defeating Packer." Right—for once! Packer's bound to win,—certain—sure!

"In Berks, Lehigh, and other German counties, it is stated that Wilmot's prospects are very flattering."—*Doylestown Intel.*

☞The prospects of Know Nothing and Black Republican candidates are always very flattering before elections, but after, they turn out to be dissolving views. This time one year ago, the prospects of a certain enterprising young man, named John C. Fremont, were very flattering, and he was certain of being the next President, much more so than Wilmot now is of being the next Governor.

☞The State of Maine newspaper announces the resignation of Judge Carter, of the Supreme Court, to take effect on the first of October.

☞The net amount in the Treasury of the United States, at this time, subject to draft, is $10,500,000.

England's Asiatic Affairs.

The new complication and probable rupture of the *entente cordiale* between St. James and St. Cloud, arising from the suspension of French diplomatic relations with Turkey on matters pertaining to the ten Principalities, look ominous. Great Britain is assuredly on the brink of an imminent danger.—Should "France fall off," at the very time when the Persian Shah refuses to abide by the terms of his treaty and evacuate Herat; when the Indian mutiny is raging furiously and the Sepoys faithless, and when all her available army will be wanted in China, it will tax the sagacity of Palmerston to the utmost to avoid a dilemma. From Constantinople to the spicy isles of the orient, belting the entire continent of Asia, a chain of involvements seems to be forming around British interests, designs and possessions; but whether they can drag Palmerston down or he can find some way to cut the Gordian knot, remains yet to be seen. The traces of Russian craft and French policy are evident to the careful observer, and it is not out of the range of probability that the bear and the cock may yet unite against the lion, to tear away some of the spoils; and Prussia will not be idle should any division be proposed.

The breaking out of a new war in Turkey would most seriously embarrass England; she would be unable to effect anything, or retain any of her prestige by force, and, therefore, her lion's skin being too short, she would have to eke it out with the fox's after the manner of Richelieu. But whether in that game of finesse, she could compete with her great rivals, and stock the cards in the rubber of all fours between the Courts of London, Paris, St. Petersburg and Berlin, is more than doubtful. It looks as if the French Emperor and the Russian Czar had caught the British Cabinet in the toils, with serious affairs to disturb them, immediate succors and heavy munitions required, and all their available troops already pre-occupied, while constant calls are making for more. If this has been the pre-conceived plan to teach England her vulnerable point and show her weakness, unless leaning on the arm and resources of Louis Napoleon, the crisis has been shrewdly chosen, and the domestic conference at the Isle of Wight between Victoria and the French Emperor may be "productive of results," as the Delphic oracles of modern diplomacy use the phrase. From our neutral stand point the entanglement has become interesting, and we shall watch the issue with more of curiosity than sympathy with any of the parties.

Not So!

☞The *York Gazette* says: We see it stated, by one of the opposition prints, that Gen. Packer, in his speech, in the Court-house on Monday evening of last week, applied the term "abolitionist" to David Wilmot. This is a mistake. Gen. Packer, as will be testified by the hundreds who heard him, did no such thing. We ourselves heard the remarks of Gen. P.—we listened attentively—and the only mention of Wilmot we heard was when his name was necessarily introduced in connexion with his action in Congress upon questions affecting the Missouri Compromise, Wilmot Proviso, &c. On these questions Wilmot acted with the avowed abolitionists in Congress. That he uttered one word of abuse of the great embodiment of Black Republicanism, no truthful man of his large audience will assert.

Wilmot in Philadelphia.

Judge WILMOT commenced his stumping process at Philadelphia on Monday evening week. The Daily *News* says he spoke just two hours—one hour and forty-seven minutes being devoted to the subject of slavery, two minutes to Know Nothingism, one minute to something else, and ten more to slavery! The *News* adds that the hall in which he spoke was pretty well filled at the commencement of his speech, but that when he concluded all but about one fourth of the audience had left.

The *Press* publishes a synopsis of the speech, corroborating the statement of the *News* as to its character. Judge WILMOT is a weak man, an earnest speaker but a hobbyist. He cannot embrace several subjects in a speech.—If elected Governor, his administration would in like manner be devoted to a single purpose. That purpose would be the agitation of the Slavery question, and our people would thus be kept in a continual ferment about it, while all their legitimate business would be neglected and the revenues of the State squandered. But there is not the slightest danger of his election. Even in the speech we refer to, WILMOT spoke of the Democracy as "the dominant party," and seemed to have no hope of an election himself.—*Clinton Democrat.*

☞Hundreds of men who voted for Fremont last year will rally to the standard of the three P's—"Packer, Pennsylvania, and Peace."

☞The mail train from Dayton to Sandusky, on the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad, ran off the track, near Castilla, 14 miles from Sandusky, on Tuesday, and the engine and baggage car went over the embankment. Henry Ross, the baggage master, David Casper, the train boy, and Mr. Kunkle, the editor of a Sandusky paper, were instantly killed. Two or three others were injured.

The Coming Contest.

Never, perhaps, have the people of Pennsylvania been called upon to participate in an election fraught with so much importance as the one now before us. The issue involved is plain—Freedom or Slavery.—*N. N. paper.*

We were not disposed to underrate the importance of the approaching political contest, but really we never supposed it could possibly outrank in magnitude all previous campaigns. That great and important discovery was reserved for one of our freedom shrieking opponents. Now that it has been announced to us and to the world, we can but wonder at our blindness—especially as "the issue involved is plain," and that issue nothing short of "Freedom or Slavery." Although a new light has dawned upon us, we must acknowledge that we are even yet a little in the dark. "Freedom or Slavery" involved in the contest before us—a contest for State officers exclusively, and in a Free State to boot. Wonder of wonders! What *does* it mean? Are we all going to be kidnapped? Won't somebody inform us, so that we may have time to hide ourselves among "the limbs of the highermost trees!"

If, says the *Valley Spirit*, the issue is "Freedom or Slavery," it must be Freedom or Slavery *in Pennsylvania*. Freedom prevails in Pennsylvania—who proposes to introduce Slavery? Not Gen. Packer, nor William Strong, nor James Thompson, nor Nimrod Strickland, nor the Democratic party, whose candidates they are. Does David Wilmot intend to bring "the curse of Slavery" upon us? Does he design to subvert our Freedom and reduce us to Slavery? He does some strange things, but this would be the strangest of all. If the issue really is "Freedom or Slavery," as the Know Nothing paper asserts, Mr. Wilmot must entertain some horrible design which he has not yet disclosed to the public. Our safety lies in preventing him from reaching a position in which he can do harm to our cherished Freedom. If we put him in the Governor's chair, with a Legislature of his own stripe to back him, we may all be sold "in pursuance of an Act of Assembly" before we are well aware of it. We would have been badly "sold" by the late Legislature, if the Supreme Court had not come to our rescue. We certainly will be very badly *sold* if we elect Wilmot.

☞A Mr. Bunker of Buffalo, it is said, has invented a life preserving shirt, as well as a vest, to be worn by those who travel our inland lakes and rivers, and who go out upon the "great deep" in ships. In the present prevailing fashions for ladies, with their tremendous hooped skirts, the Erie Observer wonders that his genius did not take a *wider* flight, and include them also. If hoops could only be made life preservers, they would in case of accident save the lives of multitudes of the sex who wear them: by holding to an "apron string" or crinoline, thousands of the sterner sex might be rescued from a watery grave. We suggest to Mr. Bunker the idea of *extending* his invention.

☞COMMODORE CASSIN, who died at Georgetown on Saturday week, was upwards of 70 years of age. He had been in the naval service fifty-seven years.—He entered in 1800, and was on the retired list at the time of his death. He commanded the Ticonderoga, under Commodore McDonough, on Lake Champlain, 1814. He entered the navy when a boy, and under Perry, at the naval battle on Lake Erie, where he distinguished himself and was promoted. He was a terror to the pirates who invested the Atlantic Ocean, and on the 28th and 29th of September, 1822, he captured five piratical vessels.

Free Negroes Purchased by a Slave.—A few days ago several free negroes were put up at auction in Norfolk county, Va., and sold to labor for a term sufficient to liquidate their taxes. Singular, to relate, four of them were purchased by a slave in Portsmouth, who felt quite proud of the distinction, and made known his determination to get the full value of his money out of them, or know the reason why.

☞We note in the New York *Tribune* an advertisement of a lady for a husband. "None need apply under six feet!" Our devil thinks that woman is strongly desirous of *by*-men, and offers to bet all he is worth, and more too, that she is not over 4 feet 6 in hight herself.

Borrowing Southern Customs.—How does it come that Mr. Wilmot and his backers, who are so studiously decry everything pertaining to the South, propose to inaugurate in Pennsylvania the Southern system of "stumping?" We hope they won't undertake to introduce Slavery next.

A Snug Little Fee.—The Fort Smith (Ark.) Herald learns that the Creek Council, at its recent session, allowed Albert Pike $130,000 for his services in prosecuting their claim.

☞The interest of Hezekiah Easton in the Chambersburg Repository and Transcript, being the two-thirds, was sold by the Sheriff on Saturday week, for $8,250.

☞Gov. Stevens, Democrat, has been elected delegate to Congress from Washington Territory by a handsome majority.

☞Dr. Dick, the celebrated author, is dead.

The Testimony of a "Republican."

Hon. A. Stewart, of Ohio, formerly a Democrat, was elected to Congress, as an opponent of the Nebraska Act, and has ever since the election, acted with the Black Republican party.—He has recently made a tour of Kansas and in a late number of the Steubenville, Ohio, *Union*, he gives an account of what he saw and heard whilst in the society of some of the misnamed "Free State" leaders, Robinson, Lane and others. He says of these shameless charlatans that

"They avowed their intention of voting down the Constitution, whether good or bad; saying that they had a majority, and would make a constitution in their own time, and such a one as they wanted. To a suggestion that it would be of vast interest to the prosperity of the Territory to have political matters settled immediately and finally, the reply was that such a settlement would build up the 'd—d Democratic' party, which they desired to see crushed to atoms."

"I withdrew more than ever convinced that the Free State leaders do not desire to see peace or fraternal feeling prevail among the people. Their object is to keep Kansas 'bleeding' for the purpose of furnishing Black Republican electioneering capital in the States. Looking over the whole field, and after mixing with the people of the Territory for near a month, such a conclusion forces itself upon me irresistibly."

Now this is the testimony of a member of the Black Republican party, and of course, his political brethren cannot and dare not deny the correctness of his statements. They were wont to grow wrathful, indeed, when Democrats doubted the truthfulness of the reports relative to Kansas published in the *New York Tribune*; we hope, therefore, that they will be as credulous as ever, and believe, with their usual faith, the narrative of Stewart, their fellow Niggerite.—If the minions of Greeley were to be believed last fall, (and the friends of Fremont insisted that every word they published was true) then, most assuredly, are the statements of a Black Republican member of Congress, thrice worty of belief. If the *Tribune's* stories concerning "Bleeding Kansas" were worthy of credit, then must the dupes of Black Republicanism also believe their brother, Stewart, when he says, "THE OBJECT OF THE FREE STATE LEADERS IS TO KEEP KANSAS 'BLEEDING' FOR THE PURPOSE OF FURNISHING BLACK REPUBLICAN ELECTIONEERING CAPITAL IN THE STATES."—*Bedford Gazette.*

To Be Exposed.

Mr. Swoope, Chairman of the "Straight-out" State Committee, in a speech before the Hazelhurst meeting, in Philadelphia, a few evenings since, made mention of a matter which caused considerable consternation among the corrupt hirelings of the Republican press. He said that he "had evidence to prove that during the Presidential contest last fall, certain Know Nothing journals, some of which suddenly changed from Fillmore to Fremont, and others professing still to be for Fillmore but urged Fusion, were paid for pursuing the course they did, and further, that he meant to make public the facts, at his own convenient time, and show who were the men who were thus bribed."—The *News* says that a clap of thunder and lightning on a cloudless day could not have caused a greater fright to the Wilmot men.—We hope Mr. Swoope will make good his words, and expose the Know Nothing and "neutral" editors who were bought with money to espouse the cause of Fremont. We always felt satisfied that a "corruption fund" had affected the views of certain editors. We hope (with the Volunteer) now to see the names of these editors made public.

☞Did any of our delinquent subscribers—for we have some—ever think of this:—

"What would you think of a farmer who had raised a thousand bushels of wheat, and who should sell it to a thousand different persons scattered all over the State, and agree to wait a year for his pay from each of them, and if one-half of them did not pay at the end of the year, he should give them another bushel of wheat, and agree to wait another year for his pay, and thus go on year after year? How long would such a farmer escape bankruptcy?—probably not very much longer than publishers of newspapers who follow such practices. It costs the editor of a weekly paper as much to supply a thousand subscribers with it for one year as it costs a farmer to raise a thousand bushels of wheat.—The farmer sells his grain in bulk.—Newspapers are sold to a thousand different persons living in different towns in the county, and different counties in the State, and he must wait until the end of the year before he can get his payment, and then he depends wholly upon the honesty and responsibility of the subscriber, for it is impossible that he should know the character of all his subscribers. It will not pay him to go around or send around the county or State to collect his dues. It would cost more than the collections would come to."

☞The testimonial gotten up by the merchants of New York, and which it was intended to have presented to the late Wm. L. Marcy, has just been completed. It consists of a magnificent dinner and tea set of silver, and includes every article that goes to furnish a table. Even the dish covers are of silver, and the salver is one of the largest and costliest ever made in this country.—The whole set will cost $7,000. It will be presented to the family of Mr. Marcy.

☞A few more Wall street failures last week, but confidence is now being gradually restored.

The Tonnage Tax.

There appears to be but one sentiment among the Democracy of the State on this subject, and that is very decidedly *against repeal*. In every county in which the question has been brought up in County Meeting or Convention, resolutions against repeal have been adopted with great unanimity. In fact the party may be said to be a unit on this point, throughout the State. To repeal the Tonnage Tax on the Central Railroad would be to increase the tax upon the people generally.

The Democracy of Schuylkill county thus expressed themselves at their recent County Convention:

Resolved, That, in our opinion any measure tending toward a repeal of the tonnage tax would be detrimental to the interest of the State—that we regret the course pursued by our representatives in the last Legislature upon the bill for the sale of the Main Line, and hereby instruct our nominees for the next Legislature to use all the means in their power to defeat any bill which has for its object the repeal of the tonnage tax.

The Democrats of Northampton, unanimously adopted the following, in County Meeting:

Resolved, That the record upon our statute books of the passage of the bill, with all its enormities, passed by the late Legislature for the so-called sale of the public works, should serve as a beacon to warn the people everywhere to the exercise of vigilance and caution in the selection of those who are to be entrusted with the power to make laws, and especially to guard *against any influence which may attempt to divert the proceeds of the sale from being applied to the liquidation of the State debt or any other attempt to release the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company from the payment of the three mill tonnage tax.*

We might add to these evidences of popular sentiment and feeling, similar resolutions adopted in other counties, but deem it unnecessary. The question is one involving largely the interests of the people, and it is gratifying to see and know that the Democracy are, where, and as Democrats always should be, openly and decidedly in favor of those interests.

Mixing the Babies.

A Distressing Predicament.—A very singular occurrence, involving the identity of two newly-born specimens of "Young America," is related by the *Easton Daily Express*, as having transpired recently in Lower Mt. Bethel township, Northampton county. A lady who was about to present her liege lord with a "pledge of affection," engaged the services of a worthy dame in the neighborhood to assist her through the period of confinement. The nurse was called, and very promptly made her appearance, when it was discovered that she was herself quite as much in need of the services of an *accoucheur* as the lady of the house. The sequel is soon told: Two fine boys were born, and in the hurry and confusion consequent upon this unexpected turn in events, they got so mixed up that it was impossible to determine with any certainty as to the maternity of the children. As might be supposed, a great deal of discussion ensued, and the mothers of the babes were greatly distressed; but the best that could be done under the circumstances, was for the party present to assign the children to the mothers, and await the developements of the future. If the growth of the children should discover any strong family resemblance, the ladies can swop back and make the matter all right, but without such developements, they must ever remain in doubt as to the genuineness of their "precious darlings." It is a very distressing case; and the folks present ought to have known better than to have got a pair of babies mixed up; but on such occasions people will get into a flurry, and strange things are very liable to occur.

A Loud Call for Girls.

Some of the miserable, unmated—miserable because unmated—bachelors out West are getting desperate. Their cry for relief is melancholically distressing. Who will volunteer to relieve them from the horrors of single blessedness? We are of the opinion that, if married *very* soon, they could be worked into pretty good husbands. But delays are dangerous. The editor of the Sioux (Iowa) *Eagle* thus implores:

"We will promise husbands to five hundred women during the next year, if they will only come forward and say they want them. We think the population of our town averages about five males to each female, and by the last census it appears that there are 34,000 more males than females in Iowa. Take pity, ladies, and come to our relief."

Don't be prudish, girls. If you want husbands, say so, and let your actions correspond with your words. This talking "offish" when everybody knows you mean *on*, is all nonsense. Bachelors are proverbially shy. They always feel sort of sheepish, because they expect that everybody will suspect that they have tried to get married and couldn't; and the older they grow the more timid they become on this very account. Go to them, good, sensible Yankee girls, take them gently by the hand, encourage their laudable desires, and lead them into the silken bonds of matrimonial felicity. We mean, *you do the courting.*

☞The trial of John Hendrix, against whom a true bill was found some time since for firing the property of John Hartman's estate, &c., on the night of the 14th of October last, took place on last Wednesday. A number of witnesses were examined, and after the usual addresses the jury returned a verdict of guilty. The trial of John Siegley for the same offense in the same case took place on Thursday morning. He was likewise found guilty. The Court sentenced each to imprisonment for five years in the penitentiary.—*York Advocate.*

The Benton Vote.—At the late election in Missouri the usual Benton vote fell off 19,878, compared with the last Governor's election. It is estimated that of the Benten vote that was polled Rollins received 7,063 and Stewart 1,086.

English Absurdities.

When British writers, even of acknowledged intelligence, undertake to discuss the sectional relations of the Northern and Southern portions of our country, there appears to be no argument too absurd for their use and no story so monstrous as to exceed their power of belief. In an article appearing in the Westminster Review for the July quarter, under the head of "Manifest Destiny of the American Union," we have a singular instance of this.—The writer assumes that the poisoning affair of the National Hotel in Washington, last winter, was a deeply laid scheme of the negroes to avenge themselves on their white oppressors, and adds that such things are common throughout the Southern States, and are only "hushed up," as a matter of policy. Again, he gravely asserts that so fierce is the animosity raging between the citizens of the Free and Slave States that the Norfolk people would not permit the bodies of the Philadelphia victims of the yellow fever, which had been buried there during the pestilence, to remain within the precincts of their town, and that accordingly they were removed to Philadelphia!

Death of M'Gary.—William M'Gary, of Dr. Kane's Arctic Expedition, died in Boston, on Wednesday last, after twenty-four hours' illness. The Boston Herald says:

He was between 36 and 37 years of age, and leaves a wife and two children. Prior to his last expedition with Dr. Kane he had been engaged in the whaling business. He was a thorough seaman, and distinguished for the hardiness of his constitution, no less than the hardihood of his character. Dr. Kane has embalmed his memory already, by frequent references to his services when in the far North. He called McGary his "iron man," and whenever the most arduous and perilous services were required of the brave men, McGary was ever among those selected for the work. Like Shubert, who lies buried in the snows of the Polar shores, McGary's disposition was ever merry and buoyant, among the most trying circumstances. He cheered the hearts of his comrades when they were drooping and all looked dark. He died, like Dr. Kane, in the arms of his faithful friend and comrade, Mr. Wm. Morton, who was thus called upon to perform the melancholy duty for a second time.

Suffering in Liberia.—Accounts from Liberia announce that the colonists were suffering severely from want of food. The failure of the rice crop and the lack of industry on the part of the emigrants from the United States seems to have produced a sorry state of affairs in the colony.

Sugar in Philadelphia.—It is stated that the stock of sugar now on hand in Philadelphia amounts to 11,157 hhds., against 7,801 hhds. at the same time last year.

☞Wheat is selling in Salem, N. C., at 85 cents per bushel.

☞The Farm of the late Michael Miller, in Cumberland township, was sold at public sale, on Saturday last, for $17 20 per acre—John Keefauver purchaser. John Gilbert bought from 12 to 20 acres of the Woodland, at $25 50 per acre.

Samuel Herbst recently purchased 3¼ acres from Anthony Cordori, in this borough, the price being $255.

☞We are requested to state that a Protracted Woods Meeting will be held on the land of George Groop, on the road leading from Middletown to Heidlersburg, about a half mile from the former place, to commence on *Friday, the 18th of September instant.* It is expected that Revs. Winebrenner, Kelber, Colder, and others, will attend.

JOB PRINTING.

☞We are better prepared than ever to execute JOB PRINTING, *in its various branches.* With two Presses, and an unusually large assortment of jobbing letter and other materials, the public may rest assured that for neatness and expedition in doing work, the "COMPILER" Office "can't be beat."

Marriages

On Tuesday last, at the house of Mr. Daniel S. Merz, by the Rev. J. Martin, Mr. JACOB R. GROOP to Miss LOUISA HANER, all of Huntington township.

On the 9th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Denecker, Mr. ADAM SHOEMAKER to Miss MARY, daughter of Mr. Anthony Cordori, both of this Borough.

On the 27th ult., by the Rev. Isaac Coombe, Mr. JOHN LUPP, of Adams-county, to Miss SARAH ANN BOWERS, of Cumberland co.

On the 1st instant, by the Rev. Mr. Coskery, JOHN W. D. HAMILTON to GABRELLA M. C., daughter of Peter Shaffelter, of Adams county.

Deaths

On the 30th ult., of dysentery, Mr. JOSEPH SMITH, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Mountpleasant township, aged 65 years 3 months and 10 days.

On the 23d ult., Mr. BENJAMIN ASPER, aged about 83 years. For the last 10 years of his life he was greatly afflicted, yet amid all his sufferings he appeared to be resigned. May he rest in peace.

At Philadelphia, on Tuesday week, Mrs. M. HAUPT, mother of Mr. Herman Haupt, formerly of Gettysburg, in the 72d year of her age.

On Tuesday morning last, at the Theological Seminary, of bilious fever, Mr. JOHN KAMP, aged about 28 years.

On Thursday last, LEWIS ALBERTUS, son of Jacob and Julian Remmel, of this borough, aged 5 years and 28 days.

On Monday last, in Butler township, JOHN HENRY, son of John and Elizabeth Kunkle, aged 1 year and 2 days.

Found.

A Buckskin Purse, with a steel clasp, containing a small amount of money, was found in Danner & Ziegler's Store, some days since. The owner can have it by describing the property and paying for this advertisement. Inquire at this office. Sept. 7

Partial Deafness and Discharges from the Ear.—Dr. HARTLEY begs to announce to those of his patients with whom he has been in communication, that he has, in compliance with their special requests, made arrangements to establish his Ear Institution in New York; and he generously offers to attend all persons suffering from affections of the Ear, without charge, until cured—thereby proving his success unequaled, and protecting the deaf from being swindled, by paying self-styled Aurists exorbitant fees in advance, and the infliction of still more serious evils, by permitting the application of dangerous remedies by inexperienced and unskillful hands.

Dr. H. may here state that he has no connection whatever with any person advertising to cure deafness; neither has he given permission for the publication of a certificate, purporting to emanate from him; and can not, therefore, be responsible for any alarming consequences resulting from rashness and desperation. The loss of money may not be material to some persons, but the deprivation of one of the most important of the senses, ought to be regarded and treated with more than ordinary solicitude.

Deafness, noise in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the Ear, speedily and permanently removed, without causing the least pain or inconvenience. A cure in all cases guaranteed where malformation does not exist.

Thirteen years' close and almost undivided attention to this branch of special practice, has enabled him to reduce the treatment to such a degree of success as to find the most confirmed and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed.

The destruction, by fire, of the Philadelphia Ear Infirmary—of which Dr. Hartley was the head—having released him from his duties in that city, he has established permanently his institution, for the exclusive treatment of Ear Diseases, at 760 Broadway, New York.

☞Consultation and Examination each morning.

To the Million.—Prof. Wood, of St. Louis, has, after years of deep study and untiring research, succeeded in presenting to the public an article superior to any now in use, and indeed it is truly a wonderful discovery—we advert to his Hair Restorative; the only article that has been completely successful in checking age of his gray locks, removing dandruff, itching, scrofula, &c. It restores the gray-headed to more than the original beauty; adds new lustre to locks already luxuriant; leaving the effect on coarse harsh hair to render it glossy and watery; fastens permanently hair that is loose or falling, and many other qualities which will become known as soon as used.

The pride of mankind is singularly developed in the keeping and arrangement of the hair; perhaps from the fact that it is the only portion of the human body that we can train in any way we choose; how important then, having this portion left to our care, that we should use all the means science has placed in our hands to render it beautiful and permanent. If you would have beautiful hair, glossy hair, permanent hair, hair with its natural color elegantly preserved to extreme old age, don't fail to purchase Wood's Hair Restorative.—*Daily Iowa State Gazette.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Sept. 7. 2w.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Mortification may always be prevented, by the timely use of Holloway's Ointment, and lockjaw has never been known to supervene in any case of external injury where it was used as a dressing. Its healing properties are proverbial in all parts of the world, and it is used in all the great surgical institutions of Continental Europe, as the only reliable and unfailing specific for wounds, ulcers, dropsical swellings, cancer, tumors, and eruptive maladies. The pills are prescribed by eminent medical practitioners as the most efficacious remedy for indigestion, liver complaint and disorders of the bowels.

☞*Rats, Roaches, Bed-bugs, Insects, &c.*—"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator or "Costar's" Bed-bug Exterminator; "Costar's" Electric Powder, for Ants, Insects, &c. (The only infallible remedies known.) "Costar" sends by mail, pre-paid, a sample box of the Rat, Roach, etc. Ex. to any address in the U. S., on the receipt of $1, or the Electric Powder for 65c. (The Bed-bug Ex., being a liquid, cannot be sent by mail.)

"Costar" will furnish Druggists, Dealers and Storekeepers, a $10 sample package of his various preparations (assorted) with circulars, bills, posters, &c. on receipt of $5, (leaving bal. of $5 due when sold,) in order that they may test their merits.

☞See advertisement. For Circulars, &c., address "COSTAR," No. 383 Broadway, New York. Aug. 31. 1m

☞There are hundreds of remedies sold at every Drug Store, purporting to cure all diseases nameable, each advertised as the very best ever known, till we had lost all faith in them all, but *there is one exception.*

We speak of Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, which came to us recommended as a cure for Liver Complaints and all diseases arising from a Diseased Liver. The testimonials of so many of our Physicians in its favor, induced us to try it, and now conviction is certain that it is one of the greatest blessings ever given to Dyspeptics, for it made a complete cure before the first bottle was taken, and now we can eat anything eatable without trouble, while before nothing but the lightest food would digest, and often that gave pain. Now what we want to say to our readers is, if Liver Complaint or Dyspepsia trouble you, do not fail to try this the greatest remedy in the world.

☞A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg; Wm. Burlin, Hanover; and Charles R. Henry, Abbottstown. Aug. 24. 1m

☞*The Big Safe*, measuring 5½ feet high, by 4½ feet wide, and weighing 4,360 pounds, has been attracting much attention at the office of the FARMER'S AND MECHANIC'S SAVING'S INSTITUTION, in S. W. corner of the public square. Everybody nearly in town has been to see it. Our friends from the country have been and are still dropping in, to see this, *the largest Safe ever brought into the county.*

This Safe furnishes another ground for confidence to depositors. The *security* for the deposits they make is of the same character, and as extensive as those afforded by a bank to its depositors, the stockholders in the one and the other being in the same manner liable. The safe keeping of the monies and the security to depositors thus afford a *double safeguard* to those thinking of depositing their monies *where, instead of lying idle, they will produce interest—in the Saving's Institution.*

Market Reports.

Corrected from the latest Baltimore, York & Hanover papers.

Baltimore—Friday last.

Flour, per barrel,	$5 87 @	6 00
Wheat, per bushel,	1 00 @	1 55
Rye, "	90 @	95
Corn, "	68 @	78
Oats, "	26 @	38
Beef Cattle, per hund.,	8 00 @	9 00
Hogs, "	9 50 @	10 00
Hay, per ton,	12 00 @	18 00
Whiskey, per gallon,	27 @	28
Guano, Peruvian, per ton,		65 00

Hanover—Thursday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	$6 75	
Do. " from stores,	7 50	
Wheat, per bushel,	1 20 @	1 50
Rye, "	[illegible]	80
Corn, "	[illegible]	70
Oats, "	[illegible]	33
Cloverseed, "	[illegible]	6 00
Timothy, "	[illegible]	2 50
Plaster, per ton,		6 50

York—Friday last.

Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	$6 00	
Do. " from store,	7 00	
Wheat, per bushel,	1 35 @	1 [illegible]
Rye, "	[illegible]	85
Corn, "	[illegible]	72
Oats, "	[illegible]	35
Cloverseed, "	[illegible]	6 00
Timothy, "	[illegible]	[illegible]
Plaster, per ton,		6 50

Local Matters.

The First Locomotive!

"The work goes bravely on!" A Railroad—a *live* Railroad—has for years been the great want of Adams county. Without it, we have been, so to speak, at "a stand still," whilst the neighboring counties "went ahead" with all the speed improvements of the kind generally induce. But "there's a good time a-coming" even for us—and not far off at that.

It is expected that on Thursday next, *the first Locomotive and train of Cars will enter Adams county!*—for the first time to wake up their thousand echoes within limits so long shut out from the joyous sound of the whistle and the energetic tread of the "Iron Horse." It is expected that a goodly number of those interested in the success of the road—and who is not?—will be at Hanover on that day to see the first passenger train start out on the Gettysburg Railroad. By that time the track-layers will have crossed the dividing line between York and Adams counties.

Broke Jail.

SAMUEL BASTICK, convicted of malicious mischief at the late term of Court, and sentenced to two months' imprisonment in the County Jail, made his escape on Friday morning last, by "quarrying" a hole through the outer wall. The door of the prison was opened at 6, A. M., to allow the prisoners the freedom of the yard for a short time. Bastick must have risen at once, and wrenching the iron bar from the end of the soil pipe, in the yard, with it succeeded in making a hole through the west wall, large enough to admit his body, when he took "French leave." The work must have been done very quietly and quickly, as the other prisoners, who had not gone into the yard, were not aware of his doings, until he had effected his escape. When last heard of, he was making his way towards the South Mountain. He had served out fifteen days of his sentence.

Broke his Arm.

On Tuesday evening last, during the exhibition of Baily & Co's. Circus and Menagerie, in this place, Mr. WARD, the Clown, fell from his horse whilst performing in the ring, and, sad to say, broke his arm. The accident caused deep and general regret throughout the large audience, and operated as a damper on the remainder of the performance. It was caused, we are informed, by one of his slippers catching in the saddle in some unusual manner, by which he lost his balance and fell.

He is still here, and may remain several weeks, or until the state of his arm will allow him to travel with same degree of comfort.

Cure for Hog Cholera.

Mr. LEVI GULDEN, of Mountjoy township, communicates to us a remedy for Hog Cholera. Several of his Hogs were attacked with the disease, and cured with the following: Take camphor and laudanum, of each a tea-spoonful—mix with half a gill of whiskey and half a pint of sweet milk—drench the hog with the mixture. If one dose will not do, in half an hour repeat the same.

☞The Hog Cholera is prevailing to a very destructive extent along the Big Conowago, in this county. Daniel S. Diehl has lost upwards of 20 valuable hogs, S. W. Hoffman 15, Peter Bollinger 4, Singleton Chronister 8, Jacob Fidler 4, Peter Reigle 3, with others, and the disease still raging. Abr'm. Krise, of Freedom township, has lost 13

From the West.

A letter from a friend at Franklin Grove, Illinois, informs us that Miss MARY A. LAHMAN, of that place, (formerly of this county,) recently measured some Red Beets of her own raising, one of which was 22½ inches in length and 19½ inches in circumference. (That *beet* is hard to *beat*.) Also, over a barrel of cucumbers from a patch of ground 7 by 11 feet. She has grown other vegetables with equal success, which she would be happy to have any of her Adams county friends to partake of with her in her western home.

Her father, JOHN LAHMAN, Esq., took over 1200 bushels of wheat from 35 acres of his farm. That's "in and about" as good as can be done hereabouts!

☞Talking about heavy grain and big days' work at cradling in Franklin county, a friend from Menallen township, informed us, the other day, that two of his neighbors "walked into" twenty-five acres of grain with cradles, during the recent harvest, and he wound up by saying that the rakers and binders, numbering *six*, were two days and a half behind-hand in taking it up!

—We don't want anybody to spoil the story just now by "guessing" *when* the rakers and binders commenced.

☞We are under obligations to our young friend, GEORGE A. CORDORI, for a basket of most delicious Pears. Talk about "fancy" fruit as much as folks may, there are few Pears that will come up in quality to those sent in by Mr. C.

☞Prof. MAIBERGER proposes to give instruction in Music, both vocal and instrumental. He comes highly recommended, and will, we have not the least doubt, render entire satisfaction to all who may avail themselves of his services. See advertisement.

New York Commission Agency.

The V. B. Palmer Co. have established, in connection with their office, Tribune buildings, a COMMISSION AGENCY, through which persons residing out of the city, and in any State of the Union, will be enabled to purchase goods at the lowest market prices, and with every attention paid to style, quality, &c. They have associated with them, gentlemen who have had great experience in purchasing and selling goods of every description, and will doubtless give satisfaction to all who may transact business through their agency. They will execute orders of any amount, large or small, and for any article that can be purchased in that city.

The necessary amount of CASH must accompany all orders—except when payment can be made on delivery of the goods, which is usually the case if sent by express—unless the parties of whom the goods are purchased assume the responsibility.

To avoid delays and perplexing mistakes, great care should be used in making up orders, that they may be clear and perfectly intelligible.

The commission charge on orders amounting to $5 and less, is 25 cents; exceeding $5, and not above $10, five per cent. On orders of a larger amount, five per cent is charged on $10 of the same, and 2½ per cent on the balance.

Advertising a Moral Duty.

Some years ago it was proposed by an American Physician that members of the Faculty should advertise their remedies and modes of treating diseases in the newspapers. It was scouted, however, by the profession generally, as *infra dig.* But is there any degradation in publicity? Is it not rather the great touchstone that ties pretension and universalizes the practical benefits of all valuable inventions and discoveries? Should not a profession that aims at the mitigation of suffering and the preservation of life, make the means of obtaining these grand objects known through the channel of information most accessible to all classes and conditions, the columns of the public press? If it declines to do so, the natural inference is either that the desire of secrecy arises from a sordid, monopolizing, egotistic spirit, or from a lack of faith in its own prescriptions.

Viewing the subject in this light, we may presume Professor Holloway some twenty years ago, overleaped the barriers which the profession had erected between itself and the public, and plunged fearlessly into the newspaper arena. He had discovered or rather invented, after years of research and experiments, two preparations which he believed to be specifics for nearly all the diseases of mankind; and as an indication of his confidence in them, and a proof of his philanthropic wish that, if really valuable, they should be accessible to the whole world, he advertised them wherever advertising media existed. This was the severest ordeal to which he could have submitted them—the *experimentum crucis*. He threw them at once, as it were, before the sick of all regions. He stated their properties, proclaimed what they would do, and staked reputation and fortune upon the issue. That issue has been all that he or the world could have desired. The rich and the poor, the learned and ignorant, physicians, statesmen, monarchs, a nation of enlightened freemen, have sanctioned, used, extolled them—they are *fixed facts* in medical history!

Is not this better than hiding light under a bushel? Is it not better than writing prescriptions in a dead language, and putting weights and quantities into hieroglyphics.

If any thing is worth knowing it is worthy of being universally known.—So thinking, Holloway proclaimed the virtues of his medicines through the press; and fortune, fame, and the gratitude of millions have been his reward.—*N. Y. Sun.*

TOWN PROPERTY,

At Private Sale.

THE undersigned offer at private sale, the Two Story ROUGHCAST HOUSE and Lot of Ground, on West Middle street, in Gettysburg, the property of Matilda Brooks, now occupied by Solomon E. Taylor. On this lot there is a variety of choice fruit; also a Stable.

☞The Lot of Ground on the corner of High and Liberty streets, in Gettysburg, with an alley in the rear, on which are erected a one and a half story Frame ROUGHCAST HOUSE and Kitchen, Blacksmith Shop and Stable, with a well of water—the property of Matthew Becks.

M. & W. McCLEAN,
Sept. 7-3t Attornies for the Parties.

Administrator's Notice.

ELIZABETH HUGHES' ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Hughes, late of Germany twp., Adams co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY SPALDING, *Adm'r.*
Sept. 7, 1857. 6t

NEW FIRM.

Family Groceries and Confections.

THE undersigned have purchased the Grocery Store of E. H. MINNIGH, on the Northwest corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by A. B. Kurtz, where they invite the attention of all who may wish Groceries, Confections, Fruits—Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Starch, Soda, Spices of all kinds, Lemons, Figs, Almonds, &c. Also, a fine assortment of chewing and smoking Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c. ☞Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

WM. BOYER & SON.
September 7, 1857.

200 Laborers Wanted

IMMEDIATELY, on the GETTYSBURG RAILROAD. Wages $1 20 per day—board $2 50. This Road runs through a high and healthy country; no nemore so in the State. Wages paid punctually every month. Railroad communication to Hanover, York county, Pennsylvania, where the Road commenced. Enquiry to be made of Contractors on the line.

IRWIN & TAYLOR.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857. 4t

IF you want to buy GOODS CHEAP, call at G. F. ECKENRODE & BRO'S, at Heidlersburg, Adams co.

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Velices, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

A RARE CHANCE.

Desirable and Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, Executor of PETER FERREE, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 24th day of September instant*, the following desirable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM,

late the Home Place of Mr. Ferree, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Amos Myers, Jacob Ferree, Jacob Arntsberger, and others, containing

252 Acres, more or less,

having large proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements consist of a Two Story weatherboarded HOUSE, a Stone Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Spring House, TENANT HOUSE, Stable, &c., with a neverfailing spring of water at each dwelling, and an Apple Orchard on the premises.

This has always been admitted to be one of the best grain-producing Farms in the whole neighborhood. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call upon Mr. Beck, residing thereon. As the Farm is susceptible of convenient division, it will be offered in two parts or in whole, as purchasers may desire.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOEL B. DANNER, *Ex'r.*
Sept. 7, 1857.

A Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Heirs of DANIEL NEIDICH, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Tuesday, the 6th day of October next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Reading township, Adams county, within two miles of the Gettysburg and Hanover Railroad, and 1 mile from New Chester, adjoining lands of Joseph Spangler and John Laydom, and bounding on the Conowago Creek on two sides. The Farm contains 166 ACRES, more or less, about 60 acres of which are first rate Timberland, with a due proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a large two story BRICK HOUSE, with a two story Kitchen; a double log Barn, with 2 Threshing Floors, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, Spring House, and all necessary outbuildings; a good Apple and Peach Orchard of choice fruit, and a never failing spring of water near the door. The Conowago runs within one hundred yards of the buildings, which is very convenient for watering cattle.

☞Persons wishing to view the property, are requested to call on the heirs, residing thereon.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

THE HEIRS.
September 7, 1857.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 3d day of October next*, on the premises,

A HOUSE AND LOT,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, on the Turnpike leading from Littlestown to Gettysburg, four miles from the former, adjoining lands of Jesse D. Newman and Abraham Girber. The house is a double TWO-STORY BRICK with an out building of stone, suitable for a wash house, smoke house, or any other purpose; also Stabling sufficient for three head of cattle, &c. The lot contains 1 acre, more or less, planted with growing young fruit trees.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND,

nearly opposite the above, containing 1 acre, more or less. The lots will be sold separately or together, to suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 12 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

THE HEIRS
OF ANDREW SHEELY, DEC'D.
September 7, 1857.

MUSIC.

PROF. P. MAIBERGER, formerly of New York, and lately of Newville, Pa., announces to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he will be pleased to give private instructions on the PIANO, MELODEON, VIOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE and all BRASS INSTRUMENTS; he will also give instructions in VOCAL MUSIC, CULTIVATION OF THE VOICE, and THOROUGH BASS.

For particulars and references enquire at John L. Tate's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa.

REFERENCES.

Rev. J. Evans, Newville, Pa.
Rev. D. Heffelfinger, "
Dr. E. A. Sharp, "
Dr. David Ahl, "
M. R. Linn, A. M., "
John Diller, Pres't of Newville Brass Band.
J. H. Herron, Esq., Newville.
Messrs. Shryock & Smith, Chambersburg.
Capt. Bradley, Mercersburg, Pa.
J. B. Meyers, "
Dan'l Shelly, Supt. Com. Schools Cumb. co.
Dr. H. L. Lenher, Churchtown, Pa.
Rev. Seabrooks, "
Com. John Thomas Newton, U. S. N.
Capt. S. P. Wilson, U. S. N.
Capt. G. J. Pendergrast, U. S. N.
Dr. Sharp, Surgeon, U. S. N.

P. S.—Tuning Pianos and Melodeons at the shortest notice.

Gettysburg, Sept. 7, 1857. 4w

Administratrator's Notice.

JOSEPH SMITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Smith, late of Mountpleasant town'p, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Oxford township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE SMITH,
Sept. 7, 1857. *Administrator.*

Hoover's Liquid Hair Dye.

THE following, from that eminent Physician of Philadelphia, Dr. Brinckle, added to the testimony of Professor Booth, only confirms what is evidenced by thousands who have used Hoover's Dye:

"Girard Row, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1853.

"In regard to *Hoover's Hair Dye*, I can state unhesitatingly that it contains no deleterious ingredients, and may be used with entire safety, and the utmost confidence and *success*."

W. D. BRINCKLE, M. D.

Hoover's Writing and Indelible Inks are so well and widely known, as to require no eulogy of their merits, it is only necessary to say, that the steady and increasing demand, gives the best evidence that they maintain their character for superiority which distinguished them when first introduced, *years ago*. Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street, above Fourth, (old No. 144) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by

JOSEPH E. HOVER, *Manufacturer.*
Sept. 7. [April 13. 1y]

☞BUY your Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, at Bringman & Aughinbaugh's, in Chambersburg street, at the sign of the "BIG BOOT."

THE MODEL FARM OF ADAMS COUNTY,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, desiring to remove to the West, offers for sale the splendid

FARM

on which he resides, situate in Butler township, Adams county, on the State Road leading from Gettysburg to Newville, six miles north of the former place, and within a short distance of the thriving village of Middletown. This Farm possesses features of a desirable character such as can be claimed by few others in the State.

It contains 106 ACRES—between 10 and 11 acres are covered with lofty Timber, and there is a good proportion of Meadow; but ALL the cleared land is well adapted to the growth of wheat and other grain. Since 1852 nearly 9,000 bushels of lime and about 1,500 of ashes have been put upon it. The soil has been turned up a foot in depth and no rock or other obstruction found upon the entire tract. The Farm is handsomely and conveniently divided into fifteen fields, with never-failing water in every one of them. Upwards of 600 panels of post and rail and 300 panels of board fence have been put up since 1852—so that, in cultivation, water, fencing, and every other requisite for a MODEL FARM, this one is hard to excel. The buildings (all erected since 1852) consist of a large double BRICK HOUSE, with Brick Back-building, large and dry cellar, and a constant fountain of water under the roof of the house; a commodious Bank Barn, unsurpassed in its improvements and conveniences; Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, a complete Hog Stable, and all other necessary outbuildings; also a two-story TENANT HOUSE and Back-building, recently erected. An unfailing well of water and a running fountain in the barn yards. The buildings are constructed in the very best style, and their location is such as to afford a view of all the fields from them. There is on the premises a first rate young ORCHARD of Apples and Peaches, and the country is also excellent for fruit.

The track is being laid for a Railroad from Hanover to Gettysburg, and when finished will add much to the agricultural importance of this region.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing thereon. Letters of inquiry should be addressed to Bigler P. O., Adams county, Pa.

ALEXANDER KOSER.
August 31, 1857.

A GOOD PROPERTY,

IN MUMMASBURG,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Saturday, the 19th day of September next*, the PROPERTY in Mummasburg, Adams county, for several years occupied by the subscriber, and at present by Wm. D. Gobrecht, Esq. It consists of

A LOT OF GROUND,

with a two story BRICK HOUSE, a good Stable, a Wagon-maker's Shop, two wells of water with pumps in them, and a variety of fruit trees, thereon. The property was long occupied as a TAVERN STAND. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on premises.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MOSES RAFFENSPERGER.
August 31, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, the public may rely upon a faithful discharge of duty on my part.

JACOB TROXEL,
Gettysburg, Sept. 7, 1857.

COUNTY TREASURER.

WE are requested to announce JOEL B. DANNER, of Gettysburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.
Sept. 7, 1857.

COUNTY TREASURER.

WE are requested to announce JACOB SHEADS, of Gettysburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.
Aug. 31, 1857.

COUNTY TREASURER.

WE are requested to announce WAY BRIGHT ZIEGLER, of Gettysburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.
Aug. 31, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO the Voters of Adams county.—Solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) If nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

JAMES RUSSELL.
Mummasburg, August 31, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO the Voters of Adams county.—The undersigned, at the solicitation of numerous friends, offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, the people may rely upon a faithful discharge of duty on my part.

HENRY G. CARR.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

At an Orphan's Court,

HELD at Gettysburg, in and for the county of Adams, on the 17th day of August, A. D., 1857, before the Honorable Robert J. Fisher, President, and David Ziegler and David Horner, Esquires, Associate Judges, duly assigned, &c.

On motion, the Court grant a RULE upon the heirs and legal representatives interested in the estate of ABRAHAM KITCHEN, late of Reading township, deceased, to appear at the next Orphan's Court, to be held at Gettysburg, *on the 22d of September, A. D.*, 1857, and accept or refuse to accept the Real Estate of the decedent at the valuation, or show cause why the said Real Estate, or any part thereof, should not be sold, in case they or any of them should neglect or refuse to take and accept the same.

Personal notice to be given to those heirs residing in the county of Adams, and to those residing out of the county by publication in one newspaper, published in Gettysburg, for three successive weeks, and one copy to be sent to those heirs residing out of the county, addressed to each of them, to their nearest Post Office, as far as the Sheriff can ascertain.

By the Court,
J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
August 31, 1857.

FULL STOCK OF

Fall Dry Goods.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH & ARCH streets, Philadelphia, respectfully request *Cash Buyers* to examine a fine stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, adapted to BEST PENNSYLVANIA TRADE.

Full Line of Fall Dress Goods.
New Designs of Fall Shawls.
Rich Silks of Newest Styles.
Good Black Silks of all widths.
4 Cases assorted French Merinoes.
7 " Poil de Shevres, New Goods.
British and American Dark Prints.
Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings.
Muslins, Linens, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

N. B. Auction Bargains from New York and this City daily received. Particular attention given to Country orders for Desirable Goods. Terms NETT CASH.

August 31, 1857. 3m

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Silk and Soft Hats of every description, and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

A Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of PHILIP THOMAS, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Tuesday, the 15th day of September next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Straban township, Adams county, within 1½ miles of the Gettysburg and Hanover Railroad, and the same distance from the Gettysburg and York Turnpike, adjoining lands of Christian Thomas, David Monfort, Henry Thomas, and others, containing **148 Acres**, more or less, about 40 acres of which are first rate Timber-land, with a due proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a large Two-story Stone HOUSE, Stone Kitchen and Smoke House attached, Double Log Barn, Stable, and all necessary out-buildings; a good Apple Orchard, and a never-failing well of water near the door; water in the barn-yard; several never-failing springs on the farm, and a never-failing stream through it, to which access from nearly every field can be had for the watering of cattle.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the last-named Administrator, residing on the adjoining farm.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY THOMAS, } *Adm'rs.*
SAMUEL THOMAS. }

By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
Aug. 24, 1857. ts

A Good Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, intending to quit farming, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 19th day of September next*, his FARM, situate in Butler township, Adams county, within a mile of Arendtsville, adjoining lands of Samuel Wolf, John Hartman, Thomas Taylor, George Taylor, and others, containing **105 Acres**, more or less, having due proportions of Woodland and Meadow.—The improvements are a Two story LOG HOUSE, with two Kitchens, a Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Spring House, Wash House, and other out-buildings; a spring of water near the door of the Dwelling, and one of the finest Apple Orchards in the county on the premises. The land is under good fencing and good cultivation, and the cleared land has all been limed, some of it twice.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HOFFMAN.
Aug. 17. 1857.

REAL ESTATE,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JACOB BOBLITZ, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 19th day of September next*, the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, on the Baltimore Turnpike, four miles from Gettysburg, and six miles from Littlestown, adjoining lands of Peter Orndorff, Peter Cownover, John Worley and others, containing 132 Acres, more or less, with due proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a one-and-a-half story Weatherboarded HOUSE, Frame Barn, (with sheds all around it,) Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Log Blacksmith Shop, and other outbuildings; a first-rate Apple Orchard of choice fruit; a neverfailing Spring near the house, with three other springs on the premises.

The farm is under good cultivation and good fencing, and well watered. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the undersigned, residing thereon. The property will be offered in whole or in two parts, to suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PETER BOBLITZ, *Adm'r.*
By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
August 24, 1857. ts

One of the Best Farms,

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, and adjoining the Gettysburg Borough line. The farm contains 154 Acres, more or less, the land being of the best quality, much of it "granite"—with fair proportions of meadow and timber. Fences good and the soil in excellent cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.—first-rate Apple Orchard, a never-failing well of water at the door, and a number of springs upon the tract. It is certainly one of the most desirable farms now in market in this county, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon.

DANIEL BENNER.
July 13, 1857. 3m

R. SHEADS, C. H. BUEHLER.

LUMBER, COAL AND STOVES!

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have entered into a co-partnership, and intend opening a *COAL & LUMBER YARD*, on Washington street, in the rear of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call. They will furnish every variety of *Stove, Blacksmith and Limeburner's COAL*, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce it into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of LUMBER, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of COAL and WOOD STOVES, among which are the celebrated Morning Star and Sun Rise Cook Stoves. Also the Charm, Capitol, Victor, Planter, Premium and Parlor Cook Stoves, Air-tight, Star, Franklin, Hot-air Parlor Grate, Lady Washington, Oak, Magnolia, Union, Air-tight Base Cylinder, Tropic and Harp Cannon Stoves.

Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Stove Ware Room, on Chambersburg street, two doors below Bringman & Aughinbaugh's Hat and Shoe Store.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

Littlestown Railroad!

THE Fifth Monthly Instalment of Five Dollars per Share on the Stock subscribed, will be due and payable to the Treasurer of said Company, *on the 28th day of Sept. next.*

☞By a Resolution of the Board of Directors, passed on Saturday, July 25th, all persons in arrears after Aug. 28th will be charged interest at the rate of one per cent. a month on their back payments, in accordance with the Act of Assembly.

E. F. SHORB,
Secretary of the Board.
Aug. 31, 1857. td

N. B.—Any of the Directors will receipt for payments on Stock.

TOBACCO & SEGARS, of best brands, and at astonishingly low rates these hard times, at the Flour, Provision and Grocery Store of GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

ORANGES, Lemons, Candies, Crackers, Spices of all kinds, Fancy and Common Soap, Hair Oils, &c., at NORBECK'S.

POWDER and SHOT, the best manufactured, to be had at NORBECK'S.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of EMANUEL CHRONISTER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on their premises, *on Friday, the 25th day of September next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Reading township, Adams county, on the road leading from Hampton to East Berlin, adjoining lands of Joseph Shaefer, Thaddeus Chronister and Adam Miller, containing 6¼ Acres, more or less. The land is cleared, and in an excellent state of cultivation.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, near the above, on the same road, containing 1 Acres, more or less—a small portion Timber.

Persons wishing to view the lots are requested to call on the undersigned, residing in Hampton.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by.

HENRY A. PICKING, *Adm'r.*
By the Court—J. J. Baldwin, Clerk.
Aug. 24, 1857. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of MARY SOMMERVILLE, dec., will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Friday, the 25th day of September next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in the town of Hampton, Adams county, adjoining property of Lazy Overholtzer and Jacob Deardorff, having thereon a two story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE, Stable, Fruit Trees, &c.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the above, with fruit trees thereon.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing in Hampton.

☞Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JACOB AULABAUGH, *Adm'r.*
By the Court—J. J. Baldwin, Clerk.
Aug. 24, 1857. ts

Private Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his FARM at Private Sale, situate near Cashtown, Franklin township, Adams county, containing 75 ACRES and some Perches, adjoining lands of Thomas J. Cooper, Isaac Rife, Peter Mickley, Daniel Heiges, and others, having a large proportion of Meadow and some fine Timber. The improvements consist of a good Two-story LOG HOUSE, a double Log Barn, with Sheds and Corn Crib, a never-failing well, with a pump, near the house; also, a good Apple Orchard, with a variety of other fruit; also, a good quarry of Limestone, on the farm.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing near the property.

Also, A Tract of Mountain Land,

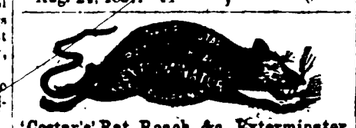
containing 22 Acres and 30 Perches of Patented Land, situate about 2½ miles north of the farm, on the new road leading to the Chapel, adjoining lands of Andrew Wisler, Robert Stakeley and others.

FREDERICK STOVER.
Aug. 24, 1857. 7w*

Notice of Inquest.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the heirs and legal representatives of MARY HEWITT, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased, to wit: George Hewitt, John Hewitt, Jesse Hewitt, Sarah, intermarried with Thomas McCreary, but now deceased, leaving her said husband surviving; the descendants or issue of Elizabeth, intermarried with George Joyce, now both deceased, Joseph Joyce, Margaret, intermarried with Samuel Cook, Obediah Joyce, now deceased, leaving issue, Susan, intermarried with George B. Hewitt, James Joyce, Daniel Joyce, Mary, intermarried with William Gardner, both now deceased, leaving issue, Alfred James Gardner, Mary Ann Gardner, and Deborah, intermarried with Henry Reel—that an *INQUEST* will be held on the following property, viz: A Lot, Piece or Parcel of Land, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of David Doll, Jonas Routzahn, and others, containing 10 acres, more or less, on which are erected a two-story Log House, Log Stable, with the necessary outbuildings—*on Thursday, the 17th day of September next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said premises, to make partition thereof, to and amongst the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, if the same will admit of partition, without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof; but if the same will not admit of such partition, to inquire how many of said heirs it will conveniently accommodate—and part and divide the same to and among as many of them as the same will accommodate; but if the same will not admit of division at all without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof, then to value and appraise the same, whole and undivided—whereof all persons interested are hereby notified to attend.

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg,
Aug. 24, 1857. td



'Costar's' Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator.

PUT up in 20c., 35c., 65c., and $1 Boxes.

"*Costar's*" *Bed Bug Exterminator.*—Put up in 25c., 50c., 75c., and $1 Bottles.

"*Costar's*" *Electric Powder, for Ants, Insects, &c.* Put up in 25c. and 50c. Boxes.

Principal Depot, No. 388 Broadway, New York, and sold by DRUGGISTS and DEALERS everywhere in the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America.

☞Full particulars by Mail.
Aug. 24, 1857. 1m

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.

Family Grocery & Provision Store.

GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES, which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.

Store on York street, one door east of Wattles' Hotel.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

State Agricultural Exhibition.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will hold its SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION at PHILADELPHIA, (Powelton Grounds,) on the 29th and 30th of SEPTEMBER and 1st and 2d days of OCTOBER next. The usual reduction on passenger fare and free passage of stock, will be furnished by the Railroad Companies. The Books of entry will be open at Philadelphia on and after the 1st September.

ROBERT C. WALKER, Sec'y.
August 31, 1857. 5t

REMOVAL.

WINGERD, WHITE & SWOPE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, CAPS, & STRAW GOODS; ALSO, IN FASHIONABLE

Moleskin, Silk, Felt and Fur Hats,

N. W. Cor. BALTIMORE & HOWARD STS.,

Adam B. Wingerd,
Daniel S. White,
John A. Swope. } *BALTIMORE, MD.*
Aug. 3, 1857.

This Way! This Way!!

JUST IN SEASON!—Fly Nets, of various styles and colors, cheap at SAMSON'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS'.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of HENRY BECKER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 26th day of September next*, the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

No. 1. A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Butler township, Adams county, half a mile north of Centre Mills, adjoining lands of George Fohl, Abraham Slaybaugh and the undersigned, containing 2 ACRES and 54 Perches, (more or less,) on which are erected a Two story Frame Roughcast Dwelling HOUSE, with a one story Frame Kitchen attached, a Log Stable, with a Carriage House attached, a Log Cabinet-maker's Shop, with other out-buildings, also a young bearing Apple Orchard, with other fruit, on the premises, and a never-failing well of water near the door, with a chain pump in it.

No. 2. A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the above, containing 2 Acres and 33 Perches, (more or less.) Both lots have been well limed during the last few years.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing near by.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CONRAD SLAYBAUGH, *Adm'r.*
By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
August 24, 1857. ts

A Rare Chance!

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE NEAR GETTYSBURG.

IN pursuance of authority given in the last will and testament of JACOB HERBST, deceased, the subscribers, Executors of the said Jacob Herbst, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Tuesday, September 15th*, 1857, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

THE FARM,

on which deceased resided for thirty years, situate on the Millerstown road, the first farm from Gettysburg, containing 100 ACRES and 60 PERCHES of patented land, having a large proportion of Meadow and a due proportion of Timber.

The improvements consist of a large Two-story LOG HOUSE, a large Stone Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and all necessary out-buildings; a first-rate never-failing Spring of Water and Stone Spring House. Also, a fine Apple ORCHARD, with a variety of other fruit. The fences are good, and the land in a fine state of cultivation.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the heirs residing thereon.

Also, At the same time and place will be sold,

A Tract of Mountain Land,

containing 12 Acres and 66 Perches, adjoining lands of Jacob Swisher, Michael Trostle, Solomon Young, and others. Persons wishing to view this tract are requested to call at Solomon Young's, on the Cold Spring road, on Saturday, the 12th of September, at 10 o'clock, when they will be shown the same by the Executors.

SAMUEL HERBST, } *Executors.*
JOHN HERBST, }
Aug. 3, 1857. ts

A DESIRABLE FARM AT Public Sale.

THE Subscriber, wishing to remove, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September next*, on the premises, his FARM, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, within half a mile of the Gettysburg Railroad, adjoining lands of John Cashman, John Shetter and others, containing 92 Acres, more or less. About 20 acres are first rate Timber, with a good proportion of Meadow. The improvements consist of a one-and-a-half story Dwelling HOUSE, Log and Frame Barn, Hay Shed, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Spring House, (with a never-failing Spring;) a young Apple Orchard, and other fruit trees. The land is under good c

WHY IS IT THAT
MARCUS SAMSON

CAN sell cheaper than anybody else?—Because he buys at auction, for cash.

Look at his Hats, that he sells hundreds of. Gentlemen have bought and paid for such Hats from $3 50 to $4 00—but Samson sells them at $2 25. And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Boots and Shoes—look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from $1 00 to $4 50, he sells at $1 87½ to $2 87½. And why? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Clothing, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from $1 75 to $2 00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

Also, black Summer Cloth Coat, Pants and Vest, he sells for $3 00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above.—I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or pair of Gaiters, Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from $1 12½ to $1 75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, my stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinners and horses fed, and you can never fail of saving the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap One-Price Store of M. SAMSON,

July 13, 1857. opposite the Bank.

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S
Pure Oswego Starch,
(FOR THE LAUNDRY,)

HAS established a greater celebrity than has ever been obtained by any other Starch.

This has been the result of its marked superiority in quality, and its invariable uniformity.

The public may be assured of the continuance of the high standard now established.

The production is over Twenty Tons daily, and the demand has extended throughout the whole of the United States, and to foreign countries.

Working thus on a very large scale, and under a rigid system, they are able to secure a perfect uniformity in the quality throughout the year. *This is the great Desideratum in Starch-making, and is realized now for the first time.*

The very best Starch that can be made, and *no other*, is always wanted by consumers, and this will be supplied to them by the grocers, as soon as their customers have learned which is the best, and ask for it—otherwise they would be likely to get that article on which the largest profit can be made.

Mr. Kingsford has been engaged in the manufacture of Starch continuously for the last 27 years, and during the whole of that period the Starch made under his supervision has been, beyond any question, the best in the market. For the first 17 years, he had the charge of the works of Wm. Colgate & Co., at which period he invented the process of the manufacture of Corn Starch.

☞ *Ask for Kingsford's Starch, as the same Oswego has been recently taken by another factory.*

It is sold by all of the best grocers in nearly every part of the country.

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S
Oswego Corn Starch,
(FOR PUDDINGS, &C.,)

HAS obtained an equal celebrity with their Starch for the Laundry. This article is perfectly pure, and is, in every respect, equal to the best Bermuda Arrow-Root, besides having additional qualities which render it invaluable for the desert.

Potato Starch has been extensively packed and sold as Corn Starch, and has given false impressions to many, as to the real merits of our Corn Starch.

From its great delicacy and purity, it is coming also into extensive use as a diet for infants and invalids.

E. N. KELLOGG & CO., AGENTS, 196 *Fulton Street, N. Y.*
ALLEN & NEEDLES, AGENTS, 23 *South Wharves, Phila.*
Aug. 10, 1857. 3m

TO THE COUNTRY.
GOOD NEWS.

I HAVE rented the Foundry for the ensuing year, and am prepared to make the different kinds of Castings usually made at a Foundry. I will keep constantly on hand the different kinds of PLOUGHS, Points, Shares, Cutters, &c.; Pots, Kettles, Pans, Washing Machines, &c.; Stoves and Machinery; Porches, Verandah's and Cemetery Fencing made and put up with dispatch.

All orders will be attended to promptly; but being without capital, and money being necessary to carry on the business, I will be compelled to sell for cash, but on all country work 5 per cent. will be deducted. Suitable trade will be taken, if delivered at the time of purchasing. Give us a call.

E. M. WARREN.
Gettysburg, June 1, 1857.

Ready-made Clothing,

COATS, Pants and Vests, for boys and men; Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps; Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Neck Ties, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, Suspenders,—a nice lot of Gowns, Water-proof Oil Coats, and everything else that can be found in a Store of the kind, always to be had at SAMSON'S.

Diamond Tonsor.

JOHN W. TIPTON, *Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser*, can at all times be found prepared to attend to the calls of the people, at the *Temple*, in the Diamond, adjoining the County Building. From long experience, he flatters himself that he can go through all the ramifications of the Tonsorial Department with such an infinite degree of skill, as will meet with the entire satisfaction of all who may submit their chins to the keen ordeal of his razors. He hopes, therefore, that by his attention to business, and a desire to please, he will merit as well as receive, a liberal share of public patronage. The sick will be attended to at their private dwellings.

Gettysburg, Jan. 8, 1855. tf

The Ladies

WILL find it to their advantage to call at Fahnestock Brothers, and see their large and cheap stock of Silks, Challis, Lawns, Ducals, Tamartines, Delaines, Calicoes, Ginghams, &c., which are selling cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS, *Sign of the Red Front.*

April 13, 1857.

Stone Ware.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received the largest and best lot of STONE WARE ever offered in the county, consisting of Jars, Jugs, Pitchers, Cream Pots, Apple Butter Pots, Preserve Jars, Milk Pans, Tomatoe Bottles, Spittoons, &c., to which they invite the attention of the public. Call and examine at the sign of the RED FRONT.

July 20, 1857.

Still Another Arrival of
NEW GOODS,

AT JACOBS & BRO'S, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where greater bargains than ever can be secured. "Quick sales and small profits"—always better for seller and buyer—is the motto they practice as well as preach. Give them a call for anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you won't regret it.

Gettysburg, July 13, 1857.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it, call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

SAPONIFIER or CONCENTRATED LYE, for making Soap—to be had at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—Encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

ISAAC LIGHTNER.
Mountjoy tp., April 6, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

FELLOW-CITIZENS of Adams county:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the October election, (subject to the Democratic nomination.) If I should be so lucky as to be nominated and be elected, I shall pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with sobriety and fidelity.

SAMUEL SPANGLER.
Mountpleasant tp., April 20, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the voters of Adams county;—Fellow Citizens:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the next election, subject to the decision of the American Republican Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will endeavor to discharge the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the people. Respectfully yours, &c.,

J. BARRETT.
Gettysburg, Aug. 24 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams County:—The undersigned offers himself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Should he be nominated and elected, he pledges his best efforts to the discharge of the duties of the office.

JAMES A. THOMPSON.
Gettysburg, Aug. 17, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams county: Encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, (subject to the American Republican County Convention.) Should I be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

ISAAC LEEPER.
Cumberland twp., April 13, 1857.

PROTHONOTARY.

WE are authorized to announce that Dr. C. E. GOLDSBOROUGH, of Hunterstown, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention—at the ensuing election.

June 15, 1857.

PROTHONOTARY.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—The undersigned, at the solicitation of numerous friends, offers himself as a candidate for PROTHONOTARY, at the October election—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

JACOB BUSHEY.
East Berlin, August 24, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams County.—Fellow citizens: Being encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder at the next election, (subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.) And should I receive the nomination and be elected, I shall duly appreciate your confidence, and promise to discharge the duties of the office promptly and with fidelity.

Your obedient servant,
ZACHARIAH MYERS.
Tyrone tp., April 27, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Register & Recorder, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

WM. OVERDEER.
Bendersville, June 8, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Independent Voters of Adams co.—Fellow Citizens:—The undersigned offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder of Adams county, (subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention,) and respectfully solicits your support and suffrages. Should I be nominated and elected, my endeavours shall be to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JOHN L. GUBERNATOR.
Conowago tp., April 27, 1857.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

TO the voters of Adams county:—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER AND RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the office.

ALEXANDER COBEAN.
Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—Fellow-Citizens:—Encouraged by the solicitations of numerous friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Should I be honored with your confidence and elected, I pledge my best efforts to a faithful and impartial administration of the duties of the office.

DAVID McCREARY.
Gettysburg, July 6, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to receive the nomination and be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

HENRY G. WOLF.
Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO THE VOTERS OF ADAMS COUNTY.—The undersigned, at the solicitations of numerous friends, offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, the people may rely upon a faithful discharge of duty on my part.

GEORGE BUSHMAN.
Cumberland twp., June 29, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—I offer myself as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts. Should I be nominated and elected I pledge myself to a prompt and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

WILLIAM YOUNG.
Mountjoy twp., Aug. 3, 1857.

EIGHT-DAY, Thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks and Time-pieces, Watches, and a fine lot of Jewelry, at SAMSON'S.

BOOTS AND SHOES made to order, of the best material, and by good workmen.—Call at *Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.*

SILVER.—A fine lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, as low as city prices, now to be had at SCHICK'S. Call soon, as they sell rapidly.

A LARGE lot of SUMMER CLOTHING, selling at very small profits at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

LADIES Gaiters, Buskins, and Sandles for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

2,000 PIECES OF WALL PAPER just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

Carriages, Buggies, &c.
GOOD AND CHEAP!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*

With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

☞ Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!

JACOB TROXEL.
June 15, 1857.

Attention, One and All!
NOW IS THE TIME
To Have Your Picture Taken.

SAMUEL WEAVER having provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT DAGUERREAN ROOM at his residence in West Middle street, opposite Prof. Jacobs, one square West of Baltimore street, where he is now prepared to furnish

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction. His long experience and superior apparatus give him advantages seldom furnished by Daguerrean establishments out of the city. He has a large number of specimens at his Gallery, in Chambersburg street, where he will continue as heretofore, which the public are requested to call and examine.

☞ Charges from 50 cents to $10. Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets, Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞ Children will not be taken for less than $1 00.

☞ AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

July 20, 1856. tf

Bringman & Aughinbaugh,
STILL AHEAD!

WE are just receiving a *new* lot of **Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes**—of the very latest Spring styles, and intend selling at small profits. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, Paxton's old stand, Chambersburg street. March 23.

Hanover R. Railroad.

TRAINS over the Hanover Branch Railroad now run as follows:

First Train leaves Hanover at 9 A. M., with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia. This Train also connects with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 12 M.

Second Train leaves at 2.15 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore and intermediate places, and returns with passengers from York, &c.

Aug. 3. J. LEIB, Agent.

Removed to Hanover.

FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables are commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. [April 27, 1857.

Wm. B. M'Clellan,
Attorney at Law.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office.

Gettysburg, August 22, 1853.

D. M'Conaughy,
Attorney at Law,

(Office removed to one door West of Buehler's Drug & Book-store, Chambersburg street,)

Attorney & Solicitor for Patents and Pensions.

BOUNTY Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other Western States.

☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, 1853.

Edw. B. Buehler,
Attorney at Law,

WILL faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite Grammer's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES: Dr. D. Gilbert, Dr. C. N. Berlucher, Dr. D. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. William M. Reynolds, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stoever.

Gettysburg, April 11, 1853. tf

REMOVAL.
Alex. Frazer, Watch and Clock-maker,

HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hoke's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

QUEENS-WARE, Cedar-ware and endless variety of Household articles, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

QUEENSWARE, China, Glass and Stoneware—a large assortment and selling cheap, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

A FACT.—MONEY SAVED by buying your Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at *Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.*

MEN'S and Boys' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, and at all prices, as cheap as the cheapest, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

MUSIC.—Violins, Flutes, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicans,—in short, from a Seraphina down to a Jew's Harp—now on hand and for sale at SAMSON'S.

MEN'S and Boys' SUMMER HATS of all kinds, to wit:—Straw, Chip, Braid, Panama, Otter Skin, Fur and Wool at all prices, according to quality, at

May 18. COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

MISSES' and Children's Flats of all kinds and at very low prices at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

FRUITS and Confections, nice and fresh, just from the city, to be had at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

LADIES' LIGHT KID BOOTS.—A fine assortment of Kid Boots both for Ladies and Misses, just received and for sale by

July 20. 1t WM. BOYER.

WALKING CANES, for gentlemen, of various kinds, just received by *Bringman & Aughinbaugh.*

CANDLES AT 16 CENTS.—A first rate article of Mould Candles can be had, at 16 cents per pound, at NORBECK'S, Kerr's old corner.

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

New Hardware Store.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a Hardware Store, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always intend to offer to the public a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Groceries,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS, SPRINGS, AXLES,
SADDLERY,
Cedar-ware, Shoe Findings,
Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoe-makers, Saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

JUST FROM THE CITY.
With a Larger Stock than Ever!

JACOB NORBECK has just received from the city a large stock of GROCERIES, FISH, &c.,—the largest he has yet offered to the public, and which he is now opening, at his new location, *Kerr's Corner*, on Baltimore street. Give him a call! You will find his

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Teas,

and everything else, the best and the cheapest to be had in town—he having bought at low rates, and being determined to sell fast at small profits. Recollect, Kerr's old corner, Baltimore and High Streets.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1857.

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'
Savings Institution of Adams Co.

THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum. For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

President,
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,
John Brough, John Horner,
Samuel Durboraw, George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman, Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary, D. McConaughy,
William Culp, John Mickley,
Robert Horner, John Throne.
April 6, 1857.

REMOVAL,
AND NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair making business, in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of various descriptions, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Stands, and every other article in their line—ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS made at short notice, and in the various styles.

House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.

Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.

☞ Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.

NORBECK & REILLEY.
Gettysburg, Feb. 23, 1857. 1y

Health or Sickness?
CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

HOLLOWAY'S Pills.—The blood furnishes the material of every bone, muscle, gland and fibre in the human frame. When pure, it secures health to every organ; when corrupt, it necessarily produces disease. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate directly upon the elements of the stream of life, neutralizing the principle of disease, and thus radically curing the malady, whether located in the nerves, the stomach, the liver, the bowels, the muscles, the skin, the brain, or any other part of the system.

Used Throughout the World!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race, and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

Alarming Disorders.

Dyspepsia, and derangement of the liver, the source of infirmity and suffering, and the cause of innumerable deaths, yield to these curatives in all cases, however aggravated, acting as a mild purgative, alterative and tonic; they relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution at the same time.

General Weakness—Nervous Complaints.

When all stimulants fail, the renovating and bracing properties of these Pills give firmness to the shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim of general debility.

In cases of the fracture of bones, injuries caused by steam explosions, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Rheumatism, Stiffness of the Joints, and contraction of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvellous remedy has been introduced by its inventor in person into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

Undeniable Testimony.

The Medical Staff of the French and English Armies in the Crimea have officially signed their approval of Holloway's Ointment, as the most reliable dressing for sabre cuts, stabs, and gun-wounds. It is also used by the surgeons of the Allied Navies.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions	Rheumatism	Sore Throats
Burns	Ringworm	Sores of all kinds
Chapped Hands	Salt Rheum	Sprains
Chilblains	Scalds	Stiff Joints
Fistula	Skin Diseases	Tetter
Gout	Swelled Glands	Ulcers
Lumbago	Sore Legs	Venereal Sores
Mercurial Eruptions	Sore Breasts	Wounds of all kinds
Piles	Sore Heads	

*Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in pots, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

☞ **Caution!**—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a *water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sept. 1, 1856. eowly

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

FOR anything in the Flour, Grocery and Provision line, call at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

TWO DAILY LINES
TO HANOVER.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.—The undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

☞ Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

☞ The undersigned has also effected arrangements by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for Funerals and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.
Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.

Stauffer & Harley.
Cheap Watches and Jewelry,

WHOLESALE and Retail, at the Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store, No. 96 North Second street, corner of Quarry, Philadelphia.

Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 carat cases, $28 00; Gold Lepines, 18 carat, $24 00; Silver Levers, full jeweled, $12 00; Silver Lepines, jewels, $9 00; superior Quartiers, $7 00; Gold Spectacles, $7 00; fine Silver do. $1 50; Gold Bracelets, $3 00; Ladies' Gold Pencils, $1 00; Silver Tea Spoons, set, $5 00; Gold Pens, with pencil and silver holder, $1 00.

Gold Finger Rings, 37½ cents to $80; Watch Glasses, plain, 12½ cents; patent 18¾; Lunet 25; other articles in proportion. All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

STAUFFER & HARLEY.

On hand, some gold and silver Levers and Lepines, still lower than the above prices.

Oct. 20, 1856. 1y

Tailoring.
Removed a Few Doors South of the Old Stand.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the *TAILORING BUSINESS*, near his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞ *The New York Spring and Summer Fashions* are received. Call and see them.

Gettysburg, April 9, 1855.

10 Per Cent. Interest.

A NEW SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—IF you want to invest your money with a certain return of good interest, and at the same time furnish to your families that which will be profitable and useful—buy all your Goods at Fahnestocks' Cheap Store. They have received, and are constantly adding every thing new and desirable to their stock.

April 27, 1857. tf

New Millinery.

MISS LOUISA KATE LITTLE wishes to inform the Ladies of town and country, that she is now prepared to execute Millinery in all its branches, in West Middle street, a few doors below Mr. George Little's store.—Work done cheaper than elsewhere in town. Please call and see.

April 21, 1856.

Bounty Land Claims.

THE undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of claims for Bounty Lands under the late act of Congress. Those who have already received 40 or 80 acres, can now receive the balance, by calling on the subscriber and making the necessary application.

JOEL B. DANNER.
Gettysburg, March 12, 1855. tf

Spouting!

GEORGE and Henry Wampler will make House Spouting and put up the same low, for cash or country produce. Farmers and all others wishing their houses, barns, &c., spouted, would do well to give them a call.

G. & H. WAMPLER.
April 18, 1853. tf

THE LARGEST
Chair & Furniture Establishment
In Baltimore.

MATHIOT'S GAY ST. WAREROOMS, *No. 25 North Gay street*, near Fayette, where are kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor ARM CHAIRS, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff Carved PARLOR CHAIRS, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

SOFAS, half French Spring Mahogany, and Walnut Parlor CHAIRS, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.

ROCKING CHAIRS—various designs, in Hair, Cloth and Plush.

Stuff Spring LOUNGES—a large assortment always on hand, or any pattern made or covered with any goods to order.

CHAMBER SUITS—in Mahogany or Walnut, complete, from $34 up.

CANE CHAIRS and Rocking do.—the largest assortment ready made in any one house in the United States—from $12 a dozen up.

Bar Room, Office and Dining CHAIRS, in Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, with Cane, Wood or Stuffed Seats—an assortment embracing over 50 dozen.

Wood seat CHAIRS and SETTEES and Rocking Chairs—over 100 dozen.

A. MATHIOT, 25 North Gay Street, near Fayette street.
May 18, 1857. 1y

PHILADELPHIA.
Wood Moulding Mill,
Willow Street, above Twelfth, North Side.

MOULDINGS suitable for Carpenters, Builders, Cabinet and Frame Makers, worked from the best and thoroughly seasoned material, always on hand. Any pattern worked from a drawing.

The subscriber having purchased the entire interest, will continue the business with increased facilities.

Agents wanted in the various towns in this portion of the State, to whom opportunities will be offered for large profits to themselves.

SAMUEL B. HENRY.
July 20, 1857. 3m

[illegible] Knives and Forks.

H[illegible] a large and extensive [illegible] attention [illegible] in want of any style of Knives [illegible] Carvers, Nut Picks, &c., to [illegible] We will sell at such [illegible] Also, a large [illegible] stock [illegible] FAHNESTOCKS'.

☞ Country Merchants can be supplied at a small advance. May 18.

GENTLEMEN, do you want to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.? If you do, call at SCHICK'S.

Do You Wish Bargains?
IF SO, GO TO
SCHICK'S CHEAP STORE,
Corner of the Diamond and Baltimore street.

J. L. SCHICK has just returned from Philadelphia with a full and complete assortment of Spring Goods, consisting of Black and Fancy colored Cloths and Cassimeres, of all styles and patterns; also Satinetts, Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men's wear and Satin, Silk, and Marseilles vesting; also, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, and Gloves, at prices to suit the times—which gentlemen wishing a complete outfit, would do very well to examine.

FOR THE LADIES.—Just received a superior assortment of Black Silks, which will be sold low; also, Berege de Laines, Ginghams, Brilliants, Calicoes, Irish Linens, Swiss, Book and Cambric Muslins, Dotted Swiss and Plaid Muslins, Gloves, Ribbons, Collars, Dress Trimmings, &c., &c., which for variety, excellence and cheapness cannot be surpassed in this market.

☞ Recollect, that although there is a great rush to Schick's for bargains, all can be accommodated. No trouble to show Goods. Therefore call in, and examine the largest, richest and cheapest stock you ever laid your eyes on.

Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.

New Goods—New Firm,
AND THE CASH SYSTEM.

GEORGE ARNOLD & CO. have just received from Philadelphia a handsome assortment of Goods, suitable for the season. Our stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

and all Goods in that line, is extensive. Cheap Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeretts, Drap Detate, Linens, Vestings, Drillings, &c., &c. Call and see us. If we cannot please you in a garment ready-made, we have our Tailors constantly cutting out and making up, and can make you a garment upon short notice, and in the very best manner. Our prices cannot be beat.—Give us a call. March 30, '57.

P. S.—I have given Mr. J. C. Gwinn an interest expressly for the purpose of settling up my old business. I have now been operating 37 years and have never until now determined to settle up my business generally. Those therefore who are indebted to me, either by Bond, Note or Book account, will please call and pay the same. GEO. ARNOLD.

March 30, 1857. tf

THE PERRY COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE
Insurance Company,

CAPITAL $139,586—effects insurances in any part of the State, against loss by fire; prudently adapts its operations to its resources; affords ample indemnity, and promptly adjusts its losses.

Adams county is represented in the Board of Managers by Hon. MOSES McCLEAN.

WM. McCLEAN, *Agent.*
Office of M. & W. McClean, Gettysburg.
May 26, 1856.

Important Discovery.
CONSUMPTION
And all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are Positively Curable by Inhalation,

WHICH conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent., for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands, suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 Filbert St., (old No. 109,) below 12th,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
July 20, 1857. 1y

Flour for Sale.

IF you want a good barrel of Flour, call at HOKE'S STORE, as he has made arrangements to have always the best, which he will sell at 25 cents advance.

May 5. JOHN HOKE.

Candles and Soap.

SPERM, Adamantine, Patent and Mould Candles, Castile, Olive, Home-made, Eureka, Variegated, and Rosin Soaps, for sale by E. H. MINNIGH.

CARPET Bags, Trunks, Umbrellas, and Canes, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

CHOICE FARM LANDS
FOR SALE.

THE Illinois Central Railroad Company is now prepared to sell about

1,500,000 Acres of
CHOICE FARMING LANDS,

in tracts of about FORTY ACRES, *on long credits and at low rates of interests.*

These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prairies and openings.

The climate is more healthy, mild and equable, than any other part of the country—the air is pure and bracing, while living streams and springs of excellent water abound.

Bituminous Coal is extensively mined, and supplies a cheap and desirable fuel, being furnished at many points at $2 to $4 per ton—and wood can be had at the same rate per cord.

Building Stone of excellent quality also abounds, which can be procured for little more than the expense of transportation.

The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling—their contiguity to this Road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East and West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found; and present the most favorable opportunity, for persons of industrious habits and small means, to acquire a comfortable independence in a few years.

Chicago is the greatest grain market in the world—and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market, make them much more profitable, at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates,—as the additional cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer, in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.

The Title is Perfect—and when the final payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in Fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.

The Prices are from $6 to $30; Interest only 3 per cent. Twenty per cent. will be deducted from the credit price for Cash.

Those who purchase on long credit, give notes payable in 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years after date, and are required to improve one-tenth annually for five years, so as to have one-half the land in cultivation, at the end of that time.

Competent Surveyors will accompany those who wish to examine these Lands, free of charge, and aid them in making selections.

The Lands remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of.

☞ *Sectional Maps* will be sent to any one who will enclose fifty cents in Postage Stamps, and Books or Pamphlets, containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well known farmers living in the neighborhood of Railroad Lands, throughout the State—also the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, etc.—or any information—will be cheerfully given on application, either personally or by letter, in English, French or German, addressed to JOHN WILSON,

Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.

☞ Office in Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois.

April 20, 1857. 6m

25 WITNESSES;
OR,
THE FORGER CONVICTED.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. CIRCULATION OVER 100,000 COPIES WEEKLY.

JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR,
Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and author of
A Series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,
when, for 10 successive nights, over ☞ 50,000 People ☜
Greeted him with rounds of applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their frauds, and the surest and shortest means of Detecting them!
The Bank Note Engravers all say he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.

GREATEST DISCOVERY
OF THE PRESENT CENTURY FOR
DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES.
Describing every Genuine Bill in existence, and exhibiting, at a glance, every Counterfeit in Circulation!
Arranged so admirably, that REFERENCE IS EASY AND DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.
☞ No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged that the Merchant, the Banker and Business man can see *all at a Glance.*

English, French and German.
THUS EACH MAY READ THE SAME IN HIS OWN NATIVE TONGUE.
MOST PERFECT BANK NOTE LIST PUBLISHED
Also, a list of
ALL THE PRIVATE BANKERS IN AMERICA!
A Complete Summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the important News of the day. Also,
A SERIES OF TALES,
From an old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the most Complete History of
ORIENTAL LIFE.
Describing the most Perplexing Situations in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the public.

☞ Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to

JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall street,
April 27, 1857. 1y New York.

JUST IN SEASON
AND NEVER OUT OF SEASON!

FARMERS, read this, and then come and buy, for we still have "a few more left!" The subscriber takes this method of calling the attention of the public in general to that valuable piece of machinery, styled

Hersh's Patent Hay Hoister and Manure Excavator.

Having the right of all Adams county, he will sell either machines or township rights.

H. G. CARR.

☞ Also, at the same place, you can be accommodated with as fine BUGGIES as can be got up in the State for the same money—constantly kept on hand.

Repairing done, neatly and cheaply, at short notice. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857. 6m

The Rev. C. S. Burnett,

WHILE laboring as a Missionary in Southern Asia, discovered a simple and certain Cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Debility,* and all impurities of the *Blood;* also, an easy and effectual mode of Inhaling the *Remedy.* Actuated by a desire to benefit his suffering fellows, he will cheerfully send the Recipe (free) to such as desire it, with full and explicit directions for preparing and successfully using the Medicine. Address

REV. C. S. BURNETT,
831 *Broadway, N. Y. City.*
August 3, 1857. 6m

Ladies, This Way!

COBEAN & PAXTON have always on hand a large and well selected stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's [illegible] SHOES, GAITERS AND SLIPPERS, of all kinds, and at all prices. No trouble to show Goods. May 18.

THE COMPILER.

A DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

By H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

39TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.: MONDAY, SEPT. 7, 1857. NO. 50.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

☞ *The Republican Compiler* is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1,75 per annum if paid *in advance*—$2,00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

☞ Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. Job Printing done, neatly, cheaply, and with dispatch.

☞ Office in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wampler's Tinning Establishment, one and a half squares from the Court-house, "COMPILER" on the sign.

One Dollar & Seventy-five Cents,
PAID IN ADVANCE,
Will Secure the Regular Visit of
"The Compiler,"
to the Home of any Family in the County.
ITS PERUSAL WILL
Afford Instruction and Amusement
FOR FATHERS,
MOTHERS, BROTHERS AND SISTERS,
OLD AND YOUNG,
MALE AND FEMALE.

No family should be without the Compiler.

☞ $1,75 could be spent in no more profitable manner than by subscribing for the "COMPILER," which will furnish you with all the news of the day, the markets, the marriages and the deaths occurring in the community, with choice selections of literature, poetry, wit and humor, and all that will go to make up a first-rate Family Newspaper. Address the Editor and Proprietor, HENRY J. STAHLE. May 18.

A SMALL FARM,
AT PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 10th day of September next,*

A TRACT OF
Valuable Limestone Land,

containing **28 Acres,** more or less, situate in Germany township, Adams county, on the Turnpike leading from Littlestown to Gettysburg, one quarter of a mile from the former place, adjoining lands of James Renshaw, George Myers, and others. The improvements are a good two story BRICK HOUSE, Log Barn, Corn Crib and Wagon Shed, and other out buildings: a never failing well of water at the door, and several never failing springs on the tract: also an Apple Orchard of choice fruit, with other fruit trees.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned Agent, or on Mr. George Gonder, residing thereon. It is one of the most desirable country residences in the county.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH L. SHORB,
Agent for Jam's L. Scott.

June 29, 1857. ts

A Valuable Farm,
AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of JOHN HEMLER, Sr., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September next,* the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Monaltpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Moses Scott, Peter O'Neal, Daniel Kohler, and others, about 5 miles from Hanover and 3 from New Oxford, containing 82 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Meadow and Timber-land. The improvements are a Two-story Brick Dwelling HOUSE, Log Barn, and a Stone Spring House, (with a never failing Spring to it,) and all necessary out-buildings: an Apple and Peach Orchard, with choice fruit of all kinds. The fences are good, mostly chesnut rails. The land is in first rate order, it having been nearly all limed within the last few years. About 10 Acres of good Woodland to the farm.

☞ Persons wishing to view the property, are requested to call on John Hemler, Jr., residing thereon, or on the subscriber, residing in Oxford township.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH J. SMITH,
Executor of John Hemler, Sr., dec'd.

Aug. 3, 1857. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September,* 1857, on the premises, in Latimore township, Adams county, about one mile and a half from Deardorff's mill, and two miles from Petersburg, the following Real Estate, to wit:

A TRACT OF LAND,

containing 120 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Michael Stambaugh, Moses Myers, Jacob Stitzel, and the Latimore creek, which runs through the farm. The improvements are a Two-story Brick Dwelling HOUSE, Tenant House, Log Barn, Smoke House, Wash House, and other out-buildings, with a well of water near the house. About 15 acres are Woodland, the remainder cleared, in a good state of cultivation and under good fencing. There is also on the premises a Saw, Chopping and Clover Mill. The land is well watered, there being a spring in each field. There is also an Orchard of choice fruit trees on the premises.

☞ Persons wishing to view the premises before the day of sale can do so by calling on Nathaniel Stambaugh, who resides on the same.

☞ Sale to commence at 2 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PHILIP STAMBAUGH.

August 17, 1857.

8 Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Butler township will meet at the School-house, in Middletown, *on Wednesday, the 9th day of September next,* for the purpose of employing Teachers for the Winter term. The County Superintendent will be present to examine Teachers.

F. W. KNOUSS, *Sec'y.*

Aug. 24, 1857. td

3 Teachers Wanted.

A MEETING of the School Directors of Oxford District will be held at the Public School-house in New Oxford, *on Saturday, the 12th of September next,* at 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive applications for Teachers of the Public Schools of the District.

By order of the Board,
J. R. HERSH, *Sec'y.*

Aug. 24, 1857. td

Assignee's Sale.
VALUABLE IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY & REAL ESTATE.

On Saturday, the 26th of September next,

THE Subscriber, Assignee under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors, by THOMAS WARREN & WIFE, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, the following valuable property, viz:

No. 1. TWO LOTS OF GROUND, fronting on Railroad street, on which is erected a valuable Iron and Brass Foundry, known as the "*Gettysburg Foundry,*" with all the necessary apparatus, Steam Engine, Flasks, Patterns, Tools, &c. The Foundry is now in running order, and doing a first-rate business.

No. 2. A HALF LOT OF GROUND, on corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, with a new Two-story Brick DWELLING, with Attic and Basement—large two story Brick Back-building and Attic, Stabling, never-failing well of water, &c.—admirably adapted for a Public House.

No. 3. A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING, adjoining No. 2, with Attic, good cellar, back-building, &c.—also new.

No. 4. A LOT OF GROUND, on corner of Chambersburg and West streets, fronting 60 feet on former street and running back to an alley, with a Two-story Plastered DWELLING, Weather-boarded Back-building, a Frame Shop, Stabling, Well of Water, &c.

No. 5. A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining No. 4, fronting 60 feet on Chambersburg street, on which are erected FOUR Three-story Brick DWELLINGS, with Attics. These will be sold together or separately, to suit purchasers.

No. 6. TWO LOTS OF GROUND, adjoining No. 5, each fronting 60 feet on Chambersburg street and running back to an alley, being desirable building lots.

No. 7. HALF LOT OF GROUND, on East Middle street, adjoining properties of Ephraim Hanaway and Geo. Swope, on which are erected a good Two-story Frame DWELLING, Back-building, Well of Water, &c.

No. 8. A LOT OF GROUND, on West Middle street, adjoining properties of S. S. McNair and others, fronting 60 feet on Middle street, and running back to an alley.

No. 9. FIVE ACRES OF LAND, more or less, near Pennsylvania College, adjoining lands of R. McCurdy, Eden Devan, and others.

No. 10. THE INTEREST OF THOS. WARREN, (being the undivided two-thirds,) in a TRACT OF LAND, in Freedom township, containing 40 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of S. S. McNair and others, known as "Middle Creek Factory." There are on this property a large Two-story DWELLING, Back building, Stabling, Saw Mill, and other improvements. The water-power is equal to any in the county, and furnishes an admirable site for a Mill or Factory.

☞ The interest of D. Warren, who owns the other third of property No. 10, will be sold at the same time so that the purchaser will secure an entire title.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL WEAVER, *Assignee.*

Aug. 17, 1857.

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY virtue of an this Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of Peter Culp, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September next,* the Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Liberty township, Adams county, three miles west of Emmitsburg, adjoining lands of Hon. James McDivit, Maxwell Shields and others, containing 164 Acres, more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared and in a good state cultivation, and much of the balance is well covered with thriving Chesnut and Rock-oak Timber. Between 40 and 50 acres more could easily be cleared. The improvements are a one-and-a-half story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, a young Orchard of choice fruit, &c. There are two good Springs near the dwelling. The road from McDivit's Mill to Sabillasville passes thro' this property.

☞ Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing thereon. It will be offered undivided or in two parts to suit purchasers.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WM. A. COLL, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*

Aug. 10 1857. ts

Administrator's Notice.

SARAH DEARDORFF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Deardorff, late of Straban twp., Adams co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FREDERICK DIEHL, *Adm'r.*

Aug. 24, 1857. 6t

Auctioneering.

ANDREW W. FLEMMING, residing in Breckinridge street, near James Pierce's, Gettysburg, offers his services to the public as a *Sale Crier* and *Auctioneer.* His charges are moderate, and he will on all occasions endeavor to render satisfaction. He hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

Aug. 17, 1857.

Black Silk Hats.

FALL and Winter Style, just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S Fashionable Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Store.

THREADS, Pins, Needles, Thimbles, Ladies' and other Combs, Buttons, Hooks and Eyes, Tooth Brushes, Lead Pencils, Matches, cheap at NORBECK'S.

IF you want to buy GOODS CHEAP, call at G. F. ECKENRODE & BRO'S, at Heidlersburg, Adams co.

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Silk and Soft Hats of every description, and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

CHILDREN'S Shoes of every variety and size, at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S successors to W. W. Paxton

☞ BUY your Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, ☜ at Bringman & Aughinbaugh's, in Chambersburg street, at the sign of the "BIG BOOT."

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Velices, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

The Muse.

A DILEMMA.

Which is the maiden I love best?
Twenty now are buzzing round me:
Three in their milk-white arms have wounded me
Gently, yet I feel no rest!
One has showered her black locks o'er me,
Ten kneel on the ground before me,
Casting forth such beams of blue,
That I'm pierc'd—oh! through and through!
Bacchus! gods! what *can* I do?
Which *must* I love best?

Tell me—(ah, more gently take me,
Sweet one, in thy warm white arms!)
Tell me—which will ne'er forsake me
Through all life's ills and harms?
Is it *she,* whose blood's retreating
From that forehead crowned with pride?
Is it *she,* whose pulse is beating
Full against my unarm'd side?
What do all these things betide?
Strong my doubts grow—strong—and stronger:
Quick! give answer to my call!
If ye pause a moment longer,
I shall love ye—ALL?

Miscellaneous.

The Capitol Extension.

The enlargement of the Capitol at Washington is progressing to completion as rapidly as the nature of the work will admit. The *Union* of Thursday last informs us that the Southern wing is in a more advanced state than the Northern. The new Hall of the House of Representatives occupies the centre of the South wing. The scaffolding has just been taken down, and the ceiling presents a rich and gorgeous appearance, surpassing in finish any in this country. The hall is rectangular, one hundred and thirty-nine feet long from east to west, ninety-three feet wide, and about thirty-six feet high. It will be lighted by sky-lights in the ceiling and a glass roof, and at night by large chandeliers suspended between the ceiling and the roof. The Speaker's chair will be situated on the south side of the Hall, and the members' seats, three hundred in number, arranged in a semi-circular form fronting it. There will be a continuous gallery on three sides of the hall—the north, east and west—capable of seating twelve hundred persons, and a separate gallery for reporters, behind the Speaker's chair. The walls of the hall, under the galleries, will contain panels for paintings, and, above, niches for statuary. The hall itself will be nearly surrounded by a corridor, affording convenient communication with the post-office, the retiring rooms, and the committee rooms. The public galleries will be entered from a corridor surrounding them in the second story, which will be reached by a splendid stairway. Workmen are now employed in preparing the floor for the seats of the members, in putting up the galleries, and in covering the walls with an ornamental finish of cast iron.

The new Senate chamber is situated in the centre of the north wing of the Capitol, and is constructed on a similar plan with that of the Hall of the House of Representatives, only smaller, being one hundred and twelve feet long by eighty-two wide. This leaves more room in the building for corridors and other apartments. The Senate retiring-room, situated in the north front of the wing, is to be a magnificent apartment. It will be thirty-eight feet in length by twenty-one and a half in height. The ceiling is to be of pure white Italian marble, and is to be supported by polished Corinthian columns and pilasters of the same material, with richly carved capitals. The walls are to be of the richest Tennessee marble, set with large plate-glass mirrors, and at each end of the room are to be niches filled with statuary. The other rooms of the north and east sides of this wing are designed for private reception-rooms for the Senators.

The completion of this improvement of the Capitol will be a source of pride to every American, illustrating as it does the advancement of our country in population, wealth, power, and all the elements which constitute a mighty nation.

Genius.—Intellect can't bear fashionable refinement, and dies under it in one or two generations. If you would select a youth who is likely to make his mark in the world take one who is carting mud in a clam shell wagon, or building houses in the sand—and not the delicate boy who is fondling a china lap dog on the parlor carpet. Daniel Webster's father made a cradle for little Dan out of a pine log with an axe and anger; and Lewis Cass was rocked by his staid New Hampshire mother in a second hand sugar trough. The greatest architects for the manufacture of genius are Poverty and Democracy.

☞ At a festival which came off in Niagara county, a boy who did not get a fair chance at the eatables, said some of the voracious visitors had been starving themselves so long in anticipation of the feast, that they were hollow all the way down, and he could hear the first "mouthful they swallowed strike on the bottom of their boots!"

☞ Cromwell did not wait to strike until the iron was hot, *but made it hot by striking.*

☞ If you do good, forget it; if evil, remember and repent of it.

Long Speeches,

When written or extempore, are rarely either pleasant or profitable. It is daring for an orator to exceed 50 minutes, and yet many a public speaker, who would not like to be thought impudent, pushes on through an hour and a half with as much assurance as if he were Cicero himself. These egotistical fellows seem never to imagine that anybody can weary of their 'sweet voices,' and so terebate away, regardless of the fact that five hundred people are cheated out of their dinners, or their beds, or the eloquence of the next man in the programme of the day, who would have made a good speech, perhaps, if there had been time for any speech at all, after the everlasting prelective *de omnibus rebus et quibusdam aliis* by the Rev. Dr. Prosy or the Hon. Mr. Infinite.—Prolixity is the crying sin of American oratory; and diffuseness of style and paucity of ideas are simply matters of course, and evils necessarily incident to the cardinal vice. To sufferers from long speeches it is some consolation to know that the long-winded orator punishes himself as well as his audience; and turns the best success of forty minutes into a signal failure by the added twenty-five. Verdict: "Serves him aight."

This is the very sensible opinion of the editor of the Boston Post upon a subject that has more or less interest for every person who attends public meetings of any kind. Our friend of the Post is probably a believer in the doctrine of the old Jersey farmer, who complimented Commodore Stockton, at the close of one of his most elaborate stump-speeches, in the campaign of 1852, by telling him that what *he* liked, was "*short* speeches and *long drinks!*"—As the Commodore's speech had been a very long one, he did not feel very highly flattered with the remark of the blunt old farmer; but he endeavored to repair his mistake by standing treat to the crowd.

An Extraordinary Family.

A traveller through Wetzel county, Va., observed that in almost every precinct there lived three or four families by the name of Morris, and having some anxiety to learn the extent of the family, made inquiry and was directed to the mother of the whole tribe for information, having been previously told that she lived, though upwards of ninety-four years of age. He interrogated the good old lady politely and gently, and succeeded in ascertaining that she was the mother of twenty-five children, 21 sons and 4 daughters. She has 121 grand children, 118 great grand children, and 1 great great grand child, all (with the exception of five dead, 2 girls and three boys) now living in the one neighborhood. One of her sons has 16 children, one 12, and another 11. One of the girls is the mother of twelve children, and another the mother of 13: all the rest of them produced between five and seven. One of the sons, who is now quite an old man, lives within seven miles of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but never saw a railroad track until a few days ago.

The father, grandfather, and great-grandfather of this whole kingdom of Morrises, died at the age of 77, twenty-one years ago. The twenty-five sons and daughters all lived to be grown up men and women. We venture to assert that this universal family stands without a parallel, in point of fruitfulness.—The old lady was sorry to say that two of the girls were never married, and three of the boys were similarly unfortunate. They are represented to be quiet, inoffensive people, entirely free from the small vices which usually beset humanity; there are no drunkards in the family, and few of them make use of profane language. Their conduct and course of life is invariably characterized by honesty, uprightness and strict integrity. We challenge the world to produce another such family as the Morrises.—*Wheeling (Va.) paper.*

The Hang of It.—Old Judge S., a considerable farmer of F—— county, Vermont, bought a new scythe for his son Jim, and set him to work in the meadow, with the rest of the hay-makers. "It don't work right," said Jim to the honored "parient" after cutting a clip or two. "What is the matter with it?" inquired the Judge. "It don't hang right on the snaith," said Jim, stopping to adjust the scythe anew. Scythes often plague the mowers in this way, at first; and Jim's scythe was particularly obstinate. So the old gentleman tinkered over and over again. "It don't hang any better," said Jim, plaintively. "Then hang it to suit yourself," said the Judge. "So I will," said Jim—and *hanging the scythe on a tree,* he lazily retired from the field. The "parient" was "slightually" astonished, but he "let him went."

Consolation.—A passenger on board a ship bound for California, who had been sea-sick all the way out to the line, one day went to the doctor, and in a sad, supplicating tone, accosted him with, "Doctor, can you tell me what I shall be good for when I get to San Francisco, if I keep on this way?"

"Tell you, to be sure I can. You're just the man to begin a grave yard with."

☞ It won't do for a man to bump his head against an iron pot, even with a brick in his hat, unless he conscientiously believes that his head is the hardest.

☞ One to-day is worth two to-morrows.

☞ A project is on foot to tunnel the Hudson river at Albany.

A Good Dog Story.

Here is a good story: About ten o'clock on Thursday night, the attention of a family in our city, was attracted by the strange movements of their Newfoundland dog. He whined piteously, and several times caught hold of the leg of his owner's pantaloons and attempted to pull him out into the yard. The dog would then let go his hold, run out and then return again. This was done several times, and finally the owner went into the yard, when the dog, evidently delighted, commenced pawing the ground at the gateway, and made sundry other demonstrations that showed that something very extraordinary had happened. Presently the gateway was opened and a bundle was immediately picked up by the animal and carried in the house, and put at the feet of one the family. The dog, although he had fulfilled his mission, laid himself down and watched the movements and further developments yet to be made. On opening the bundle, it was found to contain a live male baby apparently a week old. Should not like to own that dog.

A Dead Nigger.

When the Cholera was at its worst in 1849 in New Orleans, an old negro who had weathered the yellow fever many times at length got frightened at the havoc which the new disease was making among all classes. His master one night heard him praying to the angel of the lord, by the light of a tallow candle, "to spare him dis time den take him to glory." But he concluded his prayer by professing perfect submission to the will of "the angel of the lord," even should he be called for to go immediately on his long journey. Sambo's master determined to test the sincerity of this last profession. He knocked loudly and distinctly at his door.

"Who dar?" asked Sambo.

"The angel of the Lord," was answered.

"What you want?"

"I have called for Sambo."

The master heard the candle suddenly extinguished with a whoof, and Sambo energetically answered.

"He not here! dat nigger has been dead dis three weeks."

A Ship in Love.

"Talking of conundrums," said old Hurricane, stretching himself all over Social Hall, and sending out one of those mighty puffs of Havana smoke which had given him his name. "Can any one tell me when a ship may be said to be in love."

"I can tell—I can," snipped out Little Tartle. "It's when she wants to be manned."

"Just missed it," quoth old Hurricane—"by a mile. Try again. Who speaks first?"

"I do," secondly answered Lemons. "It's when she wants a mate."

"Not correct," replies Hurricane.—"The question is still open."

"When she's a ship of great size," (sighs,) modestly responded Smoothly.

"When she's *tender to a man of war,*" said the Colonel, regarding the reflection of his face in his boot.

"Everything but correct," responded Hurricane.

"When's she's struck back by a heavy swell," suggested Starlight.

"Not as yet," said Hurricane.—"Come, hurry along."

"When she *makes much of a fast sailor,*" cried Smashpipes.

Here there was a great groan, and Smashpipes was thrown out of the window. When peace was restored, old Hurricane "propelled" again.

"You might have said, 'when she hugs the wind,' or, 'when she runs down after a smack,' or, 'when she's after a consort,' or something of that sort. But it wouldn't have been right. The real solution is when she attached to a *buoy.*"

A Very Pretty Sentiment—(for which we expect no end of pretty presents.)—Between a Man's Love and a Woman's Love, there is all the difference between lending and giving: With woman, love is a gift—with man it is only a loan. The loan is for the moment, or for the particular evening, or, it may be for six months, or, perhaps, as long as six years; but with woman, the gift is one that lasts all her life.

Jenny Lind.—Mr. Otto Goldschmidt, the husband of Jenny Lind, is at present in England, making arrangements for the removal thither of his family, which is passing the summer at the village of Oberlessnitz, near Dresden, and has recently been increased by the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Lind Goldschmidt's voice, it is said, has neither lost in quantity nor in quality, and she would not refuse the offer of another musical tour through the United States.

☞ A newly arrived John Chinaman in Chasta, California, purchased some ice recently, and finding it very wet laid it out to *dry in the sun.* On going to look for it again he found that it had disappeared, and forthwith accused the whole Chinese neighborhood of larceny. A general row was the consequence.

An Irish Will.—I leave and bequeath to my beloved wife Bridget, the whole of my property, real, personal and mixed. One half of the remainder to my oldest son Patrick, the balance to my youngest son Dennis, the blackguard; and should there be anything left, it goes to Terrance McCarty.

☞ Willis calls the nether limbs of ladies "suppositions." Yes, they are *supposed* to be "there or thereabouts."

☞ Dead—Eugene Sue.

A Crushing Exposure.

A speechmaker, in the western part of Virginia, during a Presidential canvass, has given us the following anecdote. He was holding forth upon the merits of Gen. Harrison, and especially upon his courage, tact, and success as a military commander. While in the midst of his discourse, a tall, guant man—who was probably a school-master in those parts—arose from the crowd, and said, in a voice which penetrated the whole assembly, "Mister! Mister! I want to ax you a question." To this the orator assented, and the man went on as follows: "We are told, fellow-citizens, that Gineral Harrison is a mighty great gineral; but I say he's one of the very meanest sort of generals. We are told here to-night, that he defended himself bravely at Fort Meigs, but I tell you that, on that occasion, he was guilty of the *Small Tail Movement,* and I challenge the orator here present to deny it!" The speaker declared his utter ignorance of what the intruder meant by "Small Tail Movement." "I'll tell you," said the man; "I've got it here in black and white. Here is Grimshaw's History of the United States," holding up the book, "and I'll read what it says:—'At this critical moment, Gen. Harrison executed a *novel* movement!' Does the gentleman deny that?" "No, go on."—"Well, he executed a *novel* movement. Now, here's Johnson's Dictionary," taking the book out of his pocket and holding it up, "and here it says: —'Novel—*a small tale!*' And this was the kind of movement Gen. Harrison was guilty of. Now, I'm no soger, and don't know much of milentary tictacks—but this I do say, a man who, in the face of an enemy, is guilty of a *Small Tail Movement,* is not fit to be President of the United States, and he shan't get my vote!" The relator of the anecdote says that it was quite impossible for him to overcome the effect of this speach, and we are left to conclude that the vote of that vicinity was given to Van Buren.—*Recollections of a Lifetime. By S. G. Goodrich (Peter Parley.)*

It Runs in the Family.

A correspondent of the *New York Tribune* makes the following disclosures relative to the family of Mrs. Cunningham:

This attempt to impose a spurious child upon the public, and thus obtain possession of the estate of Bardell, although very clumsily performed, is characteristic of the family to which Mrs. Cunningham belongs. Her oldest sister, now deceased, practiced a trick of the same description and for a similar purpose, about thirty years ago. I speak of a matter touching which I was fully informed at the time, and the circumstances being of a nature calculated to make a deep impression on the mind, are yet fresh in my recollection. It was in the year 1827, I think, that Sarah Hempstead, of Brooklyn, entrapped an unlucky Bermudian, then a resident of Middletown, Connecticut, into matrimony. She was a showy, dashing girl, of a tidy figure, fair manners, and an invincible propensity of intrigue—just the person to bamboozle the simple-minded islander, who had been bred to the sea, and had only a sailor's knowledge of the sex. He carried her to Middletown, whither she was accompanied by a younger sister, called Anne, the same examplary female, I presume, who testified with such simplicity and candor in the recent Cunningham case, under the name of Ann Barns. Those women were kindly received by the friends of Sarah's husband, who were respectable and influential people, and through their means found their way into a social circle, distinguished for its cultivation and refinement. But I must reserve for another letter a narrative of the manner in which Sarah freed herself from her husband, and swindled his lawful heirs of his property. Meanwhile I will inform you that the trick undertaken by Mrs. Cunningham was successfully performed by her sister, and that another sister aided and assisted in the fraud, her own illegitimate offspring being represented as Sarah's child by her deceased husband.

☞ Brown is a married man. A few days since he thought of taking a trip to Paris. One of his friends meeting him in the street inquired:

"Well, Brown, my boy, when are you off?"

"To-morrow."

"Don't take your wife with you?"

"No! it is a voyage of pleasure."

☞ "If a man steals my umbrella," says Hunker, "it's no use makin' a fuss, it only shows *that umbrella equilibrium has been broken!* Now, if I take one *from some one else, that restores the equipoise,*—there is really no umbrella *lost;* an umbrella is only *lost* when it is *used up.*"

☞ A Western paper offers to write "Mr." before, or "Esq." after the names of such of its subscribers, in directing their papers to them, as will pay twenty-five cents extra, or, add both of said "handles" for fifty cents extra. Cheap enough for a luxury.

Thunder and Sunshine.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* states that a terrific clap of thunder, at about half-past five on Sunday afternoon, startled the city out of its propriety. The sun was shining brightly at the time, and not a cloud marred the clean azure of the sky. Its lengthened rumbling roll was like the growling under-working of an earthquake.

☞ Never accuse others to excuse yourself.

Drilling vs. Broadcasting.

Having noticed a number of different opinions in regard to drilling and broadcasting, I am willing to give my experience on this subject. I purchased in company with a neighbor, a drill, (J. P. Ross' patent.) In the spring of 1855, the first sowing was a piece of spring wheat. Not knowing anything about the drilling system, I sowed part with the drill and part broadcast in the same field and on the same day. That put in with a drill was more that a quarter better than that sown broadcast, both in straw and grain. I tried my oats in the same manner: they were also better where they were drilled. I have sowed all my grain since with the drill, being satisfied that it is the only proper method of puting grain into the ground.—My neighbor, in sowing his buckwheat, had part sown with the drill and part broadcast, and when harvested the drilled was about half better; it was all well filled, while the broadcast was hardly filled—both put in the same day and in the same field.

I think it is better on other accounts than broadcasting. It saves a quarter of the seed; besides it cultivates the land, and leaves it in good condition for the crops, better than can be done with the harrow. The grain is all put in at an even depth in the soil, and I am satisfied that it is a paying machine.

I also have a thresher and mower, and I think they are good machines; but my drill pays me the most of any. It takes less time and seed and betters the crop, and in dry seasons they are indispensable. Knowing what I do about the drill, I think farmers cannot afford to sow broadcast if they can obtain a drill. I would like to have others give their experience on the same subject.

SARATOGA FARMER.

☞ "Do you think you are fit to die?" asked a mother of her neglected child.

"I dont know," said the little girl, taking hold of her dirty dress with her dirty fingers and inspecting it—"I guess so, if I ain't too dirty."

The Duty of the Democratic Party.

It is in the power of the Democratic party to give lasting permanence and efficacy to her great triumph of last November, and it is her solemn and imperative duty to do so. When the pure, able and sagacious statesmen, James Buchanan, was elected over the sectional adventurer, John C. Fremont, it was a glorious triumph of the Union and the Constitution over a sectional fanaticism, whose success would have been the death-knell to both, and would have buried their hopes beneath their own ruins forever. When that fearful struggle was over, and it was known that the national party—the Democracy—had triumphed, a sense of relief and gratitude was felt in every Democratic breast throughout the Union. All felt that the great crisis was past, and that our confederated existence was again secure for a time. All seemed to realize the mighty consequences that were involved in the contest through which they had just passed, and we presume that every Democrat in the nation vowed in his own heart that he would never again grow cold or indifferent in regard to the importance of preserving the Union and the Constitution, or become lax in the full discharge of every duty to that great party to which he individually, and the whole country, owed so much. This vow, too, we have no doubt, was made in good faith, and with a full determination that it should never be violated. How is it with us to day? If we feel the same ardor—the same sleepless anxiety for the party's success—the same willingness to forget and forgive personal and private differences—the same determination to vote the whole Democratic ticket, regardless of our likes and dislikes—all for the sake of the public good, and the protection of our State and nation from the hands of those who would sacrifice their stability to sectionalism, or barter their interests to mammoth corporations, we may feel confident that we are still laborers in the good cause, and that another triumph, equally signal, if less important to that of 1856, awaits us in October next.

Every Democrat ought to just feel and act as if the whole success of the party depended upon his own vote—that unless he voted for the whole ticket it would be defeated; and therefore the *principles* of the party sacrificed to the opposition. No Democrat should excuse himself from voting for this or that candidate on the plea that there will be plenty of votes without his to elect. If there should be a candidate on the ticket that you do not personally like, do not throw him aside on the ground that your vote would only count one, and therefore it is of no consequence. Reflect that you are not voting for *men,* but for *principles*—you are not declaring whether you prefer Mr. A. or Mr. B. for this or that office, but you are saying simply that you want to see the Democratic party triumphant, because you believe its principles are right, and its success necessary to promote the public weal.—*Waynesburg Messenger.*

The Compiler.

H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Sept. 7, 1857.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM F. PACKER, of Lycoming.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NIMROD STRICKLAND, of Chester.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM STRONG, of Berks,
JAMES THOMPSON, of Erie.

Delegate Elections and County Convention.

☞At a meeting of the Democratic Standing Committee of Adams county, held at the house of H. D. Wattles, in Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 5th of August, 1857, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, That the supporters of Democracy in Adams county be, and they are hereby, requested to meet at their usual places of holding Borough and Township meetings, on SATURDAY THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER INSTANT, and elect two Delegates from each Borough and Township whose duty it shall be to meet in County Convention, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY FOLLOWING, the 21st, for the purpose of nominating a Ticket to be supported by the friends of Equal Rights, the Union and the Constitution, at the fall election, and selecting a Delegate to the next Democratic State Convention. The Delegate elections to be held between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., except in the Borough of Gettysburg, where it will be held between 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

H. J. STABLE, Chair'n.

☞A grand Democratic Mass Meeting is to be held in Independence Square, Philadelphia, on Thursday night next. Many eminent speakers are expected to be present, among whom are STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS and Hon. WM. F. PACKER.

The Missouri Election.—The official report shows that Col. STEWART, the Democratic candidate for Governor, of Missouri, is elected by 334 majority.—The official vote stands: For STEWART, 47,975; for ROLLINS, 47,641. In announcing the election of Col. STEWART, the St. Louis *Leader* of the 27th, says:—"The Democratic party has beaten the coalition, and remains on the field, a clearly ascertained MAJORITY of the whole people of Missouri."

☞Accounts from Kansas represent the Territory as generally quiet, and that the free State men are becoming excited among themselves. They are divided in opinion as to their future policy; the conservative portion being in favor of dropping the free State organization, adopting Gov. Walker's policy, and going into the October election for members of the Legislature and Delegate to Congress. They had held a convention, and passed resolutions to that effect. Those opposed to this policy, however, were to hold a general convention to decide finally upon the question of going into the election, and to define the general line of policy which they will pursue.

☞One of our exchanges justly remarks that those who fail to read the advertisements in a newspaper, often lose much more than they imagine.—Advertisements are printed to be read just as much as any other item of news, and it is just as essential to read them. There is not an advertisement printed that is not of importance to some one. Nothing speaks more clearly of a man's prosperity in business, than the manner in which he advertises.

☞A Montour Know Nothing paper feels it slippery walking with 'darkey' soled shoes over Hindoo ground, and says, in despair, "from present indications, there is no prospect of defeating Packer." Right—for once! Packer's bound to win,—certain—sure!

"In Berks, Lehigh, and other German counties, it is stated that Wilmot's prospects are very flattering."—*Doylestown Intel.*

☞The prospects of Know Nothing and Black Republican candidates are always very flattering before elections, but after, they turn out to be dissolving views. This time one year ago, the *prospects* of a certain enterprising young man, named John C. Fremont, were very flattering, and he was certain of being the next President, much more so than Wilmot now is of being the next Governor.

☞The State of Maine newspaper announces the resignation of Judge Curtis, of the Supreme Court, to take effect on the first of October.

☞The nett amount in the Treasury of the United States, at this time, subject to draft, is $10,500,000.

England's Asiatic Affairs.

The new complication and probable rupture of the *entente cordiale* between St. James and St. Cloud, arising from the suspension of French diplomatic relations with Turkey on matters pertaining to the ten Principalities, look ominous. Great Britain is assuredly on the brink of an imminent danger.—Should "France fall off," at the very time when the Persian Shah refuses to abide by the terms of his treaty and evacuate Herat; when the Indian mutiny is raging furiously and the Sepoys faithless, and when all her available army will be wanted in China, it will tax the sagacity of Palmerston to the utmost to avoid a dilemma. From Constantinople to the spicy isles of the orient, belting the entire continent of Asia, a chain of involvements seems to be forming around British interests, designs and possessions; but whether they can drag Palmerston down or he can find some way to cut the Gordian knot, remains yet to be seen. The traces of Russian craft and French policy are evident to the careful observer, and it is not out of the range of probability that the bear and the cock may yet unite against the lion, to tear away some of the spoils; and Prussia will not be idle should any division be proposed.

The breaking out of a new war in Turkey would most seriously embarrass England; she would be unable to effect anything, or retain any of her prestige by force, and, therefore, her lion's skin being too short, she would have to eke it out with the fox's after the manner of Richelieu. But whether in that game of finesse, she could compete with her great rivals, and stock the cards in the rubber of all fours between the Courts of London, Paris, St. Petersburg and Berlin, is more than doubtful. It looks as if the French Emperor and the Russian Czar had caught the British Cabinet in the toils, with serious affairs to disturb them, immediate succors and heavy munitions required, and all their available troops already pre-occupied, while constant calls are making for more. If this has been the pre-conceived plan to teach England her vulnerable point and show her weakness, unless leaning on the arm and resources of Louis Napoleon, the crisis has been shrewdly chosen, and the domestic conference at the Isle of Wight between Victoria and the French Emperor may be "productive of results," as the Delphic oracles of modern diplomacy use the phrase. From our neutral stand point the entanglement has become interesting, and we shall watch the issue with more of curiosity than sympathy with any of the parties.

Not So!

☞The *York Gazette* says: We see it stated, by one of the opposition prints, that Gen. Packer, in his speech, in the Court-house on Monday evening of last week, applied the term "abolitionist" to David Wilmot. This is a mistake. Gen. Packer, as will be testified by the hundreds who heard him, did no such thing. We ourselves heard the remarks of Gen. P.—we listened attentively—and the only mention of Wilmot we heard was when his name was necessarily introduced in connexion with his action in Congress upon questions affecting the Missouri Compromise, Wilmot Proviso, &c. On these questions Wilmot acted with the avowed abolitionists is Congress. That he uttered one word of abuse of the great embodiment of Black Republicanism, no truthful man of his large audience will assert.

Wilmot in Philadelphia.

Judge WILMOT commenced his stumping process at Philadelphia on Monday evening week. The Daily *News* says he spoke just two hours—one hour and forty-seven minutes being devoted to the subject of slavery, two minutes to Know Nothingism, one minute to something else, and ten more to slavery! The *News* adds that the hall in which he spoke was pretty well filled at the commencement of his speech, but that when he concluded all but about one fourth of the audience had left.

The *Press* publishes a synopsis of the speech, corroborating the statement of the *News* as to its character. Judge WILMOT is a weak man, an earnest speaker but a hobbyist. He cannot embrace several subjects in a speech.—If elected Governor, his administration would in like manner be devoted to a single purpose. That purpose would be the agitation of the Slavery question, and our people would thus be kept in a continual ferment about it, while all their legitimate business would be neglected and the revenues of the State squandered. But there is not the slightest danger of his election. Even in the speech we refer to, WILMOT spoke of the Democracy as "the dominant party," and seemed to have no hope of an election himself.—*Clinton Democrat.*

☞Hundreds of men who voted for Fremont last year will rally to the standard of the three P.'s—"Packer, Pennsylvania, and Peace."

☞The mail train from Dayton to Sandusky, on the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad, ran off the track, near Castilla, 14 miles from Sandusky, on Tuesday, and the engine and baggage car went over the embankment. Henry Ross, the baggage master, David Casset, the train boy, and Mr. Kunkle, the editor of a Sandusky paper, were instantly killed. Two or three others were injured.

The Coming Contest.

Never, perhaps, have the people of Pennsylvania been called upon to participate in an election fraught with so much importance as the one now before us. The issue involved is plain—Freedom or Slavery.—*K. N. paper.*

We were not disposed to underrate the importance of the approaching political contest, but really we never supposed it could possibly outrank in magnitude all previous campaigns. That great and important discovery was reserved for one of our freedom shrieking opponents. Now that it has been announced to us and to the world, we can but wonder at our blindness—especially as "the issue involved is plain," and that issue nothing short of "Freedom or Slavery." Although a new light has dawned upon us, we must acknowledge that we are even yet a little in the dark. "Freedom or Slavery" involved in the contest before us—a contest for State officers exclusively, and in a Free State to boot. Wonder of wonders! What *does* it mean? Are we all going to be kidnapped? Won't somebody inform us, so that we may have time to hide ourselves among "the limbs of the highermost trees!"

If, says the *Valley Spirit*, the issue is "Freedom or Slavery," it must be Freedom or Slavery *in Pennsylvania*. Freedom prevails in Pennsylvania—who proposes to introduce Slavery? Not Gen. Packer, nor William Strong, nor James Thompson, nor Nimrod Strickland, nor the Democratic party, whose candidates they are. Does David Wilmot intend to bring "the curse of Slavery" upon us? Does he design to subvert our Freedom and reduce us to Slavery? He does some strange things, but this would be the strangest of all. If the issue really is "Freedom or Slavery," as the Know Nothing paper asserts, Mr. Wilmot must entertain some horrible design which he has not yet disclosed to the public. Our safety lies in preventing him from reaching a position in which he can do harm to our cherished Freedom. If we put him in the Governor's chair, with a Legislature of his own stripe to back him, we may all be sold "in pursuance of an Act of Assembly" before we are well aware of it. We would have been badly "sold" by the late Legislature, if the Supreme Court had not come to our rescue. We certainly will be very badly *sold* if we elect Wilmot.

☞A Mr. Bunker of Buffalo, it is said, has invented a life preserving shirt, as well as a vest, to be worn by those who travel our inland lakes and rivers, and who go out upon the "great deep" in ships. In the present prevailing fashions for ladies, with their tremendous hooped skirts, the Erie Observer wonders that his genius did not take a *wider* flight, and include them also. If hoops could only be made life preservers, they would in case of accident save the lives of multitudes of the sex who wear them: by holding to an "apron string" or crinoline, thousands of the sterner sex might be rescued from a watery grave. We suggest to Mr. Bunker the idea of *extending* his invention.

☞COMMODORE CASSIN, who died at Georgetown on Saturday week, was upwards of 70 years of age. He had been in the naval service fifty-seven years.—He entered in 1800, and was on the retired list at the time of his death. He commanded the Ticonderoga, under Commodore McDonough, on Lake Champlain, 1814. He entered the navy when a boy, and under Perry, at the naval battle on Lake Erie, where he distinguished himself and was promoted. He was a terror to the pirates who invested the Atlantic Ocean, and on the 28th and 29th of September, 1822, he captured five piratical vessels.

Free Negroes Purchased by a Slave.—A few days ago several free negroes were put up at auction in Norfolk county, Va., and sold to labor for a term sufficient to liquidate their taxes. Singular to relate, four of them were purchased by a slave in Portsmouth, who felt quite proud of the distinction, and made known his determination to get the full value of his money out of them, or know the reason why.

☞We note in the New York *Tribune* an advertisement of a lady for a husband. "None need apply under six feet!" Our devil thinks that woman is strongly desirous of *hy*-men, and offers to bet all he is worth, and more too, that she is not over 4 feet 6 in hight herself.

Borrowing Southern Customs.—How does it come that Mr. Wilmot and his backers, who are so studiously decry everything pertaining to the South, propose to inaugurate in Pennsylvania the Southern system of "stumping?" We hope they won't undertake to introduce Slavery next.

A Snug Little Fee.—The Fort Smith (Ark.) Herald learns that the Creek Council, at its recent session, allowed Albert Pike $130,000 for his services in prosecuting their claim.

☞The interest of Hezekiah Easton in the Chambersburg Repository and Transcript, being the two-thirds, was sold by the Sheriff on Saturday week, for $3,250.

☞Gov. Stevens, Democrat, has been elected delegate to Congress from Washington Territory by a handsome majority.

☞Dr. Dick, the celebrated author, is dead.

The Testimony of a "Republican."

Hon. A. Stewart, of Ohio, formerly a Democrat, was elected to Congress, as an opponent of the Nebraska Act, and has ever since the election, acted with the Black Republican party.—He has recently made a tour of Kansas and in a late number of the Steubenville, Ohio, *Union*, he gives an account of what he saw and heard whilst in the society of some of the miscalled "Free State" leaders, Robinson, Lane and others. He says of these shameless charlatans that

"They avowed their intention of voting down the Constitution, whether good or bad; saying that they had a majority, and would make a constitution in their own time, and such a one as they wanted. To a suggestion that it would be of vast interest to the prosperity of the Territory to have political matters settled immediately and finally, the reply was that such a settlement would build up the 'd—d Democratic' party, which they desired to see crushed to atoms."

"I withdrew more than ever convinced that the Free State leaders do not desire to see peace or fraternal feeling prevail among the people. Their object is to keep Kansas 'bleeding' for the purpose of furnishing Black Republican electioneering capital in the States. Looking over the whole field, and after mixing with the people of the Territory for near a month, such a conclusion forces itself upon me irresistibly."

Now this is the testimony of a member of the Black Republican party, and of course, his political brethren cannot and dare not deny the correctness of his statements. They were wont to grow wrathful, indeed, when Democrats doubted the truthfulness of the reports relative to Kansas published in the *New York Tribune*; we hope, therefore, that they will be as credulous as ever, and believe, with their usual faith, the narrative of Stewart, their fellow Niggerite.—If the minions of Greeley were to be believed last fall, (and the friends of Fremont insisted that every word they published was true) then, most assuredly, are the statements of a Black Republican member of Congress thrice worty of belief. If the *Tribune's* stories concerning "Bleeding Kansas" were worthy of credit, then must the dupes of Black Republicanism also believe their brother, Stewart, when he says, "THE OBJECT OF THE FREE STATE LEADERS IS TO KEEP KANSAS 'BLEEDING' FOR THE PURPOSE OF FURNISHING BLACK REPUBLICAN ELECTIONEERING CAPITAL IN THE STATES."—*Bedford Gazette.*

To Be Exposed.

Mr. Swoope, Chairman of the "Straight-out" State Committee, in a speech before the Hazelhurst meeting, in Philadelphia, a few evenings since, made mention of a matter which caused considerable consternation among the corrupt hirelings of the Republican press. He said that he "had evidence to prove that during the Presidential contest last fall, certain Know Nothing journals, some of which suddenly changed from Fillmore to Fremont, and others professing still to be for Fillmore but urged Fusion, were paid for pursuing the course they did, and further, that he meant to make public the facts, at his own convenient time, and show who were the men who were thus bribed."—The *News* says that a clap of thunder and lightning on a cloudless day could not have caused a greater fright to the Wilmot men.—We hope Mr. Swoope will make good his words, and expose the Know Nothing and "neutral" editors who were bought with money to espouse the cause of Fremont. We always felt satisfied that a "corruption fund" had effected the views of certain editors. We hope (with the Volunteer) now to see the names of these editors made public.

☞Did any of our delinquent subscribers—for we have some—ever think of this:—

"What would you think of a farmer who had raised a thousand bushels of wheat, and who should sell it to a thousand different persons scattered all over the State, and agree to wait a year for his pay from each of them, and if one-half of them did not pay at the end of the year, he should give them another bushel of wheat, and agree to wait another year for his pay, and thus go on year after year? How long would such a farmer escape bankruptcy?—probably not very much longer than publishers of newspapers who follow such practices. It costs the editor of a weekly paper as much to supply a thousand subscribers with it for one year as it costs a farmer to raise a thousand bushels of wheat.—The farmer sells his grain in bulk.—Newspapers are sold to a thousand different persons living in different towns in the county, and different counties in the State, and he must wait until the end of the year before he can get his payment, and then he depends wholly upon the honesty and responsibility of the subscriber, for it is impossible that he should know the character of all his subscribers. It will not pay him to go around or send around the county or State to collect his dues. It would cost more than the collections would come to."

☞The testimonial gotten up by the merchants of New York, and which it was intended to have presented to the late Wm. L. Marcy, has just been completed. It consists of a magnificent dinner and tea set of silver, and includes every article that goes to furnish a table. Even the dish covers are of silver, and the salver is one of the largest and costliest ever made in this country.—The whole set will cost $7,000. It will be presented to the family of Mr. Marcy.

☞A few more Wall street failures last week, but confidence is now being gradually restored.

The Tonnage Tax.

There appears to be but one sentiment among the Democracy of the State on this subject, and that is very decidedly *against repeal*. In every County in which the question has been brought up in County Meeting or Convention, resolutions against repeal have been adopted with great unanimity. In fact the party may be said to be a unit on this point, throughout the State. To repeal the Tonnage Tax on the Central Railroad would be to increase the tax upon the people generally.

The Democracy of Schuylkill county thus expressed themselves at their recent County Convention:

Resolved, That in our opinion any measure tending toward a repeal of the tonnage tax would be detrimental to the interest of the State—that we regret the course pursued by our representatives in the last Legislature upon the bill for the sale of the Main Line, and hereby instruct our nominees for the next Legislature to use all the means in their power to defeat any bill which has for its object the repeal of the tonnage tax.

The Democrats of Northampton, unanimously adopted the following, in County Meeting:

Resolved, That the record upon our statute books of the passage of the bill, with all its enormities, passed by the late Legislature for the so-called sale of the public works, should serve as a beacon to warn the people everywhere to the exercise of vigilance and caution in the selection of those who are to be entrusted with the power to make laws, and especially to guard *against any influence which may attempt to divert the proceeds of the sale from being applied to the liquidation of the State debt or any other attempt to release the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company from the payment of the three mill tonnage tax.*

We might add to these evidences of popular sentiment and feeling, similar resolutions adopted in other counties, but deem it unnecessary. The question is one involving largely the interests of the people, and it is gratifying to see and know that the Democracy are, where, and as Democrats always should be, openly and decidedly in favor of those interests.

Mixing the Babies.

A Distressing Predicament.—A very singular occurrence, involving the identity of two newly-born specimens of "Young America," is related by the *Easton Daily Express*, as having transpired recently in Lower Mt. Bethel township, Northampton county. A lady who was about to present her liege lord with a "pledge of affection," engaged the services of a worthy dame in the neighborhood to assist her through the period of confinement. The nurse was called, and very promptly made her appearance, when it was discovered that she was herself quite as much in need of the services of an *accoucheur* as the lady of the house. The sequel is soon told: Two fine boys were born, and in the hurry and confusion consequent upon this unexpected turn in events, they got so mixed up that it was impossible to determine with any certainty as to the maternity of the children. As might be supposed, a great deal of discussion ensued, and the mothers of the babies were greatly distressed; but the best that could be done under the circumstances, was for the party present to assign the children to the mothers, and await the developements of the future. If the growth of the children should discover any strong family resemblance, the ladies can swop back and make the matter all right, but without such developements, they must ever remain in doubt as to the genuineness of their "precious darlings." It is a very distressing case; and the folks present ought to have known better than to have got a pair of babies mixed up; but on such occasions people will get into a flurry, and strange things are very liable to occur.

A Loud Call for Girls.

Some of the miserable, unmated—miserable because unmated—bachelors out West are getting desperate. Their cry for relief is melancholically distressing. Who will volunteer to relieve them from the horrors of single blessedness? We are of the opinion that, if married *very* soon, they could be worked into pretty good husbands. But delays are dangerous. The editor of the Sioux (Iowa) *Eagle* thus implores:

"We will promise husbands to five hundred women during the next year, if they will only come forward and say they want them. We think the population of our town averages about five males to each female, and by the last census it appears that there are 34,000 more males than females in Iowa. Take pity, ladies, and come to our relief."

Don't be prudish, girls. If you want husbands, say so, and let your actions correspond with your words. This talking "offish" when everybody knows you mean *on*, is all nonsense. Bachelors are proverbially shy. They always feel sort of sheepish, because they expect that everybody will suspect that they have tried to get married and couldn't; and the older they grow the more timid they become on this very account. Go to them, good, sensible Yankee girls, take them gently by the hand, encourage their laudable desires, and lead them into the silken bonds of matrimonial felicity. We mean, *you do the courting.*

☞The trial of John Hendrix, against whom a true bill was found some time since for firing the property of John Hartman's estate, &c., on the night of the 14th of October last, took place on last Wednesday. A number of witnesses were examined, and after the usual addresses the jury returned a verdict of guilty. The trial of John Siegley for the same offense in the same case took place on Thursday morning. He was likewise found guilty. The Court sentenced each to imprisonment for five years in the penitentiary.—*York Advocate.*

The Benton Vote.—At the late election in Missouri the usual Benton vote fell off 19,378, compared with the last Governor's election. It is estimated that of the Benten vote that was polled Rollins received 7,003 and Stewart 1,086.

English Absurdities.

When British writers, even of acknowledged intelligence, undertake to discuss the sectional relations of the Northern and Southern portions of our country, there appears to be no argument too absurd for their use and no story so monstrous as to exceed their power of belief. In an article appearing in the Westminister Review for the July quarter, under the head of "Manifest Destiny of the American Union," we have a singular instance of this.—The writer assumes that the poisoning affair of the National Hotel in Washington, last winter, was a deeply laid scheme of the negroes to avenge themselves on their white oppressors, and adds that such things are common throughout the Southern States, and are only "hushed up," as a matter of policy. Again, he gravely asserts that so fierce is the animosity raging between the citizens of the Free and Slave States that the Norfolk people would not permit the bodies of the Philadelphia victims of the yellow fever, which had been buried there during the pestilence, to remain within the precincts of their town, and that accordingly they were removed to Philadelphia!

Death of M'Gary.—William M'Gary, of Dr. Kane's Arctic Expedition, died in Boston, on Wednesday last, after twenty-four hours' illness. The Boston Herald says:

He was between 36 and 37 years of age, and leaves a wife and two children. Prior to his last expedition with Dr. Kane he had been engaged in the whaling business. He was a thorough seaman, and distinguished for the hardiness of his constitution, no less than the hardihood of his character. Dr. Kane has embalmed his memory already, by frequent references to his services when in the far North. He called McGary his "iron man," and whenever the most arduous and perilous services were required of the brave men, McGary was ever among those selected for the work. Like Shubert, who lies buried in the snows of the Polar shores, McGary's disposition was ever merry and buoyant, among the most trying circumstances. He cheered the hearts of his comrades when they were drooping and all looked dark. He died, like Dr. Kane, in the arms of his faithful friend and comrade, Mr. Wm. Morton, who was thus called upon to perform the melancholy duty for a second time.

Suffering in Liberia.—Accounts from Liberia announce that the colonists were suffering severely from want of food. The failure of the rice crop and the lack of industry on the part of the emigrants from the United States seems to have produced a sorry state of affairs in the colony.

Sugar in Philadelphia.—It is stated that the stock of sugar now on hand in Philadelphia amounts to 11,157 hhds., against 7,801 hhds. at the same time last year.

☞Wheat is selling in Salem, N. C., at 85 cents per bushel.

☞The Farm of the late Michael Miller, in Cumberland township, was sold at public sale, on Saturday last, for $17 20 per acre—John Keefauver purchaser. John Gilbert bought from 12 to 20 acres of the Woodland, at $25 50 per acre.

Samuel Herbst recently purchased 34 acres from Anthony Cordori, in this borough, the price being $255.

☞We are requested to state that a Protracted Woods Meeting will be held on the land of George Groop, on the road leading from Middletown to Heidlersburg, about a half mile from the former place, to commence on *Friday, the 18th of September instant.* It is expected that Revs. Winebrenner, Kelber, Culder, and others, will attend.

JOB PRINTING.

☞We are better prepared than ever to execute JOB PRINTING, *in its various branches.* With two Presses, and an unusually large assortment of jobbing letter and other materials, the public may rest assured that for neatness and expedition in doing work, the "COMPILER" Office "can't be beat."

Marriages

On Tuesday last, at the house of Mr. Daniel S. Merz, by the Rev. J. Martin, Mr. JACOB R. GROOP to Miss LOUISA HANER, all of Huntington township.

On the 9th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Denecker, Mr. ADAM SHOEMAKER to Miss MARY, daughter of Mr. Anthony Cordori, both of this Borough.

On the 27th ult., by the Rev. Isaac Coombs, Mr. JOHN LUPP, of Adams-county, to Miss SARAH ANN BOWERS, of Cumberland co.

On the 1st instant, by the Rev. Mr. Coskery, JOHN. W. D. HAMILTON to GABRELLA M. C., daughter of Peter Shaffelter, of Adams county.

Deaths

On the 30th ult., of dysentery, Mr. JOSEPH SMITH, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Mountpleasant township, aged 65 years 3 months and 10 days.

On the 23d ult., Mr. BENJAMIN ASPER, aged about 83 years. For the last 10 years of his life he was greatly afflicted, yet amid all his sufferings he appeared to be resigned. May he rest in peace.

At Philadelphia, on Tuesday week, Mrs. M. HAUPT, mother of Mr. Herman Haupt, formerly of Gettysburg, in the 72d year of her age.

On Tuesday morning last, at the Theological Seminary, of bilious fever, Mr. JOHN KAMP, aged about 28 years.

On Thursday last, LEWIS ALBERTUS, son of Jacob and Julian Remmel, of this borough, aged 5 years and 28 days.

On Monday last, in Butler township, JOHN HENRY, son of John and Elizabeth Kunkle, aged 1 year and 2 days.

Found.

A Buckskin Purse, with a steel clasp, containing a small amount of money, was found in Danner & Ziegler's Store, some days since. The owner can have it by describing the property and paying for this advertisement. Enquire at this office. Sept. 7.

Partial Deafness and Discharges from the Ear.—DR. HARTLEY begs to announce to those of his patients with whom he has been in communication, that he has, in compliance with their special requests, made arrangements to establish his Ear Institution in New York; and he generously offers to attend all persons suffering from affections of the Ear, without charge, until cured—thereby proving his success unequaled, and protecting the deaf from being swindled, by paying self-styled Aurists exorbitant fees in advance, and the infliction of still more serious evils, by permitting the application of dangerous remedies by inexperienced and unskillful hands.

Dr. H. may here state that he has no connection whatever with any person advertising to cure deafness; neither has he given permission for the publication of a certificate, purporting to emanate from him; and can not, therefore, be responsible for any alarming consequences resulting from rashness and desperation. The loss of money may not be material to some persons, but the deprivation of one of the most important of the senses, ought to be regarded and treated with more than ordinary solicitude.

Deafness, noise in the head, and all disagreeable discharges from the Ear, speedily and permanently removed, without causing the least pain or inconvenience. A cure in all cases guaranteed where malformation does not exist.

Thirteen years' close and almost undivided attention to this branch of special practice, has enabled him to reduce his treatment to such a degree of success as to find the most confirmed and obstinate cases yield by a steady attention to the means prescribed.

The destruction, by fire, of the Philadelphia Ear Infirmary—of which Dr. Hartley was the head—having released him from his duties in that city, he has established permanently his institution, for the exclusive treatment of Ear Diseases, at 769 Broadway, New York.

☞Consultation and Examination each morning.

To the Million.—Prof. Wood, of St. Louis, has, after years of deep study and untiring research, succeeded in presenting to the public an article superior to any now in use, and indeed it is truly a wonderful discovery—we advert to his Hair Restorative: the only article that has been completely successful in checking age of his gray locks, removing dandruff, itching, scrofula, &c. It restores the gray headed to more than the original beauty: it lends new lustre to locks already luxuriant; having the effect on coarse harsh hair to render it glossy and watery; fastens permanently hair that is loose or falling, and many other qualities which will become known as soon as used.

The pride of mankind is singularly developed in the keeping and arrangement of the hair; perhaps from the fact that it is the only portion of the human body that we can train in any way we choose: how important then, having this portion left to our care, that we should use all the means science has placed in our hands to render it beautiful and permanent. If you would have beautiful hair, glossy hair, permanent hair, hair with its natural color elegantly preserved to extreme old age, don't fail to purchase Wood's Hair Restorative.—*Daily Iowa State Gazette.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Sept. 7. 2w

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Mortification may always be prevented, by the timely use of Holloway's Ointment, and lockjaw has never been known to supervene in any case of external injury where it was used as a dressing. Its healing properties are proverbial in all parts of the world, and it is used in all the great surgical institutions of Continental Europe, as the only reliable and unfailing specific for wounds, ulcers, dropsical swellings, cancer, tumors, and eruptive maladies. The pills are prescribed by eminent medical practitioners as the most efficacious remedy for indigestion, liver complaint and disorders of the bowels.

☞*Rats, Roaches, Bed-bugs, Insects, &c.*—"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator or "Costar's" Bed-bug Exterminator; "Costar's" Electric Powder, for Ants, Insects, &c. (The only infallible remedies known.) "Costar" sends by mail, pre-paid, a sample box of the Rat, Roach, etc. Ex. to any address in the U. S., on the receipt of $1, or the Electric Powder for 50c. (The Bed-bug Ex., being a liquid, cannot be sent by mail.)

"Costar" will furnish Druggists, Dealers and Storekeepers, a $10 sample package of his various preparations (assorted) with circulars, bills, posters, &c., on receipt of $5, (leaving bal. of $5 due when sold,) in order that they may test their merits.

☞See advertisement. For Circulars, &c., address "COSTAR," No. 383 Broadway, New York. Aug. 31. 1m

☞There are hundreds of remedies sold at every Drug Store, purporting to cure all diseases nameable, each advertised as the very best ever known, till we had lost all faith in them all, but there is one exception.

We speak of Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, which came to us recommended as a cure for Liver Complaints and all diseases arising from a Diseased Liver. The testimonials of so many of our Physicians in its favor, induced us to try it, and now conviction is certain that it is one of the greatest blessings ever given to Dyspeptics, for it made a complete cure before the first bottle was taken, and now we can eat anything eatable without trouble, while before nothing but the lightest food would digest, and often that gave pain. Now what we want to say to our readers is, if Liver Complaint or Dyspepsia trouble you, do not fail to try this the greatest remedy in the world.

☞A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg; Wm. Berlin, Hanover; and Charles R. Henry, Abbottstown. Aug. 24. 1m

☞*The Big Safe*, measuring 5½ feet high, by 4½ feet wide, and weighing 4,360 pounds, has been attracting much attention at the office of the FARMER'S AND MECHANIC'S SAVING'S INSTITUTION, in S. W. corner of the public square. Everybody nearly in town has been to see it. Our friends from the country have been and are still dropping in, to see this, *the largest Safe ever brought into the county.*

This Safe furnishes another ground for confidence to depositors. The *security* for the deposits they make is of the same character, and as extensive as those afforded by a bank to its depositors, the stockholders in the one and the other being in the same manner liable. The safe keeping of the monies and the security to depositors thus afford a *double safeguard* to those thinking of depositing their monies *where, instead of lying idle, they will produce interest—in the Saving's Institution.*

Market Reports.

Corrected from the latest Baltimore, York & Hanover papers.

Baltimore—Friday last.		
Flour, per barrel,	$5 87 @	6 00
Wheat, per bushel,	1 00 @	1 55
Rye, "	90 @	95
Corn, "	68 @	78
Oats, "	25 @	38
Beef Cattle, per hund.,	8 00 @	9 00
Hogs, "	9 50 @	10 00
Hay, per ton,	12 00 @	18 00
Whiskey, per gallon,	27 @	28
Guano, Peruvian, per ton,		65 00

Hanover—Thursday last.		
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,		$6 75
Do. " from stores,		7 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 20 @	1 50
Rye, "		85
Corn, "		70
Oats, "		33
Cloverseed, "		6 00
Timothy, "		2 50
Plaster, per ton,		6 50

York—Friday last.		
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,		$6 00
Do. " from stores,		7 00
Wheat, per bushel,	1 35 @	1 75
Rye, "		85
Corn, "		73
Oats, "		35
Cloverseed, "		6 00
Timothy, "		3 50
Plaster, per ton,		6 50

Local Matters.

The First Locomotive!

"The work goes bravely on!" A Railroad—a *live* Railroad—has for years been the great want of Adams county. Without it, we have been, so to speak, at "a stand still," whilst the neighboring counties "went ahead" with all the speed improvements of the kind generally induce. But "there's a good time a-coming" even for us—and not far off at that.

It is expected that on Thursday next, *the first Locomotive and train of Cars will enter Adams county!*—for the first time to wake up their thousand echoes within limits so long shut out from the joyous sound of the whistle and the energetic tread of the "Iron Horse." It is expected that a goodly number of those interested in the success of the road—and who is not?—will be at Hanover on that day to see the first passenger train start out on the Gettysburg Railroad. By that time the track-layers will have crossed the dividing line between York and Adams counties.

Broke Jail.

SAMUEL BASTICK, convicted of malicious mischief at the late term of Court, and sentenced to two months' imprisonment in the County Jail, made his escape on Friday morning last, by "quarrying" a hole through the outer wall. The door of the prison was opened at 6, A. M., to allow the prisoners the freedom of the yard for a short time. Bastick must have risen at once, and wrenching the iron bar from the end of the soil pipe, in the yard, with it succeeded in making a hole through the west wall, large enough to admit his body, when he took "French leave." The work must have been done very quietly and quickly, as the other prisoners, who had not gone into the yard, were not aware of his doings, until he had effected his escape. When last heard of, he was making his way towards the South Mountain. He had served out fifteen days of his sentence.

Broke his Arm.

On Tuesday evening last, during the exhibition of Baily & Co's. Circus and Menagerie, in this place, Mr. WARD, the Clown, fell from his horse whilst performing in the ring, and, sad to say, broke his arm. The accident caused deep and general regret throughout the large audience, and operated as a damper on the remainder of the performance. It was caused, we are informed, by one of his slippers catching in the saddle in some unusual manner, by which he lost his balance and fell.

He is still here, and may remain several weeks, or until the state of his arm will allow him to travel with same degree of comfort.

Cure for Hog Cholera.

Mr. LEVI GULDES, of Mountjoy township, communicates to us a remedy for Hog Cholera. Several of his Hogs were attacked with the disease, and cured with the following: Take camphor and laudanum, of each a tea-spoonful—mix with half a gill of whiskey and half a pint of sweet milk—drench the hog with the mixture. If one dose will not do, in half an hour repeat the same.

☞The Hog Cholera is prevailing to a very destructive extent along the Big Conowago, in this county. Daniel S. Diehl has lost upwards of 20 valuable hogs, S. W. Hoffman 15, Peter Bollinger 4, Singleton Chronister 8, Jacob Fidler 4, Peter Reigle 3, with others, and the disease still raging. Abr'm. Krise, of Fredom township, has lost 13

From the West.

A letter from a friend at Franklin Grove, Illinois, informs us that Miss MARY A. LAHMAN, of that place, (formerly of this county,) recently measured some Red Beets of her own raising, one of which was 22½ inches in length and 19½ inches in circumference. (That *beet* is hard to *beat*.) Also, over a barrel of cucumbers from a patch of ground 7 by 11 feet. She has grown other vegetables with equal success, which she would be happy to have any of her Adams county friends to partake of with her in her western home.

Her father, JOHN LAHMAN, Esq., took over 1200 bushels of wheat from 35 acres of his farm. That's "in and about" as good as can be done hereabouts!

☞Talking about heavy grain and big days' work at cradling in Franklin county, a friend from Menallen township, informed us, the other day, that two of his neighbors "walked into" twenty-five acres of grain with cradles, during the recent harvest, and he wound up by saying that the rakers and binders, numbering *six*, were two days and a half behind-hand in taking it up!

—We don't want anybody to spoil the story just now by "guessing" *when* the rakers and binders commenced.

☞We are under obligations to our young friend, GEORGE A. CORDORI, for a basket of most delicious Pears. Talk about "fancy" fruit as much as folks may, there are few Pears that will come up in quality to those sent in by Mr. C.

☞Prof. MAIBERGER proposes to give instruction in Music, both vocal and instrumental. He comes highly recommended, and will, we have not the least doubt, render entire satisfaction to all who may avail themselves of his services. See advertisement.

New York Commission Agency.

The V. B. Palmer Co. have established, in connection with their office, Tribune buildings, a COMMISSION AGENCY, through which persons residing out of the city, and in any State of the Union, will be enabled to purchase goods at the lowest market prices, and with every attention paid to style, quality, &c. They have associated with them, gentlemen who have had great experience in purchasing and selling goods of every description, and will doubtless give satisfaction to all who may transact business through their agency. They will execute orders of any amount, large or small, and for any article that can be purchased in that city.

The necessary amount of CASH must accompany all orders—except when payment can be made on delivery of the goods, which is usually the case if sent by express—unless the parties of whom the goods are purchased assume the responsibility.

To avoid delays and perplexing mistakes, great care should be used in making up orders, that they may be clear and perfectly intelligible.

The commission charge on orders amounting to $5 and less, is 25 cents; exceeding $5, and not above $10, five per cent. On orders of a larger amount, five per cent is charged on $10 of the same, and 2½ per cent on the balance.

Advertising a Moral Duty.

Some years ago it was proposed by an American Physician that members of the Faculty should advertise their remedies and modes of treating diseases in the newspapers. It was scouted, however, by the profession generally, as *infra dig.* But is there any degradation in publicity? Is it not rather the great touchstone that ties pretension and universalizes the practical benefits of all valuable inventions and discoveries? Should not a profession that aims at the mitigation of suffering and the preservation of life, make the means of obtaining these grand objects known through the channel of information most accessible to all classes and conditions, the columns of the public press? If it declines to do so, the natural inference is either that the desire of secrecy arises from a sordid, monopolizing, egotistic spirit, or from a lack of faith in its own prescriptions.

Viewing the subject in this light, we may presume Professor Holloway some twenty years ago, overleaped the barriers which the profession had erected between itself and the public, and plunged fearlessly into the newspaper arena. He had discovered or rather invented, after years of research and experiments, two preparations which he believed to be specifics for nearly all the diseases of mankind; and as an indication of his confidence in them, and a proof of his philanthropic wish that, if really valuable, they should be accessible to the whole world, he advertised them wherever advertising media existed. This was the severest ordeal to which he could have submitted them—the *experimentum crucis*. He threw them at once, as it were, before the sick of all regions. He stated their properties, proclaimed what they would do, and staked reputation and fortune upon the issue. That issue has been all that he or the world could have desired. The rich and the poor, the learned and ignorant, physicians, statesmen, monarchs, a nation of enlightened freemen, have sanctioned, used, extolled them—they are *fixed facts* in medical history!

Is not this better than hiding light under a bushel? Is it not better than writing prescriptions in a dead language, and putting weights and quantities into hieroglyphics.

If any thing is worth knowing it is worthy of being universally known.—So thinking, Holloway proclaimed the virtues of his medicines through the press; and fortune, fame, and the gratitude of millions have been his reward. —*N. Y. Sun.*

TOWN PROPERTY,

At Private Sale.

THE undersigned offer at private sale, the Two Story ROUGHCAST HOUSE and Lot of Ground, on West Middle street, in Gettysburg, the property of Matilda Brooks, now occupied by Solomon E. Taylor. On this lot there is a variety of choice fruit; also a Stable.

☞The Lot of Ground on the corner of High and Liberty streets, in Gettysburg, with an alley in the rear, on which are erected a one and a half story Frame ROUGHCAST HOUSE and Kitchen, Blacksmith Shop and Stable, with a well of water—the property of Matthew Becks.

M. & W. McCLEAN,
Sept. 7-3t Attornies for the Parties.

Administrator's Notice.

ELIZABETH HUGHES' ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Hughes, late of Germany twp., Adams co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY SPALDING, *Adm'r.*
Sept. 7, 1857. 6t

NEW FIRM.

Family Groceries and Confections.

THE undersigned have purchased the Grocery Store of E. H. MINNIGH, on the Northwest corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by A. B. Kurtz, where they invite the attention of all who may wish Groceries, Confections, Fruits—Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Starch, Soda, Spices of all kinds, Lemons, Figs, Almonds, &c. Also, a fine assortment of chewing and smoking Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c. ☞Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

WM. BOYER & SON.
September 7, 1857.

200 Laborers Wanted

IMMEDIATELY, on the GETTYSBURG RAILROAD. Wages $1 20 per day—board $2 50. This Road runs through a high and healthy country; no nemore so in the State. Wages paid punctually every month. Railroad communication to Hanover, York county, Pennsylvania, where the Road commenced. Enquiry to be made of Contractors on the line.

IRWIN & TAYLOR.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857. 4t

IF you want to buy GOODS CHEAP, call at G. F. ECKENRODE & BRO'S, at Heidlersburg, Adams co.

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Velices, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

A RARE CHANCE.

Desirable and Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, Executor of PETER FERREE, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 24th day of September instant*, the following desirable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM,

late the Home Place of Mr. Ferree, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Amos Myers, Jacob Ferree, Jacob Arntsberger, and others, containing

252 Acres, more or less,

having large proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements consist of a Two Story weatherboarded HOUSE, a Stone Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Spring House, TENANT HOUSE, Stable, &c., with a never-failing spring of water at each dwelling, and an Apple Orchard on the premises.

This has always been admitted to be one of the best grain-producing Farms in the whole neighborhood. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call upon Mr. Beck, residing thereon. As the Farm is susceptible of convenient division, it will be offered in two parts or in whole, as purchasers may desire.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOEL B. DANNER, *Ex'r.*
Sept. 7, 1857.

A Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Heirs of DANIEL NEIDICH, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Tuesday, the 6th day of October next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Reading township, Adams county, within two miles of the Gettysburg and Hanover Railroad, and 1 mile from New Chester, adjoining lands of Joseph Spangler and John Laydom, and bounding on the Conowago Creek on two sides. The Farm contains 166 ACRES, more or less, about 60 acres of which are first rate Timberland, with a due proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a large two story BRICK HOUSE, with a two story Kitchen; a double log Barn, with 2 Threshing Floors, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, Spring House, and all necessary outbuildings; a good Apple and Peach Orchard of choice fruit, and a never failing spring of water near the door. The Conowago runs within one hundred yards of the buildings, which is very convenient for watering cattle.

☞Persons wishing to view the property, are requested to call on the heirs, residing thereon.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

THE HEIRS.
September 7, 1857.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 3d day of October next*, on the premises,

A HOUSE AND LOT,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, on the Turnpike leading from Littlestown to Gettysburg, four miles from the former, adjoining lands of Jesse D. Newman and Abraham Gruber. The house is a double TWO-STORY BRICK with an out building of stone, suitable for a wash house, smoke house, or any other purpose; also Stabling sufficient for three head of cattle, &c. The lot contains 1 acre, more or less, planted with growing young fruit trees.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND, nearly opposite the above, containing 1 acre, more or less. The lots will be sold separately or together, to suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 12 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

THE HEIRS OF ANDREW SHEELY, DEC'D.
September 7, 1857.

MUSIC.

PROF. P. MAIBERGER, formerly of New York, and lately of Newville, Pa., announces to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he will be pleased to give private instructions on the PIANO, MELODEON, VIOLIN, GUITAR, FLUTE and all BRASS INSTRUMENTS; he will also give instructions in VOCAL MUSIC, CULTIVATION OF THE VOICE, and THOROUGH BASS.

For particulars and references enquire at John L. Tate's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa.

REFERENCES.

Rev. J. Evans, Newville, Pa.
Rev. D. Heffelfinger, "
Dr. E. A. Sharp, "
Dr. David Ahl, "
M. R. Linn, A. M., "
John Diller, Pres't of Newville Brass Band.
J. H. Herron, Esq., Newville.
Messrs. Shryock & Smith, Chambersburg.
Capt. Bradley, Mercersburg, Pa.
J. B. Meyers, "
Dan'l Shelly, Supt. Com. Schools Cumb. co.
Dr. H. L. Lenher, Churchtown, Pa.
Rev. Seabrooks, "
Com. John Thomas Newton, U. S. N.
Capt. S. P. Wilson, U. S. N.
Capt. G. J. Pendergrast, U. S. N.
Dr. Sharp, Surgeon, U. S. N.

P. S.—Tuning Pianos and Melodeons at the shortest notice.

Gettysburg, Sept. 7, 1857. 4w

Administratrator's Notice.

JOSEPH SMITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Smith, late of Mountpleasant town'p, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Oxford township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE SMITH,
Sept. 7, 1857. *Administrator.*

Hover's Liquid Hair Dye.

THE following, from that eminent Physician of Philadelphia, Dr. Brinckle, added to the testimony of Professor Booth, only confirms what is evidenced by thousands who have used Hover's Dye:

"Girard Row, Chesnut street,
Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1853.

"In regard to *Hover's Hair Dye*, I can state unhesitatingly that it contains no deleterious ingredients, and may be used with entire safety, and the utmost confidence and *success*."

W. D. BRINCKLE, M. D.

Hover's Writing and Indelible Inks are so well and widely known, as to require no eulogy of their merits, it is only necessary to say, that the steady and increasing demand, gives the best evidence that they maintain their character for superiority which distinguished them when first introduced, *years ago*. Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street, above Fourth, (old No. 144) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by

JOSEPH E. HOVER, *Manufacturer.*
Sept. 7. [April 13. 1y]

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD
WM. B. MEALS
MANUFACTURER OF
MONUMENTS, TOMBS, &C.
AT THE LOWEST PRICES,
NEW GETTYSBURG, PA.
ONE OF THE BEST MATERIAL CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

☞BUY your Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, at Bringman & Aughinbaugh's, in Chambersburg street, at the sign of the "BIG BOOT."

THE MODEL FARM OF ADAMS COUNTY,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, desiring to remove to the West, offers for sale the splendid

FARM

on which he resides, situate in Butler township, Adams county, on the State Road leading from Gettysburg to Newville, six miles north of the former place, and within a short distance of the thriving village of Middletown. This Farm possesses features of a desirable character such as can be claimed by few others in the State.

It contains 106 ACRES—between 10 and 11 acres are covered with lofty Timber, and there is a good proportion of Meadow; but ALL the cleared land is well adapted to the growth of wheat and other grain. Since 1852 nearly 2,000 bushels of lime and about 1,500 of ashes have been put upon it. The soil has been turned up a foot in depth and no rock or other obstruction found upon the entire tract. The Farm is handsomely and conveniently divided into fifteen fields, with never-failing water in every one of them. Upwards of 600 panels of post and rail and 300 panels of board fence have been put up since 1852—so that, in cultivation, water, fencing, and every other requisite for a MODEL FARM, this one is hard to excel. The buildings (all erected since 1852) consist of a large double BRICK HOUSE, with Brick Back-building, large and dry cellar, and a constant fountain of water under the roof of the house; a commodious Bank Barn, unsurpassed in its improvements and conveniences; Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, a complete Hog Stable, and all other necessary outbuildings; also a two-story TENANT HOUSE and Back-building, recently erected. An unfailing well of water and a running fountain in the barn yards. The buildings are constructed in the very best style, and their location is such as to afford a view of all the fields from them. There is on the premises a first rate young ORCHARD of Apples and Peaches, and the country is also excellent for fruit.

The track is being laid for a Railroad from Hanover to Gettysburg, and when finished will add much to the agricultural importance of this region.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing thereon. Letters of inquiry should be addressed to Bigler P. O., Adams county, Pa.

ALEXANDER KOSER.
August 31, 1857.

A GOOD PROPERTY,

IN MUMMASBURG,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Saturday, the 19th day of September next*, the PROPERTY in Mummasburg, Adams county, for several years occupied by the subscriber, and at present by Wm. D. Gobrecht, Esq. It consists of

A LOT OF GROUND,

with a two story BRICK HOUSE, a good Stable, a Wagon-maker's Shop, two wells of water with pumps in them, and a variety of fruit trees, thereon. The property was long occupied as a TAVERN STAND. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on premises.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MOSES RAFFENSPERGER.
August 31, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, the public may rely upon a faithful discharge of duty on my part.

JACOB TROXEL,
Gettysburg, Sept. 7, 1857.

COUNTY TREASURER.

WE are requested to announce JOEL B. DANNER, of Gettysburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Sept. 7, 1857.

COUNTY TREASURER.

WE are requested to announce JACOB SHEADS, of Gettysburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Aug. 31, 1857.

COUNTY TREASURER.

WE are requested to announce WAY BRIGHT ZIEGLER, of Gettysburg, as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Aug. 31, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO the Voters of Adams county.—Solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) If nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

JAMES RUSSELL.
Mummasburg, August 31, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO the Voters of Adams county.—The undersigned, at the solicitation of numerous friends, offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, the people may rely upon a faithful discharge of duty on my part.

HENRY G. CARR.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

At an Orphan's Court,

HELD at Gettysburg, in and for the county of Adams, on the 17th day of August, A. D., 1857, before the Honorable Robert J. Fisher, President, and David Ziegler and David Horner, Esquires, Associate Judges, duly assigned, &c.

On motion, the Court grant a RULE upon the heirs and legal representatives interested in the estate of ABRAHAM KITCHEN, late of Reading township, deceased, to appear at the next Orphan's Court, to be held at Gettysburg, *on the 22d of September, A. D.*, 1857, and accept or refuse to accept the Real Estate of the decedent at the valuation, or show cause why the said Real Estate, or any part thereof, should not be sold, in case they or any of them should neglect or refuse to take and accept the same.

Personal notice to be given to those heirs residing in the county of Adams, and to those residing out of the county by publication in one newspaper, published in Gettysburg, for three successive weeks, and one copy to be sent to those heirs residing out of the county, addressed to each of them, to their nearest Post Office, as far as the Sheriff can ascertain.

By the Court,
J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
August 31, 1857.

FULL STOCK OF

Fall Dry Goods.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH & ARCH streets, Philadelphia, respectfully request *Cash Buyers* to examine a fine stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, adapted to BEST PENNSYLVANIA TRADE.

Full Line of Fall Dress Goods.
New Designs of Fall Shawls.
Rich Silks of Newest Styles.
Good Black Silks of all widths.
4 Cases assorted French Merinoes.
7 " Poil de Shevres, New Goods.
British and American Dark Prints.
Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings.
Muslins, Linens, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

N. B. Auction Bargains from New York and this City daily received. Particular attention given to Country orders for Desirable Goods. Terms NETT CASH.

August 31, 1857. 3m

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Silk and Soft Hats of every description, and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

A Valuable Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of PHILIP THOMAS, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Tuesday, the 15th day of September next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Straban township, Adams county, within 1½ miles of the Gettysburg and Hanover Railroad, and the same distance from the Gettysburg and York Turnpike, adjoining lands of Christian Thomas, David Monfort, Henry Thomas, and others, containing **148 Acres**, more or less, about 40 acres of which are first rate Timber-land, with a due proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a large Two-story Stone HOUSE, Stone Kitchen and Smoke House attached, Double Log Barn, Stable, and all necessary out-buildings; a good Apple Orchard, and a never-failing well of water near the door; water in the barn-yard; several never-failing springs on the farm, and a never-failing stream through it, to which access from nearly every field can be had for the watering of cattle.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the last-named Administrator, residing on the adjoining farm.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY THOMAS, }
SAMUEL THOMAS, } *Adm'rs.*

By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
Aug. 24, 1857. ts

A Good Farm,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, intending to quit farming, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 19th day of September next*, his FARM, situate in Butler township, Adams county, within a mile of Arendtsville, adjoining lands of Samuel Wolf, John Hartman, Thomas Taylor, George Taylor, and others, containing **105 Acres**, more or less, having due proportions of Woodland and Meadow.—The improvements are a Two story LOG HOUSE, with two Kitchens, a Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Spring House, Wash House, and other out-buildings; a spring of water near the door of the Dwelling, and one of the finest Apple Orchards in the county on the premises. The land is under good fencing and good cultivation, and the cleared land has all been limed, some of it twice.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN HOFFMAN.
Aug. 17, 1857.

REAL ESTATE,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JACOB BOBLITZ, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 19th day of September next*, the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

A FARM,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, on the Baltimore Turnpike, four miles from Gettysburg, and six miles from Littlestown, adjoining lands of Peter Orndorff, Peter Cownover, John Worley and others, containing 132 Acres, more or less, with due proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a one-and-a-half story Weatherboarded HOUSE, Frame Barn, (with sheds all around it,) Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Log Blacksmith Shop, and other outbuildings; a first-rate Apple Orchard of choice fruit; a never-failing Spring near the house, with three other springs on the premises.

The farm is under good cultivation and good fencing, and well watered. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the undersigned, residing thereon. The property will be offered in whole or in two parts, to suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PETER BOBLITZ, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
August 24, 1857. ts

One of the Best Farms,

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, and adjoining the Gettysburg Borough line. The farm contains 154 Acres, more or less, the land being of the best quality, much of it "granite"—with fair proportions of meadow and timber. Fences good and the soil in excellent cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.—first-rate Apple Orchard, a never-failing well of water at the door, and a number of springs upon the tract. It is certainly one of the most desirable farms now in market in this county, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon. DANIEL BENNER.

July 13, 1857. 3m

R. SHEADS. C. H. BUEHLER.

LUMBER, COAL AND STOVES!

NEW FIRM!

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have entered into a co-partnership, and intend opening a *COAL & LUMBER YARD*, on Washington street, in the rear of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call. They will furnish every variety of *Stove, Blacksmith and Limeburner's COAL*, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce it into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of LUMBER, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of COAL and WOOD STOVES, among which are the celebrated Morning Star and Sun Rise Cook Stoves. Also the Charm, Capitol, Victor, Planter, Premium and Parlor Cook Stoves, Air-tight, Star, Franklin, Hot-air Parlor Grate, Lady Washington, Oak, Magnolia, Union, Air-tight Base Cylinder, Tropic and Harp Cannon Stoves.

Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Stove Ware Room, on Chambersburg street, two doors below Bringman & Aughinbaugh's Hat and Shoe Store.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

Littlestown Railroad!

THE Fifth Monthly Instalment of Five Dollars per Share on the Stock subscribed, will be due and payable to the Treasurer of said Company, *on the 28th day of Sept. next.*

☞By a Resolution of the Board of Directors, passed on Saturday, July 25th, all persons in arrears after Aug. 28th will be charged interest at the rate of one per cent. a month on their back payments, in accordance with the Act of Assembly. E. F. SHORB,
Secretary of the Board.

Aug. 31, 1857. td

N. B.—Any of the Directors will receipt for payments on Stock.

TOBACCO & SEGARS, of best brands, and at astonishingly low rates these high times, at the Flour, Provision and Grocery Store of GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

ORANGES, Lemons, Candies, Crackers, Spices of all kinds, Fancy and Common Soap, Hair Oils, &c., at NORBECK'S.

POWDER and SHOT, the best manufactured, to be had at NORBECK'S.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of EMANUEL CHRONISTER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on their premises, *on Friday, the 25th day of September next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Reading township, Adams county, on the road leading from Hampton to East Berlin, adjoining lands of Joseph Shaefer, Thaddeus Chronister and Adam Miller, containing 6¼ Acres, more or less. The land is cleared, and in an excellent state of cultivation.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, near the above, on the same road, containing 1 Acres, more or less—a small portion Timber.

Persons wishing to view the lots are requested to call on the undersigned, residing in Hampton.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY A. PICKING, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—J. J. Baldwin, Clerk.
Aug. 24, 1857. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of MARY SOMMERVILLE, dec., will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Friday, the 25th day of September next*, the following property of said deceased, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in the town of Hampton, Adams county, adjoining property of Lucy Overholtzer and Jacob Deardorff, having thereon a two story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE, Stable, Fruit Trees, &c.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the above, with fruit trees thereon.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing in Hampton.

☞Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JACOB AULABAUGH, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—J. J. Baldwin, Clerk.
Aug. 24, 1857. ts

Private Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his FARM at Private Sale, situate near Cashtown, Franklin township, Adams county, containing 75 ACRES and some Perches, adjoining lands of Thomas J. Cooper, Isaac Rife, Peter Mickley, Daniel Heiges, and others, having a large proportion of Meadow and some fine Timber. The improvements consist of a good Two-story LOG HOUSE, a double Log Barn, with Sheds and Corn Crib, a never-failing well, with a pump, near the house; also, a good Apple Orchard, with a variety of other fruit; also, a good quarry of Limestone, on the farm.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing near the property.

Also, A Tract of Mountain Land,

containing 22 Acres and 30 Perches of Patented Land, situate about 2½ miles north of the farm, on the new road leading to the Chapel, adjoining lands of Andrew Wisler, Robert Stakeley and others.

FREDERICK STOVER.
Aug. 24, 1857. 7w*

Notice of Inquest.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the heirs and legal representatives of MARY HEWITT, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased, to wit: George Hewitt, John Hewitt, Jesse Hewitt, Sarah, intermarried with Thomas McCreary, but now deceased, leaving her said husband surviving; the descendants or issue of Elizabeth, intermarried with George Joyce, now both deceased, Joseph Joyce, Margaret, intermarried with Samuel Cook, Obediah Joyce, now deceased, leaving issue, Susan, intermarried with George B. Hewitt, James Joyce, Daniel Joyce, Mary, intermarried with William Gardner, both now deceased, leaving issue, Alfred James Gardner, Mary Ann Gardner, and Deborah, intermarried with Henry Reed—that an *INQUEST* will be held on the following property, viz: A Lot, Piece or Parcel of Land, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of David Doll, Jonas Routzahn, and others, containing 10 acres, more or less, on which are erected a two-story Log House, Log Stable, with the necessary outbuildings—*on Thursday, the 17th day of September next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said premises, to make partition thereof, to and amongst the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, if the same will admit of partition, without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof; but if the same will not admit of such partition, to inquire how many of said heirs it will conveniently accommodate—and part and divide the same to and among as many of them as the same will accommodate; but if the same will not admit of division at all without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof, then to value and appraise the same, whole and undivided—whereof all persons interested are hereby notified to attend.

HENRY THOMAS, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, }
Aug. 24, 1857. td }

KENNY & COSTAR'S RAT, COCKROACH & CO. EXTERMINATOR DEPOT 388 BROADWAY N.Y.

'Costar's' Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator.

PUT up in 20c., 35c., 65c., and $1 Boxes. "*Costar's*" *Bed Bug Exterminator.*—Put up in 25c., 50c., 75c., and $1 Bottles. "*Costar's*" *Electric Powder, for Ants, Insects, &c.* Put up in 25c. and 50c. Boxes.

Principal Depot, No. 388 Broadway, New York, and sold by DRUGGISTS and DEALERS everywhere in the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America.

☞Full particulars by Mail.

Aug. 24, 1857. 1m

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.

Family Grocery & Provision Store.

GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.

Store on York street, one door east of Wattles' Hotel.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

State Agricultural Exhibition.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will hold its SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION at PHILADELPHIA, (Powelton Grounds,) on the 29th and 30th of SEPTEMBER and 1st and 2d days of OCTOBER next. The usual reduction on passenger fare and free passage of stock, will be furnished by the Railroad Companies. The Books of entry will be open at Philadelphia on and after the 1st September.

ROBERT C. WALKER, Sec'y.
August 31, 1857. 5t

REMOVAL.

WINGERD, WHITE & SWOPE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, CAPS, & STRAW GOODS; ALSO, IN FASHIONABLE

Moleskin, Silk, Felt and Fur Hats,

N. W. Cor. BALTIMORE & HOWARD STS.,

Adam B. Wingerd,
Daniel S. White, } *BALTIMORE, MD.*
John A. Swope.

Aug. 3, 1857.

This Way! This Way!!

JUST IN SEASON!—Fly Nets, of various styles and colors, cheap at SAMSON'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS'.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of HENRY BECKER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 26th day of September next*, the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

No. 1. A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Butler township, Adams county, half a mile north of Centre Mills, adjoining lands of George Fohl, Abraham Slaybaugh and the undersigned, containing 2 ACRES and 54 Perches, (more or less,) on which are erected a Two story Frame Roughcast Dwelling HOUSE, with a one story Frame Kitchen attached, a Log Stable, with a Carriage House attached, a Log Cabinet-maker's Shop, with other out-buildings, also a young bearing Apple Orchard, with other fruit, on the premises, and a never-failing well of water near the door, with a chain pump in it.

No. 2. A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the above, containing 2 Acres and 33 Perches, (more or less.) Both lots have been well limed during the last few years.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing near by.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CONRAD SLAYBAUGH, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—J. J. BALDWIN, *Clerk.*
August 24, 1857. ts

A Rare Chance!

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE NEAR GETTYSBURG.

IN pursuance of authority given in the last will and testament of JACOB HERBST, deceased, the subscribers, Executors of the said Jacob Herbst, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Tuesday, September 15th*, 1857, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable Real Estate of said deceased, viz:

THE FARM,

on which deceased resided for thirty years, situate on the Millerstown road, the first farm from Gettysburg, containing 160 ACRES and 60 PERCHES of patented land, having a large proportion of Meadow and a due proportion of Timber.

The improvements consist of a large Two-story LOG HOUSE, a large Stone Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and all necessary out-buildings; a first-rate never-failing Spring of Water and Stone Spring House. Also, a fine Apple ORCHARD, with a variety of other fruit. The fences are good, and the land in a fine state of cultivation.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the heirs residing thereon.

Also, At the same time and place will be sold,

A Tract of Mountain Land,

containing 12 Acres and 66 Perches, adjoining lands of Jacob Swisher, Michael Trostle, Solomon Young, and others. Persons wishing to view this tract are requested to call at Solomon Young's, on the Cold Spring road, on Saturday, the 12th of September, at 10 o'clock, when they will be shown the same by the Executors.

SAMUEL HERBST, }
JOHN HERBST, } *Executors.*

Aug. 3, 1857. ts

A DESIRABLE FARM AT

Public Sale.

THE Subscriber, wishing to remove, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 12th day of September next*, on the premises, his FARM, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, within half a mile of the Gett

WHY IS IT THAT

MARCUS SAMSON

CAN sell cheaper than anybody else?—Because he buys at auction, for CASH.

Look at his Hats, that he sells hundreds of. Gentlemen have bought and paid for such Hats from $3 50 to $4 00—but Samson sells them at $2 25. And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Boots and Shoes—look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from $3 00 to $4 50, he sells at $1 87½ to $2 87½. And why? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Clothing, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from $1 75 to $2 00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

Also, black Summer Cloth Coat, Pants and Vest, he sells for $3 00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above.—I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or pair of Gaiters, Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from $1 12½ to $1 75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, my stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinners and horses fed, and you can never fail of saving the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap One-Price Store of M. SAMSON,

July 13, 1857. opposite the Bank.

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S

Pure Oswego Starch,

(FOR THE LAUNDRY.)

HAS established a greater celebrity than has ever been obtained by any other Starch.

This has been the result of its marked superiority in quality, and its invariable uniformity.

The public may be assured of the continuance of the high standard now established.

The production is over Twenty Tons daily, and the demand has extended throughout the whole of the United States, and to foreign countries.

Working thus on a very large scale, and under a rigid system, they are able to secure a perfect uniformity in the quality throughout the year. *This is the great Desideratum in Starch-making, and is realized now for the first time.*

The very best Starch that can be made, and *no other*, is always wanted by consumers, and this will be supplied to them by the grocers, as soon as their customers have learned which is the best, and ask for it—otherwise they would be likely to get that article on which the largest profit can be made.

Mr. Kingsford has been engaged in the manufacture of Starch continuously for the last 27 years, and during the whole of that period the Starch made under his supervision has been, beyond any question, the best in the market. For the first 17 years, he had the charge of the works of Wm. Colgate & Co., at which period he invented the process of the manufacture of Corn Starch.

☞ *Ask for Kingsford's Starch, as the name Oswego has been recently taken by another factory.*

It is sold by all of the best grocers in nearly every part of the country.

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S

Oswego Corn Starch,

(FOR PUDDINGS, &C.)

HAS obtained an equal celebrity with their Starch for the Laundry. This article is perfectly pure, and is, in every respect, equal to the best Bermuda Arrow-Root, besides having additional qualities which render it invaluable for the desert.

Potato Starch has been extensively packed and sold as Corn Starch, and has given false impressions to many, as to the real merits of our Corn Starch.

From its great delicacy and purity, it is coming also into extensive use as a diet for infants and invalids.

E. N. KELLOGG & CO., AGENTS,
196 *Fulton Street, N. Y.*
ALLEN & NEEDLES, AGENTS,
23 *South Wharves, Phila.*

Aug. 10, 1857. 3m

TO THE COUNTRY.

GOOD NEWS.

I HAVE rented the Foundry for the ensuing year, and am prepared to make the different kinds of Castings usually made at a Foundry. I will keep constantly on hand the different kinds of PLOUGHS, Points, Shares, Cutters, &c.; Pots, Kettles, Pans, Washing Machines, &c.; Stoves and Machinery; Porches, Verandah's and Cemetery Fencing made and put up with dispatch.

All orders will be attended to promptly; but being without capital, and money being necessary to carry on the business, I will be compelled to sell for cash, but on all country work 5 per cent. will be deducted. Suitable trade will be taken, if delivered at the time of purchasing. Give us a call.

E. M. WARREN.

Gettysburg, June 1, 1857.

Ready-made Clothing,

COATS, Pants and Vests, for boys and men; Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps; Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Neck Ties, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, Suspenders,—a nice of lot of Gowns, Water-proof Oil Coats, and everything else that can be found in a Store of the kind, always to be had at SAMSON'S.

Diamond Tonsor.

JOHN W. TIPTON, *Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser*, can at all times be found prepared to attend to the calls of the people, at the *Temple*, in the Diamond, adjoining the County Building. From long experience, he flatters himself that he can go through all the ramifications of the Tonsorial Department with such an infinite degree of skill, as will meet with the entire satisfaction of all who may submit their chins to the keen ordeal of his razors. He hopes, therefore, that by his attention to business, and a desire to please, he will merit as well as receive, a liberal share of public patronage. The sick will be attended to at their private dwellings.

Gettysburg, Jan. 8, 1855. tf

The Ladies

WILL find it to their advantage to call at Fahnestock Brothers, and see their large and cheap stock of Silks, Challis, Lawns, Ducals, Tamartines, Delaines, Calicoes, Ginghams, &c., which are selling cheap at

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
Sign of the Red Front.

April 13, 1857.

Stone Ware.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received the largest and best lot of STONE WARE ever offered in the county, consisting of Jars, Jugs, Pitchers, Cream Pots, Apple Butter Pots, Preserve Jars, Milk Pans, Tomatoe Bottles, Spittoons, &c., to which they invite the attention of the public. Call and examine at the sign of the RED FRONT.

July 20, 1857.

Still Another Arrival of NEW GOODS,

AT JACOBS & BRO'S, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where greater bargains than ever can be secured. "Quick sales and small profits"—always better for seller and buyer—is the motto they *practice* as well as preach. Give them a call for anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you won't regret it.

Gettysburg, July 13, 1857.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it, call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

SAPONIFIER or CONCENTRATED LYE for making Soap—to be had at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—Encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

ISAAC LIGHTNER.

Mountjoy tp., April 6, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

FELLOW-CITIZENS of Adams county:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the October election, (subject to the Democratic nomination.) If I should be so lucky as to be nominated and be elected, I shall pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with sobriety and fidelity.

SAMUEL SPANGLER.

Mountpleasant tp., April 20, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the voters of Adams county:—Fellow Citizens:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the next election, subject to the decision of the American Republican Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will endeavor to discharge the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the people. Respectfully yours, &c.,

J. BARRETT.

Gettysburg, Aug. 24, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams County:—The undersigned offers himself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Should he be nominated and elected, he pledges his best efforts to the discharge of the duties of the office.

JAMES A. THOMPSON.

Gettysburg, Aug. 17, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams county: Encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, (subject to the American Republican County Convention.) Should I be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

ISAAC LEEPER.

Cumberland twp., April 13, 1857.

PROTHONOTARY.

WE are authorized to announce that Dr. C. E. GOLDSBOROUGH, of Huntersetown, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention—at the ensuing election.

June 15, 1857.

PROTHONOTARY.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—The undersigned, at the solicitation of numerous friends, offers himself as a candidate for PROTHONOTARY, at the October election—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

JACOB BUSHEY.

East Berlin, August 24, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams County,—Fellow citizens: Being encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder at the next election, (subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.) And should I receive the nomination and be elected, I shall duly appreciate your confidence, and promise to discharge the duties of the office promptly and with fidelity.

Your obedient servant.

ZACHARIAH MYERS.

Tyrone tp., April 27, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Register & Recorder, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

WM. OVERDEER.

Bendersville, June 8, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Independent Voters of Adams co.—Fellow Citizens:—The undersigned offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder of Adams county, (subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention,) and respectfully solicits your support and suffrages. Should I be nominated and elected, my endeavours shall be to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JOHN L. GUBERNATOR.

Conowago tp., April 27, 1857.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

TO the voters of Adams county:—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER AND RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the office.

ALEXANDER COBEAN.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—Fellow-Citizens:—Encouraged by the solicitations of numerous friends, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Should I be honored with your confidence and elected, I pledge my best efforts to a faithful and impartial administration of the duties of the office. DAVID McCREARY.

Gettysburg, July 6, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to receive the nomination and be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability. HENRY G. WOLF.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO THE VOTERS OF ADAMS COUNTY.—The undersigned, at the solicitations of numerous friends, offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, the people may rely upon a faithful discharge of duty on my part.

GEORGE BUSHMAN.

Cumberland twp., June 29, 1857.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—I offer myself as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts. Should I be nominated and elected I pledge myself to a prompt and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

WILLIAM YOUNG.

Mountjoy twp., Aug. 3, 1857.

EIGHT-DAY, Thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks and Time-pieces, Watches, and a fine lot of Jewelry, at SAMSON'S.

BOOTS AND SHOES made to order, of the best material, and by good workmen.—Call at *Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.*

SILVER.—A fine lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, as low as city prices, now to be had at SCHICK'S. Call soon, as they sell rapidly.

A LARGE lot of SUMMER CLOTHING, selling at very small profits at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

LADIES Gaiters, Buskins, and Sandles for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

2,000 PIECES OF WALL PAPER just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

GOOD AND CHEAP!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*

With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

☞ Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!

JACOB TROXEL.

June 15, 1857.

Attention, One and All!

NOW IS THE TIME

To Have Your Picture Taken.

SAMUEL WEAVER having provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT DAGUERREAN ROOM at his residence in West Middle street, opposite Prof. Jacobs, one square West of Baltimore street, where he is now prepared to furnish

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction. His long experience and superior apparatus give him advantages seldom furnished by Daguerrean establishments out of the city. He has a large number of specimens at his Gallery, in Chambersburg street, where he will continue as heretofore, which the public are requested to call and examine.

☞ Charges from 50 cents to $10. Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets, Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞ Children will not be taken for less than $1 00.

☞ AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

July 20, 1856. tf

Bringman & Aughinbaugh,

STILL AHEAD!

WE are just receiving a *new* lot of Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes—of the very latest Spring styles, and intend selling at small profits. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, Paxton's old stand, Chambersburg street. March 23.

Hanover R. Railroad.

TRAINS over the Hanover Branch Railroad now run as follows:

First Train leaves Hanover at 9 A. M. with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia. This Train also connects with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 12 M.

Second Train leaves at 2.15 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore and intermediate places, and returns with passengers from York, &c.

Aug. 3. J. LEIB, Agent.

Removed to Hanover.

FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables a e commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK, on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. [April 27, 1857.

Wm. B. M'Clellan,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office.

Gettysburg, August 22, 1853.

D. M'Conaughy,

Attorney at Law,

(Office removed to one door West of Buehler's Drug & Book-store, Chambersburg street.)

Attorney & Solicitor for Patents and Pensions,

BOUNTY Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other Western States.

☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, 1853.

Edw. B. Buehler,

Attorney at Law,

WILL faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite Grammer's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES: Dr. D. Gilbert, Dr. C. N. Berluchy, Dr. D. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. William M. Reynolds, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stoever.

Gettysburg, April 11, 1853. tf

REMOVAL.

Alex. Frazer, Watch and Clock-maker,

HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hoke's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

QUEENS-WARE, Cedar-ware and endless variety of Household articles, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

QUEENSWARE, China, Glass and Stoneware—a large assortment and selling cheap, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

A FACT.—MONEY SAVED by buying your Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at *Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.*

MEN'S and Boys' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, and at all prices, as cheap as the cheapest, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

MUSIC.—Violins, Flutes, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicans,—in short, from a Seraphina down to a Jew's Harp—now on hand and for sale at SAMSON'S.

MEN'S and Boys' SUMMER HATS of all kinds, to wit:—Straw, Chip, Braid, Panama, Otter Skin, Fur and Wool at all prices, according to quality, at

May 18. COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

MISSES' and Children's Flats of all kinds and at very low prices at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

FRUITS and Confections, nice and fresh, just from the city, to be had at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

LADIES' LIGHT KID BOOTS.—A fine assortment of Kid Boots both for Ladies and Misses, just received and for sale by

July 20. 1t WM. BOYER.

WALKING CANES, for gentlemen, of various kinds, just received by *Bringman & Aughinbaugh.*

CANDLES AT 16 CENTS.—A first rate article of Mould Candles can be had, at 16 cents per pound, at NORBECK'S, Kerr's old corner.

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

New Hardware Store.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a Hardware Store, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always intend to offer to the public a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Groceries, CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS, SPRINGS, AXLES, SADDLERY, Cedar-ware, Shoe Findings, Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoe-makers, Saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

JUST FROM THE CITY,

With a Larger Stock than Ever!

JACOB NORBECK has just received from the city a large stock of GROCERIES, FISH, &c.,—the largest he has yet offered to the public, and which he is now opening, at his new location, *Kerr's Corner*, on Baltimore street. Give him a call! You will find his Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Teas, and everything else, the best and the cheapest to be had in town—he having bought at low rates, and being determined to sell fast at small profits. Recollect, Kerr's old corner, Baltimore and High Streets.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1857.

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'

Savings Institution of Adams Co.

THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum. For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

President,
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,

John Brough,	John Horner,
Samuel Durboraw,	George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman,	Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary,	D. McConaughy,
William Culp,	John Mickley,
Robert Horner,	John Throne.

April 6, 1857.

REMOVAL.

AND NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair making business, in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of various descriptions, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Stands, and every other article in their line—ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS.

COFFINS made at short notice, and in the various styles.

House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.

Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.

☞ Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.

NORBECK & REILLEY.

Gettysburg, Feb. 23, 1857. 1y

Health or Sickness?

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

Holloway's Pills.—The blood furnishes the material of every bone, muscle, gland and fibre in the human frame. When pure, it secures health to every organ; when corrupt, it necessarily produces disease. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate directly upon the elements of the stream of life, neutralizing the principle of disease, and thus radically curing the malady, whether located in the nerves, the stomach, the liver, the bowels, the muscles, the skin, the brain, or any other part of the system.

Used Throughout the World!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race, and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

Alarming Disorders.

Dyspepsia, and derangement of the liver, the source of infirmity and suffering, and the cause of innumerable deaths, yield to these curatives in all cases, however aggravated, acting as a mild purgative, alterative and tonic; they relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution at the same time.

General Weakness—Nervous Complaints.

When all stimulants fail, the renovating and bracing properties of these Pills give firmness to the shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim of general debility.

In cases of the fracture of bones, injuries caused by steam explosions, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Rheumatism, Stiffness of the Joints, and contraction of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvelous remedy has been introduced by its inventor in person into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

Undeniable Testimony.

The Medical Staff of the French and English Armies in the Crimea have officially signed their approval of Holloway's Ointment, as the most reliable dressing for sabre cuts, stabs, and gun-wounds. It is also used by the surgeons of the Allied Navies.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions	Rheumatism	Sore Throats
Burns	Ringworm	Sores of all kinds
Chapped Hands	Salt Rheum	Sprains
Chilblains	Scalds	Stiff Joints
Fistula	Skin Diseases	Tetter
Gout	Swelled Glands	Ulcers
Lumbago	Sore Legs	Venereal Sores
Mercurial Eruptions	Sore Breasts	Wounds of all kinds
Piles	Sore Heads	

**Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in pots, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

☞ Caution!—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a *water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sept. 1, 1856. eow1y

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

FOR anything in the Flour, Grocery and Provision line, call at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.

TWO DAILY LINES

TO HANOVER.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.—The undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

☞ Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

☞ The undersigned has also effected arrangements by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for Funerals and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.

Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.

Stauffer & Harley.

Cheap Watches and Jewelry,

WHOLESALE and Retail, at the Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store, No. 96 North Second street, corner of Quarry, Philadelphia.

Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 carat cases, $28 00; Gold Lepines, 18 carat, $24 00; Silver Levers, full jeweled, $12 00; Silver Lepines, jewels, $9 00; superior Quartiers, $7 00; Gold Spectacles, $7 00; fine Silver do. $1 50; Gold Bracelets, $3 00; Ladies' Gold Pencils, $1 00; Silver Tea Spoons, set, $5 00; Gold Pens, with pencil and silver holder, $1 00.

Gold Finger Rings, 37½ cents to $80; Watch Glasses, plain, 12½ cents; patent 18¾; Lunet 25; other articles in proportion. All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

STAUFFER & HARLEY.

On hand, some gold and silver Levers and Lepines, still lower than the above prices.

Oct. 20, 1856. 1y

Tailoring.

Removed a Few Doors South of the Old Stand.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the *TAILORING BUSINESS*, near his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞ *The New York Spring and Summer Fashions* are received. Call and see them.

Gettysburg, April 9, 1855.

10 Per Cent. Interest.

A NEW SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—IF you want to invest your money with a certain return of good interest, and at the same time furnish to your families that which will be profitable and useful—buy all your Goods at Fahnestocks' Cheap Store. They have received, and are constantly adding every thing new and desirable to their stock.

April 27, 1857. tf

New Millinery.

MISS LOUISA KATE LITTLE wishes to inform the Ladies of town and country, that she is now prepared to execute Millinery in all its branches, in West Middle street, a few doors below Mr. George Little's store.—Work done cheaper than elsewhere in town. Please call and see.

April 21, 1856.

Bounty Land Claims.

THE undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of claims for Bounty Lands under the late act of Congress. Those who have already received 40 or 80 acres, can now receive the balance, by calling on the subscriber and making the necessary application.

JOEL B. DANNER.

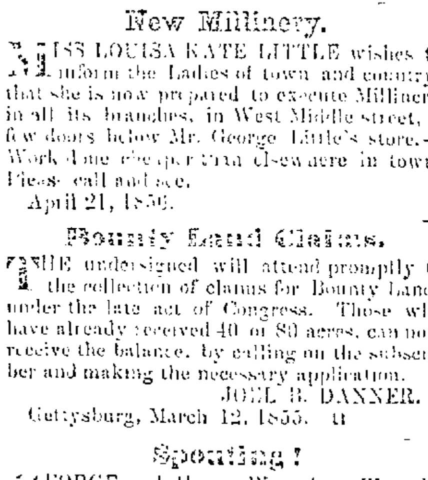
Gettysburg, March 12, 1855. tf

Spouting!

GEORGE and Henry Wampler will make House Spouting and put up the same low, for cash or country produce. Farmers and all others wishing their houses, barns, &c. spouted, would do well to give them a call.

G. & H. WAMPLER.

April 18, 1853. tf



THE LARGEST

Chair & Furniture Establishment

In Baltimore.

MATHIOT'S GAY ST. WAREROOMS, No. 25 *North Gay street*, near Fayette, where are kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor ARM CHAIRS, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff Carved PARLOR CHAIRS, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

SOFAS, half French Spring Mahogany, and Walnut Parlor CHAIRS, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.

ROCKING CHAIRS—various designs, in Hair, Cloth and Plush.

Stuff Spring LOUNGES—a large assortment always on hand, or any pattern made or covered with any goods to order.

CHAMBER SUITS—in Mahogany or Walnut, complete, from $34 up.

CANE CHAIRS and Rocking do.—the largest assortment ready made in any one house in the United States—from $12 a dozen up.

Bar Room, Office and Dining CHAIRS, in Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, with Cane, Wood or Stuffed Seats—an assortment embracing over 50 dozen.

Wood seat CHAIRS and SETTEES and Rocking Chairs—over 100 dozen.

A. MATHIOT, 25 North Gay Street,
near Fayette street.

May 18, 1857. 1y

PHILADELPHIA

Wood Moulding Mill,

Willow Street, above Twelfth, North Side.

MOULDINGS suitable for Carpenters, Builders, Cabinet and Frame Makers, worked from the best and thoroughly seasoned material, always on hand. Any pattern worked from a drawing.

The subscriber having purchased the entire interest, will continue the business with increased facilities.

Agents wanted in the various towns in this portion of the State, to whom opportunities will be offered for large profits to themselves.

SAMUEL B. HENRY.

July 20, 1857. 3m

300 Doz. Knives and Forks.

HAVING just received of our own importation, from England, a large and extensive assortment of Cutlery, we invite the attention of those in want of any style of Knives and Forks, Carvers, Nut Pics, &c., to come and examine. We will sell at such prices as will defy competition. Also, a large assortment of Table Forks, which will be sold separately. Don't forget to examine the stock at FAHNESTOCKS'.

☞ Country Merchants can be supplied at a small advance. May 18.

GENTLEMEN, do you want to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.? If you do, call at SCHICK'S.

Do You Wish Bargains?

IF SO, GO TO

SCHICK'S CHEAP STORE,

Corner of the Diamond and Baltimore street.

J. L. SCHICK has just returned from Philadelphia with a full and complete assortment of Spring Goods, consisting of Black and Fancy colored Cloths and Cassimeres, of all styles and patterns; also Satinetts, Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men's wear and Satin, Silk, and Marseilles vesting; also, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, and Gloves, at prices to suit the times—which gentlemen wishing a complete outfit, would do very well to examine.

FOR THE LADIES.—Just received a superior assortment of Black Silks, which will be sold low: also, Berege de Laines, Ginghams, Brilliants, Calicoes, Irish Linens, Swiss, Book and Cambric Muslins, Dotted Swiss and Plaid Muslins, Gloves, Ribbons, Collars, Dress Trimmings, &c., &c., which for variety, excellence and cheapness cannot be surpassed in this market.

☞ Recollect, that although there is a great rush at Schick's for bargains, all can be accommodated. No trouble to show Goods, therefore call in, and examine the largest, richest, and cheapest stock you ever laid your eyes on.

Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.

New Goods—New Firm,

AND THE CASH SYSTEM.

GEORGE ARNOLD & CO. have just received from Philadelphia a handsome assortment of Goods, suitable for the season. Our stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

and all Goods in that line, is extensive. Cheap Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeretts, Drap Detate, Linens, Vestings, Drillings, &c., &c. Call and see us. If we cannot please you in a garment ready-made, we have our Tailors constantly cutting out and making up, and can make you a garment upon short notice, and in the very best manner. Our prices cannot be beat.—Give us a call. March 30, '57.

P. S.—I have given Mr. J. C. Guinn an interest expressly for the purpose of settling up my old business. I have now been operating 37 years and have never until now determined to settle up my business generally. Those therefore who are indebted to me, either by Bond, Note or Book account, will please call and pay the same. GEO. ARNOLD.

March 30, 1857. tf

THE PERRY COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE

Insurance Company,

CAPITAL $139 586—effects insurances in any part of the State, against loss by fire; prudently adapts its operations to its resources; affords ample indemnity, and promptly adjusts its losses.

Adams county is represented in the Board of Managers by Hon. MOSES McCLEAN.

WM. McCLEAN, *Agent*,
Office of M. & W. McClean, Gettysburg.

May 25, 1856.

Important Discovery.

CONSUMPTION

And all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are Positively Curable by Inhalation.

WHICH conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent., for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands, suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 *Filbert St.*, (*old No.* 109,) *below* 12*th*,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

July 20, 1857. 1y

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These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prairies and openings.

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The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling—their contiguity to this Road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East and West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found; and present the most favorable opportunity, for persons of industrious habits and small means, to acquire a comfortable independence in a few years.

Chicago is the greatest grain market in the world—and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market, make them much more profitable, at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates,—as the additional cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer, in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.

The Title is Perfect—and when the final payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in Fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.

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The Lands remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of.

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Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.

☞ Office in Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois.

April 20, 1857. 6m

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August 3, 1857. 6m

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